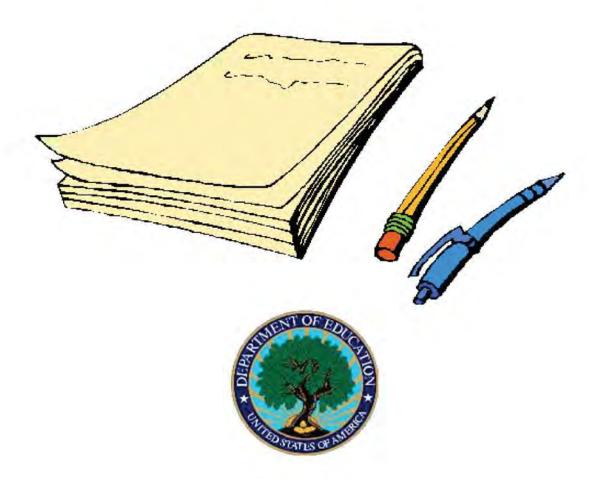
# PCA Procedures Manual: 2009 ED Collections Contract



## **U.S. Department of Education**

Prepared by: Federal Student Aid Operation Services Processing Division

Version 1.4 - Last Updated: March 20, 2013

## Disclaimer

This PCA Procedures Manual is designed to enhance and expound upon contractual requirements as outlined in the RFQ and the Statement of Work. The Manual establishes many of the day-to-day procedures and policies necessary for Private Collection Agencies to collect defaulted federal student loans and grant overpayments under the U. S. Department of Education collections contract.

The Manual does not provide comprehensive guidance of all regulatory and contractual requirements. Nor does the Manual relieve private collection agencies and affiliated contractors of their obligation to comply with all of the statutory and regulatory provisions governing the statement of work. In addition, it does not relieve the above from compliance with all contract requirements and other statutes and guidelines (including specific processing/training manuals) that are applicable to the ED collections contract.

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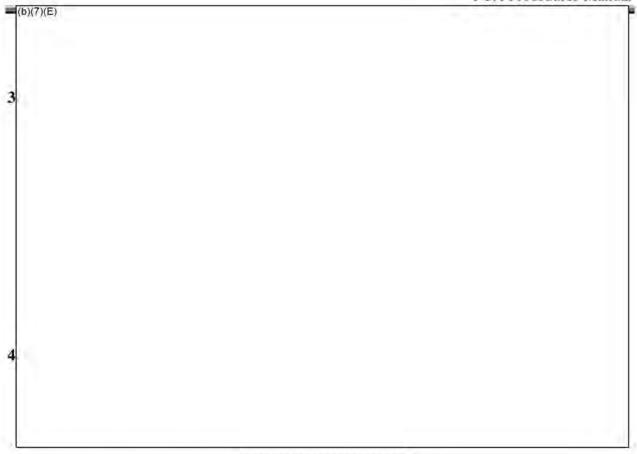
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COMMENTS

## **OVERVIEW**

The U.S. Department of Education's Federal Student Aid programs are the largest source of student aid in America, providing nearly 70% of all student aid. For many, collection of defaulted student loans is one of the final steps in the financial aid process. We collect and service student loans that have been assigned or referred to ED (e.g., Perkins loans, defaulted FFELP loans, defaulted Direct Loans, converted TEACH grants), as well as, Pell, SEOG, ACG and National SMART overpayments.

A critical component in our collection efforts is the Private Collection Agencies (PCAs). Under the 2004 contract, 17 PCAs collectively each year recover billions of dollars in defaulted student loans. The Education collections contract is often seen within the Federal Government, as well as, the collection industry, as a best in business. ED strives to develop the best possible working relationship with the PCAs, while maintaining comprehensive oversight and a dedicated commitment to outstanding customer service.

One of the main areas that enable ED to achieve such high marks within our collection efforts is our Statement of Work, RFQ, PCA Procedures Manual, and AWG Hearings and Employer Compliance Manuals. The following procedures manual has been designed to assist PCAs with day-to-day processing necessary in working with, resolving, and closing borrower accounts.

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## CHAPTER 1: LAW AND REGULATIONS

#### 1. LOAN AND GRANT PROGRAMS

The U.S. Department of Education (ED), Federal Student Aid, Borrower Services, Default Resolution Group, performs collection and administrative resolution activities on debts resulting from non-payment of student loans and grant overpayments made under the various Title IV student aid programs.

#### A. Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program:

#### Stafford Loan Program

The Stafford Loan Program [formerly the Guaranteed Student Loan {GSL} Program] is authorized by Title IV, Part B of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (the HEA) (20 U.S.C. 1071 et seq.). Participating lending institutions using non-Federal funds make these loans. The loans are either guaranteed by state or private non-profit guaranty agencies and reinsured by the Federal Government, or are insured directly by the Federal Government. The guaranty agencies, lenders or subsequent note holders will adhere to the due diligence requirements in making, disbursing, servicing and collecting loans as outlined in the applicable regulations, 34 CFR 682.206-208; 34 CFR 682.411; and 34 CFR 682.507.

## Supplemental Loans for Students

The Supplemental Loans for Students (SLS) are authorized by section 428A of the HEA (20 U.S.C. 1087-1). Under the SLS Program, banks and other financial institutions make loans to independent undergraduate, graduate, and professional students with similar due diligence requirements for all note holders.

#### > FFEL Consolidation Loan Program

The FFEL Consolidation Loan Program is authorized by section 439(o) of the HEA (20 U.S.C. 1087-2(o)). Under the consolidation loan program, eligible lenders make loans to consolidate all of a borrower's education financed student loans, including FFEL, Direct Loan Stafford, PLUS, Perkins, and Health Professions Loans. Once these loans are granted, applicable due diligence is required of all note holders.

#### Parent PLUS Loan Program

The Parent PLUS Loan Program [formerly Parental Loans for Undergraduate Students] is authorized by section 428B of the HEA (20 U.S.C. 1078-2). Under the Parent PLUS

program, banks and other financial institutions make loans to parents of dependent students. Certain regulatory due diligence will be followed by all note holders.

#### Graduate/Professional PLUS Loans

Under the Higher Education Reconciliation Act of 2005 (HERA), graduate or professional students became eligible to borrower under the PLUS Loan Program. The terms and conditions applicable to Parent PLUS Loans are also applicable to Graduate/Professional PLUS Loans. The holder of the note must adhere to all due diligence requirements as provided by applicable regulations.

#### B. William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan Program:

Under the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan Program (Direct Loan), the Secretary makes loans to enable a student or parent to pay the costs of the student's attendance at a postsecondary school.

#### Federal Direct Stafford/Ford Loan Program

The Federal Direct Stafford/Ford Loan Program is authorized by Title IV, Part D of the HEA (20 U.S.C. 1087a et seq.). Loans made under this program are referred to as Direct Subsidized Loans. This program provides loans to undergraduate, graduate, and professional students attending schools participating in the Direct Loan Program. The Secretary subsidizes the interest while the borrower is in an in-school, grace, or deferment period.

#### Federal Direct Unsubsidized Stafford/Ford Loan Program

The Federal Direct Unsubsidized Stafford/Ford Loan Program is authorized by Title IV, Part D of the HEA (20 U.S.C. 1087a et seq.). Loans made under this program are referred to as Direct Unsubsidized Loans. This program provides loans to undergraduate, graduate, and professional students attending schools participating in the Direct Loan Program. The borrower is responsible for the interest that accrues during any period.

#### Federal Direct PLUS Program

The Federal Direct PLUS Program is authorized by Title IV, Part D of the HEA (20 U.S.C. 1087a et seq.) and the HERA. This program provides loans to parents of dependent students and graduate or professional students attending schools that participate in the Direct Loan Program. The borrower is responsible for the interest that accrues during any period.

#### > Federal Direct Consolidation Loan Program

The Federal Direct Consolidation Loan Program is authorized by Title IV, Part D of the HEA (20 U.S.C. 1087a et seq.). This program provides loans to borrowers who consolidate their FFEL, and Direct Loan Stafford and PLUS Loans. Currently, Perkins Loans and Health Professions Loans may only be consolidated into a Direct

Consolidation Loan if at least one FFEL or Direct Loan program loan is included in the consolidation. There are three types of Direct Consolidation Loans:

- <u>Direct Subsidized Consolidation Loans.</u> Subsidized Title IV education loans may be consolidated. Interest is not charged to the borrower during in-school and deferment periods.
- <u>Direct Unsubsidized Consolidation Loans.</u> Certain Federal education loans may be consolidated into a Direct Unsubsidized Consolidation Loan. The borrower is responsible for the interest that accrues during any period.
- <u>Direct Plus Consolidation Loans.</u> Parent Loans for Undergraduate Students, Federal PLUS, Direct PLUS, and Direct Plus Consolidation may be consolidated into a Direct PLUS Consolidation Loan. The borrower is responsible for the interest that accrues during any period.

#### C. Perkins Loan Program:

The Perkins Loan Program [formerly the National Defense/Direct Student Loans {NDSL} Program] is authorized by Title IV, Part E of the HEA (20 U.S.C. section 1087aa et seq.). Under this program, ED assists in the establishment and maintenance of revolving loan funds at institutions of higher education to provide low-interest, long-term loans to help financially needy students pay their educational costs. Students will apply directly to their schools to participate in the Perkins Loan program.

Perkins regulations, 34 CFR Part 674 Subpart C, require schools to exercise due diligence in the collection of Perkins accounts. However, in 1979, because of rising institutional Perkins default rate, ED implemented provisions of the HEA, whereby schools could submit defaulted loans to ED for additional collection activity (20 U.S.C. Section 1087cc (a)).

#### D. Pell Grant Program:

The Pell Grant Program is authorized by section 411 of the HEA (20 U.S.C. section 1070a et seg.). An individual student's award is based upon his/her enrollment status, the cost of attendance at the institution, and his/her Student Aid Index. Using this information and the Pell Grant Payment Schedule for the appropriate year, the financial aid officer at the institution calculates the student award.

When a student receives a grant greater that he/she is entitled to receive, he/she is considered to have received an overpayment. Overpayments may occur through incorrect calculation of an award, through incorrect information reported by a student on his/her financial aid application, a student dropping or withdrawing from class or a student's failure to make satisfactory academic progress. If the overpayment is not caused by an institutional error, the recipient is liable for repayment. In these cases, an institution will submit the debt to ED for collections as outlined in

the Pell Grant regulations, 34 CFR 690.79, whenever the institution encounters difficulty in collecting the overpayment.

#### E. Academic Competitiveness Grant Program:

The Academic Competitiveness Grant (ACG) was created under the Higher Education Reconciliation Act of 2005 for full-time students at degree-granting institutions who are recipients of Federal Pell Grants and are U.S. Citizens. The student must be enrolled in the first or second academic year of his or her program of study and completed a rigorous secondary school program of study. As with the Pell Grant Program, if an overpayment occurs, an institution will submit the debt to ED should the institution encounter difficulties in collecting the overpayment.

#### F. National Science and Mathematics Access to Retain Talent Grant Program (SMART):

The National Science and Mathematics Access to Retain Talent (SMART) Grant was created under the Higher Education Reconciliation Act of 2005 for full-time students enrolled in the third and fourth academic year of his or her program of study at a four-year degree-granting institution. Additionally the student must be majoring in physical, life, or computer science, engineering, mathematics, technology, or a critical foreign language. As with the Pell Grant Program, if an overpayment occurs, an institution will submit the debt to ED should the institution encounter difficulties in collecting the overpayment.

#### G. TEACH Grant:

Effective July 1, 2008, the College Cost Reduction and Access Act (CCRAA) of 2007, established the Teacher Education Assistance for Higher Education (TEACH) Grant Program to provide assistance to students who plan to become teachers and teachers who are obtaining graduate degrees. In exchange for the grant, candidates must agree to serve as a full-time teacher at certain schools and within certain fields for at least four academic years within eight years after completing the course of study for which the candidate received the grant. If the candidate fails or refuses to carry out his or her teaching obligation, the amounts of the TEACH Grants received are treated as an unsubsidized Direct Loan and must be repaid with interest.

If an overpayment occurs, the grant will continue to be treated as a grant and an institution will submit the debt to ED should the institution encounter difficulties in collection the overpayment.

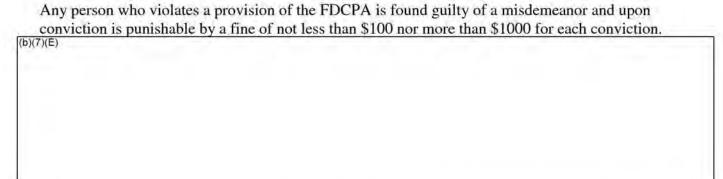
#### H. Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program (SEOG):

The Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (SEOG) program is authorized under section 413A <u>et seq.</u> of the HEA (20 U.S.C. section 1070b <u>et seq.</u>). The program was initially authorized and incorporated into the Higher Education Act by the Education Amendments of 1972 (Public Law 92-318). It superseded the Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program that was

established in 1965 by the Higher Education Act. These grants are provided to undergraduate students with exceptional financial need, with priority given to Pell Grant recipients. As with the Pell Grant Program, whenever an institution encounters difficulty in collecting the overpayment, the institution will submit the debt to ED for collection.

#### 2. FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT

The purpose of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (FDCPA) is to prohibit abusive, deceptive and unfair debt collection practices by debt collectors.



Because the FDCPA does not apply to ED, ED takes the position that it cannot be held liable for any FDCPA violations of its PCAs. In addition, there is a clause in each of ED's task order awards with a PCA that holds ED harmless for the acts of the collection agency.

## 3. FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT

The purpose of the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) is to provide the general public the right to access government data and information. The general public may examine records and documents that the government stores and accumulates within the rules and guidelines set forth by the FOIA.

However, in the disclosure of such information there are nine exemptions. One of these exemptions is for records, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. ED may choose to exercise this exemption. In exercising this exemption, we may look to the motives of the requestor and balance his or her right to know against the privacy rights of the individual to whom the records pertain.

Collectors may not make a disclosure regarding a borrower to a third party or to the general public when requested under the FOIA. People making requests for information under the FOIA should be instructed to put their request in writing and send all requests to:

U.S. Department of Education

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Office of Management 400 Maryland Ave., SW Potomac Center Washington, D.C. 20202-4700 Fax – 202-245-6651

For more specific information, individuals should be directed to ED's website at <a href="www.ed.gov">www.ed.gov</a> and then instructed to click on "FOIA" at the bottom of the page.

In addition, any written FOIA requests received at the PCAs must be forwarded to the above address (b)(7)(E)

#### 4.

#### PRIVACY ACT OF 1974

Authority: 5 U.S.C. Sec.552a, 5 CFR Part 5b

The Privacy Act of 1974 prohibits ED's release of any information contained in ED's loan records except for routine uses of ED's records on that loan, without a signed written authorization from that debtor. Routine uses of student loan records include disclosure to a variety of parties that may have information about, or may assist in enforcing, the student loan obligation. Collection agency employees have access to this information on loans referred to the contractor by ED for collection, but are required to use this information under the same safeguards as ED.

The Privacy Act permits ED to furnish information from the borrower's loan records to the following entities in order to enforce the loan and permit servicing or collection of the loan:

- > Federal, State, or local agencies.
- Private parties such as relatives, present and former employers, business and personal associates.
- Public entities such as guarantee agencies, educational and financial institutions, credit bureaus, collection agencies, and agency contractors.

Before releasing information from ED loan records to an attorney representing a borrower, the borrower must authorize the release of account information.

#### References:

Privacy Act Guide (PCA Collection Website - Library)

## 5. <u>GRAMM-LEACH-BLILEY ACT</u>

In 1999, Congress enacted the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (Public Law 106-102). This Act requires that lenders provide certain information to their customers regarding the collection and use of nonpublic personal information.

In general, the categories of nonpublic personal information collected about student loan borrowers from their applications, educational institutions, and consumer reporting agencies, includes their address and other contact information, demographic background, loan and educational status, family income, social security number, employment information, collection and repayment history, and credit history.

We disclose nonpublic personal information to third parties only as necessary to service their loan and as permitted by the Privacy Act of 1974. We do not sell or otherwise make available any information about student loan borrowers to any third parties for marketing purposes.

We protect the security and confidentiality of nonpublic personal information through physical safeguards, security systems and trained personnel.

CREDIT BUREAU REPORTING

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The Department transmits loan information electronically to national credit reporting agencies on a monthly basis. The credit reporting agency typically uses this information to update its records, and therefore includes the updated record in reports it issues. A loan that has been paid

in full or settled in full is reported by most credit bureaus as a "paid collection account." A loan that is paid off by a Consolidation Loan will also be reported by most credit bureaus as a "paid collection account." Collectors must not state or imply to borrowers that the default information reported by the original lender (e.g., the bank that made the FFEL) or by the guaranty agency or Department will be deleted or expunged before the applicable 7-year period has run.. Adverse information (default status) reported by a guarantor or the Department will be expunged earlier only if the loans has been rehabilitated. Adverse information reported by the original lender will not be expunged or excluded from credit reports before the 7-year period that runs from the lender's report of that default, even if the loan is rehabilitated.

ED will not remove an account from credit bureau reporting unless Education reported the loan as in default in error, or the loan is rehabilitated. After a loan is rehabilitated, ED (b)(7)(E) credit bureaus to expunge any adverse information ED had reported on that loan. (b)(7)(E)

(b)(7)(E)

Borrowers who

nave a disagreement with the information that is snown on their credit report should file a dispute with the credit reporting agency that is showing the incorrect information. If necessary, the credit reporting agency will contact ED for updated information (currently being handled by Vangent - Customer Center).

#### PCAs and Credit Bureau Reports

Whether the PCA can obtain a credit report is governed by the Fair Credit Reporting Act, not HEA or ED regulations. (b)(7)(E)

(b)(7)(E)

In addition, a Credit Bureau may contact a PCA that has made an "inquiry" regarding that query. Debtors will often request Credit Bureaus to remove the notation of a PCA inquiry from their credit record because they do not recognize the company name and/or do not believe that the PCA has the right to review their credit history. A PCA that is contacted by a Credit Bureau regarding the PCA's inquiry should respond directly to the Credit Bureaus and provide to the Credit Bureau any information needed to obtain information from the Bureau, and, if necessary, to explain its role and to support the validity of its inquiry. .

#### References:

- HEA:section 430A (for FISLs, GSLs and other GSLP loans, and for Direct Loans) (20 U.S.C. §§ 1080a, 1087e) and section 463 (for NDSLs) (20 U.S.C.
- DMSC Manual: Collection Users Manual, Appendix E Credit Bureau Status Codes (Collection Website - Library)

## 7. COLLECTION COSTS Section 484A(b)(1) of the HEA, 20 U.S.C.1091a(b)(1), provides in pertinent part, "Notwithstanding any provision of State law to the contrary ... a borrower who has defaulted on a loan ... will be required to pay...reasonable collection costs." This provision enacted in section 16033 of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), Pub. L. 99-272, Apr. 7, 1986, applies with respect to all loans, whenever made. Promissory notes for many student loans contain terms obligating the borrower to pay collection costs as well. Collection contractors charge ED a contingent fee for any payments made by the borrower on a loan placed by ED with that contractor. To the extent allowed, ED passes that cost on to the borrower<sup>2</sup>. Because ED applies borrower payments first to defray collection costs, the outstanding balance owed on the loans it holds consists almost exclusively of unpaid principal and accrued interest (7) Some borrowers, after paying an amount equal to their initial outstanding principal and interest, mistakenly contend that their debts are satisfied. Although ED demand letters explain how payments are credited first to costs, these borrowers either misunderstand or dispute ED's authority to do so. As a practical matter, the amounts owed on loans referred to U.S. Attorney's Offices for collection consist almost entirely of unpaid principal and accrued interest; this dispute may present itself on these referred loans by way of an argument that ED had no authority to apply the payments to costs, and that the amount already paid by the borrower should have reduced or satisfied the debt referred for litigation. Promissory notes for many student loans contain terms obligating the borrower to pay collection costs. Currently collection cost on an account assigned to a PCA is (b)(7)(E) The percentage taken out of each regular payment is (b)(7)(E) Example: a (b)(7)(E) will reflect a collection cost of The ED System will show projected collection agency fees on the total balance of the account if the account is assigned to a PCA. Fees are actually only earned and charged to borrower if horrower makes navments on the account (b)(7)(E) Some late fees may have been charged by the prior holders, and if so, are included in the balance if not already <sup>2</sup> ED has used this authority to pass collection costs on to borrowers only after 1986, and only those costs incurred after the change in law.

, P.L. 102-26 eliminates any lect student loans made or
, P.L. 102-26 eliminates any
a lawsuit may be commenced, e Federal government to f limitation that might plies to actions by institutions
ty is the claim that prior forceable under the law. Both ments and the case law wexpressly provide that this those loans were made, of the prior version of § 484A. noving November 6, 1992
1

9.	RESTORING TITLE IV ELIGIBILITY
A. Federal Stud	dent Loan Programs
student assistanc borrower must e voluntary payme	is in default on a loan held by ED is ineligible to qualify for additional Title IV the due to the default status. For the borrower with loans to regain eligibility the enter into an agreed upon payment arranger (b) and make six consecutive, full, ents on time. On time is defined as within (E) ays of the established due date.
appropriate payr	tain Title IV eligibility once restored, the borrower must continue to make the ments under the agreed upon payment arrangement. For more information about ent arrangements please see Chapter 6.
timely payment. payments under	ill become eligible for additional Title IV financial aid after the sixth consecutive. The borrower should be warned that if he or she does not continue to make "the repayment schedule in effect" (which may be modified from time to time as accome and expenses may change), the borrower will loose their Title IV
	le IV Reinstatement letters should be submitted to Vangent via an online IMF. ation about this process, please see Chapter 5.
B. Grant Overp	avments
entering into an receive additiona	igible program overpayments (POVRs) only may regain eligibility simply by acceptable repayment agreement. This means that the student is eligible to all Title IV funds even BEFORE making their first payment. Eligible POVR lebts where the funds were disbursed on or after July 1, 2000.
	ly restriction is not applicable to grant overpayments.

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References: 20 U.S.C. Sec.1091(p)(3); 20 U.S.C. Sec.1078-6(b); 34 CFR 668.35(a), (c)

## CHAPTER 2: GENERAL COLLECTION ACTIVITIES (WORKING BORROWER ACCOUNTS)

When agencies receive and begin working borrower accounts, there is some basic information that pertains to all accounts, as well as, specific information germane to certain types of accounts. The following information provides general account guidance.

1.	DOCUMENTATION OF COLLECTION ACTIVITY
The PCA	will immediately record, on its own computer system, all collection activity occurring
	\Industry standard abbreviations can be used./
	(b)(7)(E)
must upo changes and telep	om their own systems, the PCAs must also document the DMCS as required. PCAs late the DMCS with borrower's name, address, home and work telephone number and information regarding the borrower's employment, i.e., employer's name, address shone number. In addition, PCAs are required to document the DMCS with specific notations as required by different work activities
A. DMC	(b)(7)(E)
(b)(	(borrower demographics)
	Borrower Name  Typically, PCAs will request name changes through an IMF; however, PCAs may change FEMALE borrower names, if only the <u>last</u> name is changing (i.e. marriage, divorce, etc.)  Must document (b)(7)(E) referencing the name change due to marriage, new TOP posting, etc.
o	Borrower Address  Should be the same on the PCA System and the DMCS  (b)(7)(E)
	27

	Encurse ED evetem letters and DCA letters are being cent to the
	(b)(7)(E)
0	Employer work numbers
	<ul> <li>Must be transferred as part of the employer location information listed in the</li> </ul>
	reference section (b)(7)(E)
	■ (b)(7)(E)
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
0	Employer Address
_	■ Employer address references((b)(7)(E) refer to the current
	employment location information for the borrower (physical location where
	the borrower works)
	Includes company name_address and phone number     (b)(7)(E)
	(b)(7)(E)
0	Employer address and AWG
O	Employer address and AWG  [(b)(7)(E)
	5 N
)(E)	<u></u>
(C)	
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(Letter History	v)
)(E)	letter history is stored for the account. The history
te a letter is sent, the letter cod ter was sent. (b)(7)(E)	ter generated letters sent on the account. The history shows the letter sent, and a portion of the address to which the

#### References:

- > SOW 2.6, 3.2 A
- ➤ DMCS User Manuals (Available from the COR)

## 2. <u>CELL PHONE USAGE</u>

Use of cell phones (personal or business) by regular collection staff is prohibited. A limited number of higher-level managers (not to exceed three) are allowed to use cell phones to contact borrowers or third parties under special or unusual circumstances. ED expects the use of cell phones within the ED collections contract to be rare occurrences. A list of authorized managers must be forwarded prior to any cell phone use to the COR and Assistant COR for approval. All calls must be properly documented in the PCA's system. Documentation must contain normal collection call data including:

- Cell phone number
- Date and Time of Call
- Manager who made call
- Complete Call Summary

PCAs must be able to distinguish and track all cell phone calls for review and/or reporting purposes.

The PCA must ensure cell phones are used according to all applicable federal, state & local laws regarding debt collection communications

	Reference: SOW 3.2 A	
b)(7)(E)		

2.	FEDERAL EMPLOYEES
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	THE decour
ot currently in re	payment, ED retains the right to recall the account from the PCA.
	epayment, ED retains the right to recall the account from the PCA.
	payment, ED retains the right to recall the account from the PCA.
	epayment, ED retains the right to recall the account from the PCA.
The PCA is require 7)(E)	epayment, ED retains the right to recall the account from the PCA.
The PCA is require (7)(E)  If a PCA chooses of an inability to compare (1)	red to service FED accounts as they would regular accounts.  (b)(7)(E)  to return a FED account (after any required time frames have elapsed) because
f a PCA chooses of an inability to co.  A co-maker is a problection efforts	red to service FED accounts as they would regular accounts.  (b)(7)(E)  to return a FED account (after any required time frames have elapsed) because collect on it, the account should be returned as "INA."
f a PCA chooses of an inability to c	red to service FED accounts as they would regular accounts.  (b)(7)(E)  to return a FED account (after any required time frames have elapsed) because collect on it, the account should be returned as "INA."  CO-MAKER ACCOUNTS  erson who co-signs for another person's student loan. ED will have initiated
f a PCA chooses of an inability to co.  A co-maker is a proceder of the process o	red to service FED accounts as they would regular accounts.  (b)(7)(E)  to return a FED account (after any required time frames have elapsed) because collect on it, the account should be returned as "INA."  CO-MAKER ACCOUNTS  erson who co-signs for another person's student loan. ED will have initiated
f a PCA chooses of an inability to co-maker is a processor.	red to service FED accounts as they would regular accounts.  (b)(7)(E)  to return a FED account (after any required time frames have elapsed) because collect on it, the account should be returned as "INA."  CO-MAKER ACCOUNTS  erson who co-signs for another person's student loan. ED will have initiated

31

	(b)(7)(E)	Je .
	(5)(1-1)	
	If the PCA	has information
oncerning an admi ubmitted to the At	inistrative resolution to a co-maker account, documen lanta Regional Office via an Internal Mail Form (IMF	tation should be
?)(E)		

(b)(7)(E)		
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## CHAPTER 3: CORRESPONDENCE & BORROWER COMPLAINTS

Due to the high volume of accounts, various account resolutions and payment programs and the emotional nature of collections, ED collection accounts produce a lot of different kinds of correspondence, as well as, borrower complaints against PCAs. Both correspondence and borrower complaints must be handled timely and appropriately to ensure that proper account resolution occurs with the best possible customer service.

## 1. CORRESPONDENCE

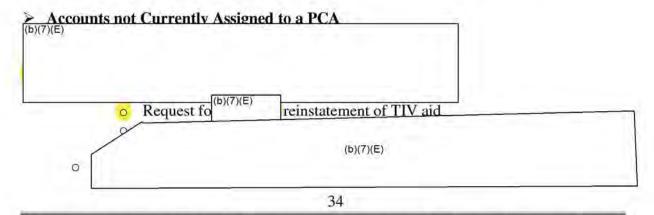
Correspondence must be retained in the administrative office. Correspondence includes any documentation related to a borrower's account. Documents may include, but are not limited to, complaints, checks, death certificates, faxes, emails, etc.

PCAs must have the ability to image, electronically store and produce viable copies of all incoming correspondence and, if requested by ED, send secure imaged documents electronically. If maintained in hardcopy form, documents must be secured under lock and key.

#### A. Handling Correspondence

Upon receipt of any correspondence, the PCA will immediately date-stamp all correspondence. In most instances, date-stamps should appear on the actual document. In cases where it is deemed not appropriate to date-stamp the actual document (i.e. misdirected payment), date stamping a cover letter or copy of the actual document is acceptable.

The PCA will process and/or forward a response within calendar days of receipt. In addition, the PCA must document on their system all applicable information related to the correspondence, including any actions taken.



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	from the U.S Congression			the White
iouse must be sent	by overnight service with (b)(7)(E)	in 24 nours of receip	ot 10:	
	N=N/ N=/			
Submissions 3	should be sent "separately	" with a cover letter	/sheet indicating pos	sible
14173/11/34/35/11/3		nal documentation.		
or correctiondence	cent to Vangent PCAs of	ould manitar DMC	S for notation Recno	ncer may
/ ((L)				
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(b)(7)(E)		

#### C. Maintaining Documents

P Other Consistive Inquisies

Unless otherwise stated in the Task Order, under the FSA Scheduling Contract or specifically instructed by ED, agencies must retain account information for the life of the contract.

#### D. Correspondence Report

On a monthly basis, the PCA must provide an electronic correspondence report listing all correspondence received for the previous month to the COR, Assistant COR and ED Monitor by the 15<sup>th</sup> of the following month. See Chapter 17 for more information.

#### E. Atlanta Regional Office Mailbox

The Atlanta Regional Office has created an email mailbox to receive certain types of correspondence or requests. The mailbox email address is (b)(7)(E)

PCA correspondence directed to this mailbox includes:

- Requests for ED to fax W32 letters (stop AWG letters to employers)
- Congressional phone inquiries received at the PCA
  - o Information to be sent in includes:
    - Borrower name
    - Debt ID
    - Name and Title of caller
    - Caller's phone number
    - Congressional Office involved
    - Name and phone number of PCA employee receiving the call
    - Date and time of the call

36

• Brief call summary

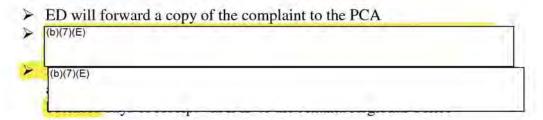
Reference: SOW 2.8, 5.2(d)

### 2. COMPLAINTS AGAINST THE PCA

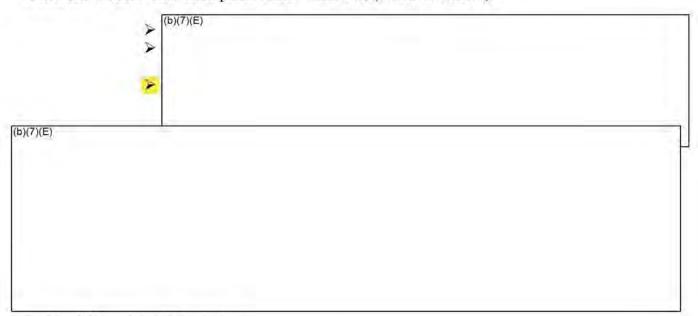
The PCA will ensure that all attempts to collect on accounts are fair and reasonable, and do not involve harassment, intimidation, or false or misleading representation. Unnecessary communication concerning the existence of any such debt information will not be given to persons other than the borrower or the borrower's attorney. Requests for information from third parties must be supported by borrower authorization.

#### A. Receiving Complaints

When ED receives a complaint from a borrower:



When the PCA receives a complaint from a borrower, (verbal or written):



### B. Final Complaint Submissions

	PCA Procedures Manual
7)(E)	
(b)(7)(E)	PCAs may
fully capture all the details of the com	replaint Form or may use a separate summary response to
(b)(7)(E)	грани.
N-A-A	
C. Complaint Protocol	
(b)(7)(E)	

Note: ED reserves the right to request from the PCA a copy of any applicable recorded conversations on a borrower account if available.

### D. Complaint Tracking System

ED maintains a complaint tracking system of all verbal and written complaints. Complaints are tracked by the following:

- ➢ Borrower Account
- Agency Name
- > Receipt date and resolution date
- Individual Collector Name
- Nature of Complaint

Complaints are analyzed for recurring complaint issues, multiple complaints a	gainst individual
nersonnel and repeated violations of Customer Service issues or the FDCPA.	(D)(7)(E)

If ED receives one or more complaints against a specific collector of a type or violation that is of a concern to ED, ED may remove the collector from working the ED Task Order.

Reference: SOW 2,4

3. APPENDIX

A. PCA Complaint Form

# PCA COMPLAINT FORM

AGY#: Date compla	int received:	
Complaint written or verbal:	Date of response:	
Respondent's name/phone #/email	address:	
Borrower's Name:	SSN/Debt ID:	
Borrower's phone number (if not Y	ET updated on L103):	
PCA employee(s) named OR respo	nsible for complaint:	
TYDE OF COMPLAINT:		
(D)(1)(E)		
LIST BORROWER'S COMPLAIN	NT ISSUES	
¥	***************************************	
¥		
¥ <u></u>		
PCA RESPONSE		
PCA RESOLUTION/ PREVENTI	VE MEASURES	
<b>√</b>		
		_
(b)(7)(E)		_
	41	

Distribution authorized to the Department of Education and its Private Collection Agency contractors only. Other requests shall be referred to the Federal Student Aid Acquisitions Group.

Revised April 2009

## Chapter 4: PCA LETTERS (AND FORMS)

This chapter will discuss the PCA letter approval process (sending letters out under the PCA letterhead for Education accounts) and proper letter usage.

In addition, starting with Section 2, this Chapter provides standard letters or partial text for inclusion in some PCA letters. Currently, ED provides text for letters related to rehabilitation, consolidation, repayment agreements, certain Administrative Wage Garnishment letters, financial statements, misdirected payments, compromises, and agreements for recurring credit card payments.

#### References:

- ➤ SOW 2.5 Collection Letters and Forms
- Coupon Specifications
- Letter Code Table
- FEFT Mailed Letters File and Returned Letters File

### 1. <u>LETTER APPROVAL AND USAGE</u>

Key points regarding PCA letter approval and usage include:

- ➤ PCAs must obtain ED's approval of all collection letters (and forms) used by the PCA, and/or generated from the PCA's own computer system, prior to usage.
- Any letter requesting repayment must be generated with a coupon, and the PCA's coupon must have passed ED coupon testing prior to use.
- ED will issue standard language for select contractor letters (located at end of Chapter).
- PCA attorneys must approve all contractor letters/forms (and any changes) prior to submission to ED and proof of acceptance by the Contractor legal counsel must be provided to ED along with the letter submission.
- Each PCA will be issued a set of letter codes, which will be used on the DMCS to identify letters sent by the PCA.
  - PCAs will transmit to the ED computer contractor weekly files of letters sent and any return mail so that the ED letter history is updated.

### A. Contract Start-Up

The PCA must s	hmit their letters to ED for approval as soon as possible after contract award
(b)(7)(E)	from Task Order award. Each PCA will be assigned designated ED
staff who will re	view their letters.

PCA letter packages should include the text of the letters to be used, and any disclaimers that are to be printed on the letters.

Contractor letters must be submitted in the following format:

- In Word and be editable (no PDF or password protected letters)
- Font Size no smaller than 12
- Via email to the designated ED letter contact(s)
- > PCA should identify each letter with an ED letter code
- Each submission of letters to ED for review must be accompanied by proof of acceptance by the Contractor's attorney.
  - Acceptance may be a letter, email or memo.

ED staff will review the PCA's letter(s) and forward to ED's Office of General Counsel for final review and approval. ED will notify the PCA by email when the letters are approved, or if any revisions are necessary.

the PCA will provide to ED an electronic copy of their letter index and an electronic copy of the production version of all approved letters. (The format for the letter index is provided in the references below.) The copies should be provided to the ED letter contact, the COR, and the Assistant COR.

### B. Revisions to Approved Letters, and New letters

It is expected that new letters and changes to existing letters will be necessary over time. If revising an existing letter, the PCA must provide to their ED letter contact an electronic copy of the approved letter, and an editable Word version of the proposed letter. The language being changed should be highlighted in the proposed letter. Any new letter(s) proposed by the Contractor should also be submitted to the ED letter contact in an editable version of Word.

ED may also require that the PCA to modify previously approved letter(s).	The Contractor
must have all changes/corrections made and submitted to the ED letter conta	act for review and
approval (b)(7)(E)	
(b)(7)(E)	

In both cases, the PCA must submit proof of acceptance by the Contractor's attorney. When approved, the contractor shall update their letter index and provide ED electronic copies of the index and production letter(s) The copies should be provided to the ED letter contact, the COR, the Assistant COR and the designated Monitor.

### C. Letter Vendor Changes

If a PCA changes letter vendors after initial coupon testing, the contractor must contact the Assistant COR to arrange retesting of coupon letters.

## 2. <u>REHABILITATION LETTERS</u>

The standard rehabilitation agreement letter must include the following language:

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(b)(7)(E)			

### 3. <u>CONSOLIDATION LETTERS</u>

#### A. Consolidation Responsibilities Letter

The following language must be included in the Consolidation Responsibilities letter:

We have recently discussed the possibility of consolidating your loans. Consolidation is a good program for many borrowers and offers a number of benefits. However, it is not the best choice for everyone. Before you use this option, please understand the following, especially if you believe that you are disabled or are contemplating filing bankruptcy.

Borrowers who cannot work and earn money as a result of an injury or illness that is expected to continue indefinitely may qualify for a discharge of their student debt if certified by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy. If you think you may qualify for a disability discharge, you should apply for a disability cancellation now, and you should not pursue taking out a consolidation loan until the Department of Education rules on your application.

Borrowers may also be able to have their loans discharged in bankruptcy. However, the consolidation loan is a new loan; depending on the age of your current outstanding debt(s), bankruptcy law may make it more difficult to obtain a discharge of the consolidation loan than of your current debts.

It is important to understand that by signing the promissory note for a consolidation loan, you are affirming that you owe and intend to repay the consolidation loan, regardless of any objections you have to repaying the student debts you now owe that may be paid off by the consolidation loan. With limited exceptions for borrowers who attended closed schools, or whose eligibility was falsely represented by the school, your obligation to repay the consolidation loan will not be affected by any objections you have to repaying the loans you intend to consolidate.

You should also understand that your new loan will have a larger principal balance than the combined principal balance of the loans paid off by that consolidation loan. All principal and interest of the loans being paid off, as well as collection fees totaling 11.1% of the current

outstanding principal and interest, will become the principal balance of your new consolidation loan. As a result, interest will accrue on a higher principal balance.

The interest rate on your direct consolidation loan will be the lesser of:

The weighted average of the interest rates on the loans being consolidated (as of the date we
receive your application), rounded to the nearest higher one-eighth of one percent.

Or

8.25%

The interest rate on a direct consolidation loan is a fixed rate. This means that the rate will remain the same throughout the life of the loan.

### B. Waiver of Consolidation

The following	ig language m	ust be included	in the Waiver of	Consolidation	on:	
()(E)						

### 4. REPAYMENT AGREEMENT LETTERS

#### A. Regular (non-AWG) Repayment Agreement Letters

Standard repayment agreement letters must indicate that the repayment agreement is temporary and subject to periodic re-evaluation. The following is language to be inserted into PCA repayment agreement letters:

"This letter confirms the repayment agreement on your defaulted account with the U.S. Department of Education. Your initial payment of <down payment> is due immediately, followed by regular monthly payments of <monthly payment amount>. This agreement applies for the next 6 months. After 6 months you may be required to provide current financial information. Based upon this information your monthly payment amount may change."

#### B. Regular (non-AWG) Repayment Agreement Letters with Credit Card Authorization

For those repayment agreements where the borrower has given authorization to use a credit/debit card for multiple payments, PCAs may insert the following suggested language into the repayment agreement letter or rehabilitation agreement letter (unless sending monthly reminder letters):

"By signing and returning this letter to AGENCY NAME, you are confirming your authorization allowing AGENCY NAME to process monthly payments towards your student loan debt held by the U.S. Department of Education through the use of a credit/debit card.

The monthly payment amount is \$\$\$.\$\$. This amount will be processed on your card starting on DATE, and will continue to be processed on the DATE of each month or on the next business day."

## 5. ADMINISTRATIVE WAGE GARNISHMENT LETTERS

### A. Pre-Garnishment Cover Letter for Settlement Agreement

This notice regarding your account with the U.S. D	epartment of Education is from (PCA). The
Department has placed your account with us for co	llection.
	(b)(7)(E)
You notified us that you wish to avoid garnishmen	
voluntary arrangement to settle your defaulted stud notice of garnishment recently sent to you.	ent loan or grant obligation described in the

The unpaid portion of the balance is noted above. The principal portion of this balance will continue to accrue interest. The Department will apply a portion of each payment to defray costs incurred to collect this obligation.

Enclosed is a proposed Settlement Agreement that the Department has asked us to send to you. The Department will not direct your employer to initiate garnishment unless you fail to honor the terms of your settlement agreement. In addition, the Department will credit any payment received before the deadline stated below toward satisfaction of the compromise amount. The following two (2) steps must be completed by [Insert date] in order to settle your debt(s) or obligation(s).

1. You sign and return the enclosed **Settlement Agreement** back to the Department at:

< PCA Address >

2. The Department receives payments equaling the full amount stated in the enclosed Settlement Agreement.

Send Payments to the following address:

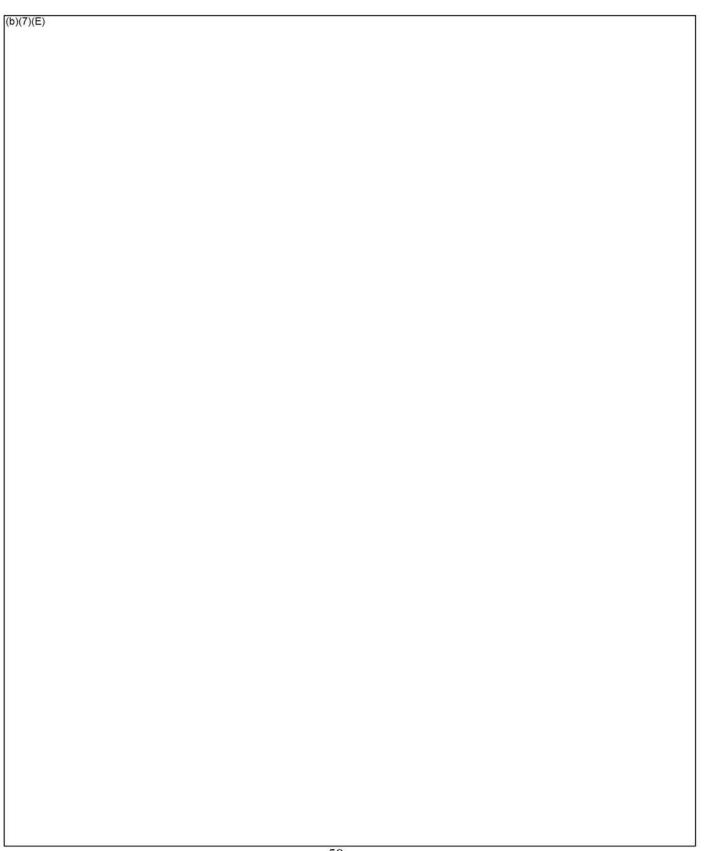
U.S. Department of Education National Payment Center P.O. Box 105028 Atlanta, GA 30348-5028

If both of these actions are not taken by your settlement deadline of [insert date], the Department of Education will issue a garnishment order requiring the withholding of your wages until the amount due has been paid in full. The Department will continue with any provision of any hearing you may have requested, unless you have already received a decision or have agreed to withdraw that hearing request.

Our business hours are: Monday- Thursday 8 am-9 p, Friday 8 am -12 pm (CST), and Saturday 8 am - 12 pm (CST). Our phone is 1 - 800- XXX - XXXX.

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art garnishing my wage (7)(E)	s uniess I tan w	nonor uns agreer	nem. No other stud	ient aid debts are c	overed
reature.		Date:			
mature: gn and return this agree	ment to: < PCA	Address > Keep a	copy for your reco	ords I	
Pr. 1111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		TARREST TARREST	ash) as Jameses	. 4511	
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### E. AWG Rehab Agreement Letter

Repayment Agreement under the Loan Rehabilitation Program

I have been given an opportunity for a hearing to object to garnishment. I now withdraw any request for a hearing that I have filed.

This letter confirms my acceptance into the loan rehabilitation program and my agreement to repayment of my defaulted federal family education loan (FFEL) program student loans held by the U.S. Department of education (department). I understand that compliance with this agreement is a prerequisite to the sale of my loan(s) to the authorized, department-approved lender and rehabilitation of my loan(s).

Please check the appropriate paragraph:

- () I understand that I must make at least nine (9) monthly payments in the amount of <month-pay>, beginning <due-date>, with each payment due on the same day each month thereafter. I must make the full payments in the agreed amount within twenty (20) days of their monthly due dates over a ten month period. If I fail to make the required number of on-time payments over a ten (10) month period, I will need to begin a new series of agreed-upon payments in order to qualify for rehabilitation of my loans.
- () I am currently making monthly payments. I understand that these payments, if made on the same schedule noted above and at least in the amount stated above may be included in the calculation of the required minimum number of monthly payments. I will continue to meet my established monthly payment schedule

I also understand and agree to the following terms and conditions:

I agree that if I do not honor this agreement, the department can start garnishing my pay at the rate of 15% of my disposable pay or the installment payment amount then in effect, whichever is less, without giving me further notice or any new opportunity for a hearing before that garnishment starts. I understand that if the department starts garnishing my wages in the future, I can then object to garnishment, and the department will give me a hearing on my objection(s).

#### I agree that -

- The department will give me a hearing on objections I make in the future, but it will not delay or suspend garnishment while it hears and makes a decision on my objections;
- I can object in the future that garnishment would cause financial hardship to me and my dependents;
- I owe the amount stated in the notice of proposed garnishment I have just been sent, and I waive any future objection that I do not owe that amount;
- I can object to garnishment for reasons that arise after the date of this agreement;
- I can also object to garnishment, if I believe that I am entitled to have this debt discharged or that I am protected by law from administrative wage garnishment;
- I understand the agreement is void if I do not honor the terms of this agreement by making a minimum of nine (9) full monthly payments within twenty days of the monthly due date over a ten (10) month period. Should this occur, I will need to begin a new series of agreed-upon payments in order to qualify for rehabilitation of my loans;
- I cannot change the monthly payment amount without the department's agreement or the agreement of the collection agency servicing my account;

- I must continue to make monthly payments to the department beyond the required minimum
  period until I am notified in writing by the department or my new lender that the sale has been
  completed and that I am to begin making payments directly to my lender;
- Any interest that I owe at the time my loan (s) is sold will be capitalized by the lender, that is, the lender will add any unpaid interest to the principal I owe on the loan (s) and this will become the new principal balance on the loan(s). Interest will then accrue on this new higher principal. The department agrees to waive collection of any cost the department incurs as a result of the sale of my loan (s) under this rehabilitation agreement, unless I default on the loan(s) in the future and the department takes assignment of the loan(s). The department will collect as part of the debt then owed, the collection cost originally waived under this agreement. This will substantially increase the amount that will then be owed to satisfy the debt to the department;
- After the sale of my loan (s), any payments made to the department will be forwarded to my lender for credit to my account. Any involuntary payment (treasury offset) or post-dated check will be refunded to me at the address on my billing statement;
- My new lender will establish a new due date and will calculate a new monthly payment amount based upon the balance owed at the time of sale. The amount of the required monthly installment payment may substantially increase;

I have read the above and agree to the terms and conditions of the loan rehabilitation program and this repayment agreement.

Signature:	date:	

[Sign and return this agreement to the address indicated below. Keep a copy for your records.]

Return signed agreement to: U. S. Department of Education C/o: private collection agency address

Our business hours are: Monday-Thursday 8 am - 9 pm, Friday 8am-5pm and Saturday 8 am-12 pm (CST). Our phone number is 1 888 xxx-xxxx.

This communication is from a debt collector attempting to collect a debt and any information obtained will be used for that purpose.

#### Rehabilitation Checklist

Return your agreement notice immediately! Do not delay the process of your rehabilitation

- 1. Ensure your name is correct.
- 2. Ensure monthly payment amount and date repayment started is correct.
- 3. Ensure you sign and date agreement notice.
- 4. Ensure you sign exactly as your name appears at the top of page one of the agreement notice.
- 5. Do not mark up or make any changes to the agreement notice. This will invalidate the agreement notice and we will have to issue you another one.

- If you have any questions regarding this agreement, call your account representative immediately at 1.888.XXX.XXXX.
- 7. Return your agreement notice immediately. Do not delay the process of your rehabilitation.

Two references are necessary to complete your application package. If you have not already given us two references over the phone, please complete them below using the following rules:

Both must have complete names (no initials, titles or nicknames) Both must have different addresses from you & each other Both must have different phone numbers from you & each other

Save time!! Fax your rehabilitation loan application today to: xxx-xxx-xxxx

This communication is from a debt collector attempting to collect a debt, and any information obtained will be used for that purpose.

#### F. AWG Rehab Agreement Letter (Perkins)

Repayment Agreement under the Perkins Loan Rehabilitation Program

Note: read this entire agreement before signing. Retain a copy for your records. Return a signed copy to the address shown at the end of this agreement.

I have been given an opportunity for a hearing to object to garnishment. I now withdraw any request for a hearing that I have filed.

I agree with the U. S. Department of education (department) that I will repay under the terms of this agreement my defaulted Perkins loans held by the department. I understand that compliance with this agreement is a prerequisite to rehabilitation of my loan (s).

( ) I understand that I must make 12 consecutive payments in the amount of
\$«paymentamount», beginning «duedate», with each payment due on the same day each month
thereafter until a minimum of twelve consecutive monthly payments have been made.

( ) I am currently making consecutive monthly	y payments. I understand that these
payments, if consecutive and if made in amount	nts at least equal to the agreed-amount,
will be included in the calculation of the requi	red twelve consecutive monthly payments
required for rehabilitation of the loan(s). I will	continue to meet my established monthly
payment due date.	

I understand that I must complete a new series of twelve (12) payments in order to qualify for rehabilitation –

If I fail to make the required number of payments over a twelve (12) month period,

- If I make any payment later than fifteen (15) days after its due date, or
- If a check is returned for insufficient funds.

I also understand and agree to the following terms and conditions.

- I cannot change the monthly payment amount without the department's agreement or the agreement of the collection agency servicing my account.
- The department agrees to waive collection of any cost the department incurs as a result of the rehabilitation of my loan(s) under this agreement, unless I default on the loan(s) in the future. The department will collect as part of the debt then owed, the collection cost originally waived under this agreement. This will substantially increase the amount that will then be owed and needed to satisfy the debt to the department.

If I do not honor this agreement, the department can start garnishing my pay at the rate of 15% of my disposable pay or the installment payment amount then in effect, whichever is less, without giving me further notice or any new opportunity for a hearing before that garnishment starts. I understand that if the department starts garnishing my wages in the future, I can then object to garnishment, and the department will give me a hearing on my objection(s).

#### I agree that -

- The department will give me a hearing on objections I make in the future, but it will not delay or suspend garnishment while it hears and makes a decision on my objections;
- I can object in the future that garnishment would cause financial hardship to me and my dependents;
- I owe the amount stated in the notice of proposed garnishment I have just been sent, and I waive any future objection that I do not owe that amount;
- I can object to garnishment for reasons that arise after the date of this agreement, and
- I can also object to garnishment if I believe that I am entitled to have this debt discharged or that, I
  am protected by law from administrative wage garnishment.

I have read the above and agree to the terms and conditions of the Perkins loan rehabilitation program and this repayment agreement.

Signature:		Date:
[Sign and return this agreemen	t to the address indicated below.	Keep a copy for your records.]
Return signed agreement to: C/o: PCA address	U.S. Department of Education	í

Our business hours are: Monday-Thursday 8 am - 9 pm, Friday 8am-5pm and Saturday 8 am-12 pm (CST). Our phone number is 1 888 xxx-xxxx.

This communication is from a debt collector attempting to collect a debt and any information obtained will be used for that purpose.

Signature:	Date:
5.	MISDIRECTED PAYMENT LETTERS
A. Misdirected	Payment Letter for Employer
o assist the emp	payment letter to the employer should provide some basic payment information bloyer when sending in future payments: identify the borrower/employee in cks must be made payable to the U.S. Department of Education, proper address syments (NPC, P.O. Box 105081, Atlanta, GA 30348-5081)
B. Misdirected	Payment Letter for Borrower
to assist the born	payment letter to the borrower should provide some basic payment information rower when sending in future payments: all checks must be made payable to the t of Education, proper address to send payments (NPC, P.O. P.O. Box 105028, 448-5028)
E)	

	(b)(7)(E)

### 7. RECURRING CREDIT/DEBIT CARD PAYMENT LETTER

When borrowers provide verbal authorization to use their credit/debit card for multiple payments (and language not inserted in the repayment letter), the following is language to be inserted into the PCA credit/debit card payment reminder letters:

"This is to notify you that pursuant to your authorization on DATE, AGENCY NAME will process your credit/debit card payment in the amount of \$\$\$\$.\$\$ on DATE. If you have any questions/concerns, please contact AGENCY NAME at 888-888-8888 toll free."

### 8. <u>STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL STATUS</u>

Though ED is not formally requiring a specific format for capturing financial data to determine regular (non-AWG) reasonable and affordable payment plans, an example of a standard statement of financial status can be found at <a href="http://www.ed.gov/offices/osfap/dcs/forms.html">http://www.ed.gov/offices/osfap/dcs/forms.html</a>. Agencies need to capture enough financial information to make an accurate assessment of the borrower's current financial statement.

# CHAPTER 5: Internal Mail Forms (IMF)

Internal Mail Forms	are informational tools designed to assist PCAs
with borrower account maintenance.	From asking questions, correcting account data and
requesting borrower letters, IMFs are	mechanisms to ensure that timely and proper customer
service takes place with each borrows	er account.
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#### B. AWG IMFs

AWG IMFs are also handled by the Atlanta Regional. AWG IMFs address account issues related to updating AWG accounts, employer concerns, and AWG notifications. Items PCAs would use AWG IMFs for include the following:

- Correcting or updating new or pseudo FEINs\*
- Requesting a merge of existing FEINs
- Re-issuing withholding orders
- Updating employer information on the L142 screen

(b)(7)(E)			

For a thorough breakdown and detailed discussion regarding AWG procedures, please see the AWG Compliance Branch PCA Training Manual (PCA Collection Website – Library)

A copy of the AWG IMF form can be found in Section 3, Appendix B of this Chapter.

#### 2. ON-LINE IMFS

The on-line IMF website is the vehicle through which PCAs can request that certain account maintenance actions and updates be performed by the Department's CSB contractor (Vangent).

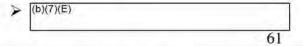




### C. Initiating a request (adding an IMF)

- Populate each of the fields on the "Add New Request" form:
- Reason see section D of this document for more detailed information on IMF types and requirements
- ➤ Debt ID enter any debt ID from the account for which you are requesting action
- ➤ Borrower name self-explanatory
- Agency enter your three-digit AG number
- ➤ Employee name enter your name as the IMF requestor
- Click "submit request" or "cancel" as appropriate

### D. IMF Types (reasons)



Distribution authorized to the Department of Education and its Private Collection Agency contractors only. Other requests shall be referred to the Federal Student Aid Acquisitions Group.

	b)(7)(E)
(b)(7)(E)	
Title IV r	einstatement letter (b)(7)(E)
	This letter is sent to the borrower's school, not to the borrower, so the
•	(b)(7)(E)
•	
٠	Prior to submitting this request the PCA should check the (b)(7)(E) for previous issuance of the U26 letter code. If the U26 (reinstatement letter) was previously sent and the borrower then fell out of
	compliance with his payment plan, the borrower may no longer earn reinstatement except by resolving the defaulted loan (through rehab, consolidation, PIF, SIF or discharge). Once a U26 has been sent, the
	borrower must make a timely monthly payment every month thereafter to maintain his eligibility. If a borrower's eligibility is questionable, refer the issue to your Rg4 monitor

- - This application should be requested if:
    - The school closed while the borrower was attending, or
    - The school closed within 90 days of the borrower's withdrawal and the borrower did not complete his program of study
    - (b)(7)(E) after initiating this request to ensure that the borrower is eligible to receive an application. The CSB contractor may decline to send an application on the basis that the school is still open, etc., in which

case the PCA should advise the borrower of his ineligibility and resume collection

- ➤ Ability to benefit discharge application.
  - This application should be requested if:
    - The borrower did not have a high school diploma or GED at the time he attended the school for which the loan was borrowed and a diploma or GED was required for that program of study and the school did not test the student for his ability to benefit from the course of study, or
    - The borrower did not meet his state's legal requirements for employment in the occupation for which the program of study was intended because of age, a physical or mental condition, a criminal record or other reason

-	<ul> <li>This application may be sent directly by the PCA to the borrower</li> </ul>	
(b)(7)(E)		

o)(7)(E)	• See secti	ion F of this Chapter i	or more information	
Request	new Pnote	for NDSL with a judg	ment	
	See NDS	SL-Perkins rehabilitat	ion procedures for more detail	on this type
)(7)(E)				

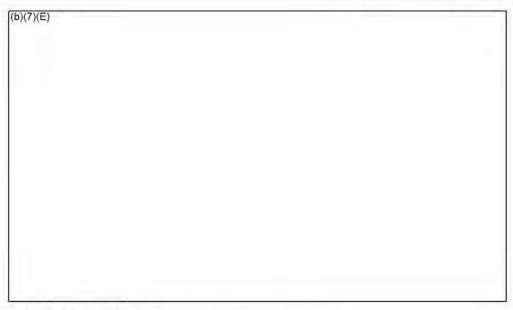
### E. School-Based Discharges

If a borrower claims that certain actions or regulatory violations by the school occurred, the PCA will advise the borrower of the criteria and method for applying for a loan discharge. The criteria for each circumstance are:

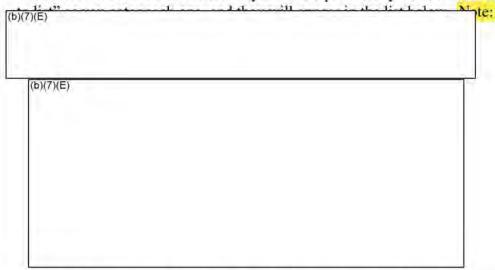
School Closure (b)(7)(E)		
(c		
Ability to Benefit		
Disqualifying Status Crite (b)(7)(E)	ria	
(5)(7)(2)		

Distribution authorized to the Department of Education and its Private Collection Agency contractors only. Other requests shall be referred to the Federal Student Aid Acquisitions Group.

Unpaid Tuiti	on Refund	
e PCA may reque e request. When the	Loan Discharge Unit Federal Student Aid Room  (b)(7)(E)  st the appropriate application be sented to the Loan Discharge Unit receives the Loan Discharge Unit receives the state of the Loan Discharge Unit receives the Loan Discharge	th circumstance, which must be certified with supporting documentation to:  (b)(7)(E)  ent to the borrower by using the IMF on- the application and it meets preliminary gency and moved to a discharge review
ation code. This	Reference: PCA Collection Wel	bsite - Library
Locate Missing I	romissory Note Requests	



- Populate the fields as follows:
  - Agency: your agency's three-digit "AG" number
  - Borrower Last and First name
  - Reason for Pnote request: Select "borrower request" only if the borrower has
    demanded a copy of the note; if this reason is selected and no note is found,
    the account will likely be recalled from the PCA and returned to the agency or
    school that assigned it.
  - Complete debt ID: enter one complete debt ID from the account for which a Pnote is needed—this will be used to access the account
  - Additional partial debt IDs: enter just the first letter and last four digits of any other debts in the account for which you need a promissory note. Click "Add



Complete the Pre-Request Checklist by indicating whether you performed required steps or those steps are not applicable (N/A/) for the type of loan. Further details about these required steps are found in Chapter 11.

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					- 1
(b)(7)(E)					
>					
> Enter:	any additional com	ments or instru	ctions (this w	vill be required	l if you
	ntered certain prob				
	your name in the "l				
Click '	"submit request" or	r "cancel" as ap	propriate		
wing erro	oneous IMFs				
		" page, click "I	MF Errors" o	or "Missing Pr	note Errors" as
> From	the Add new livil				
approp	priate				
	priate				

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# 3. APPENDIX (Forms)

A. General Account IMF

# **INTERNAL MAIL FORM (IMF)**

## **SECTION I**

FROM: AG REQUESTOR'S	NAME &TEL#:
BORROWER'S NAME:	SSN
DATE:	
	(circle one)
TO: ATLANTA SERVICE CENTER	TO: PIC
ATTN: Contract Services Branch	ATTN: Correspondence Unit
SECTION II	
(B)(7)(E)	
OTHER:	
EXPLANATION:	
	ED RESPONSE:

SIGNATURE OF LOAN ANALYST DO NOTALTER THIS FORM

DATE Revised June 2009

### **B. AWG IMF**

### Administrative Wage Garnishment Internal Mail Form (IMF) Employer Update

		Date:			
Agency Name:	Agency Code:				
Requested By:					
Borrower Name:			SSN:		
		er Identification N			
(	Supporting Evi	dence Must Be A	ttached For A	All Update Red	juest)
CORRECT FEIN / P	-FEIN:				
Corporate / Company's	s Name:				
Attn (Dept & Contact's	Name):				
ADDRESS:					
CITY/STATE/ZIP:					
TELEPHONE #:		EMP	FAX #:		
2					
		r Identification I d L142 screens v			
CORRECT FEIN / P	-FEIN:				
		e / Re- issue Wi			
L102 Screen Check one:	Must Be Clear	ly Documented V	Vith Reason T	The Order Mus	t Be Re-issued
1	Fax Telephone	e Number:			
•	un rerepnon				_
Employer Request		Name / SSN	Changed		
Employer Nar	me/FEIN	Information	Changed		
Borrower	Intercep	oting	Order		
Original Order Never	r Received By E	mployer			
Miscellaneous Reas	on See L102 Sc	reen			
		71	Ĺ		

Distribution authorized to the Department of Education and its Private Collection Agency contractors only. Other requests shall be referred to the Federal Student Aid Acquisitions Group.

100	D	1	11
PCA	Proced	lures	Manua

Resend/Fax:	(b)(7)(E)		-	
Resend/Fax:	(b)(7)(E)			
Resend/Fax:	7)(E)		9	
Comments:				

Revised June 2009

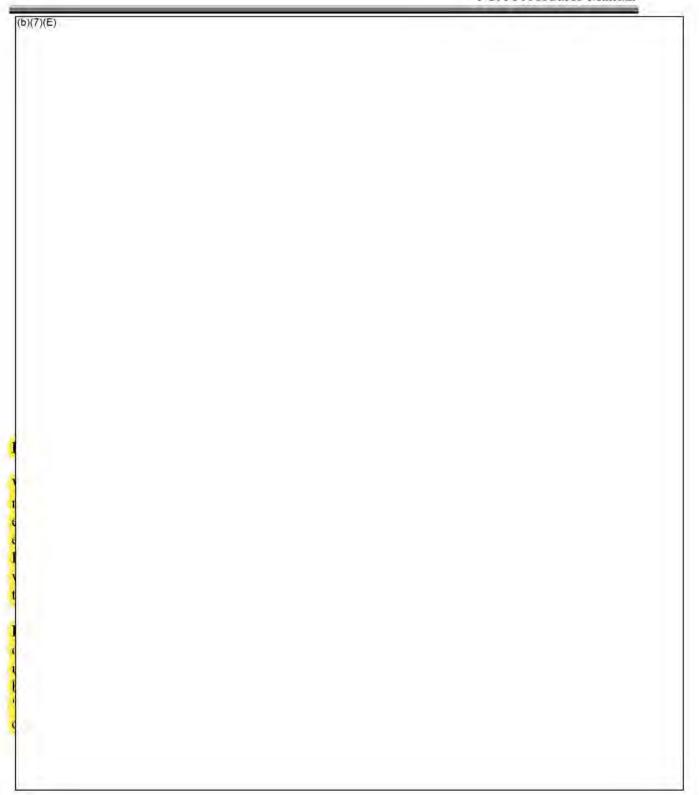
# CHAPTER 6: ACCOUNT REPAYMENT

Obtaining payments and assisting the borrower towards account resolution is one of the main goals associated with the Education Collections Contract. Through repayment, borrowers are able to enter payment programs, improve credit, obtain additional financial aid and ultimately satisfy debts.

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Then attempting to obtain payment (7)(E) (6)(7)(E)	
7(-)	stablish a repayment schedule.
i(E)	
L).	

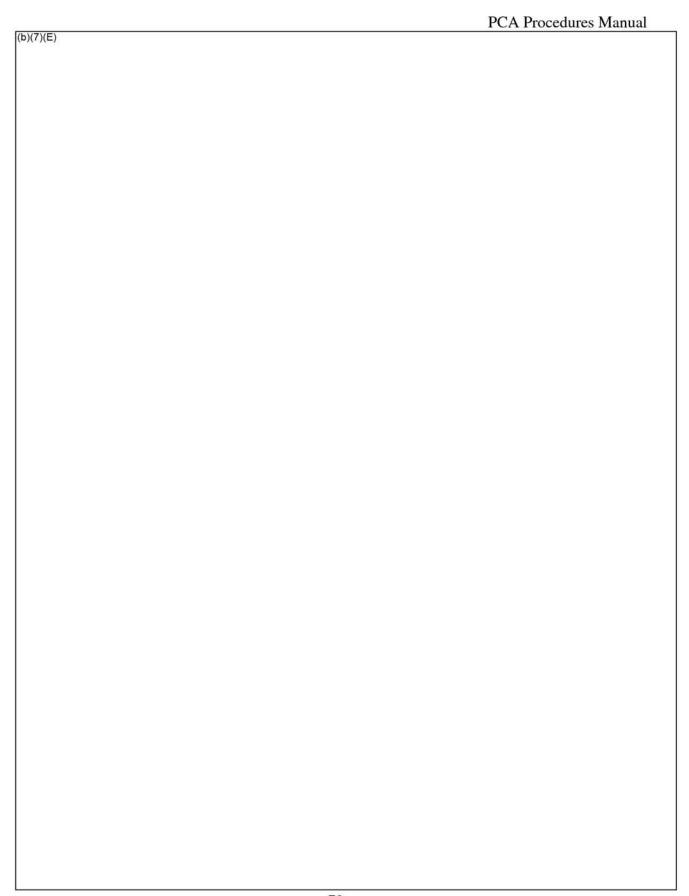
D)(7)(E)

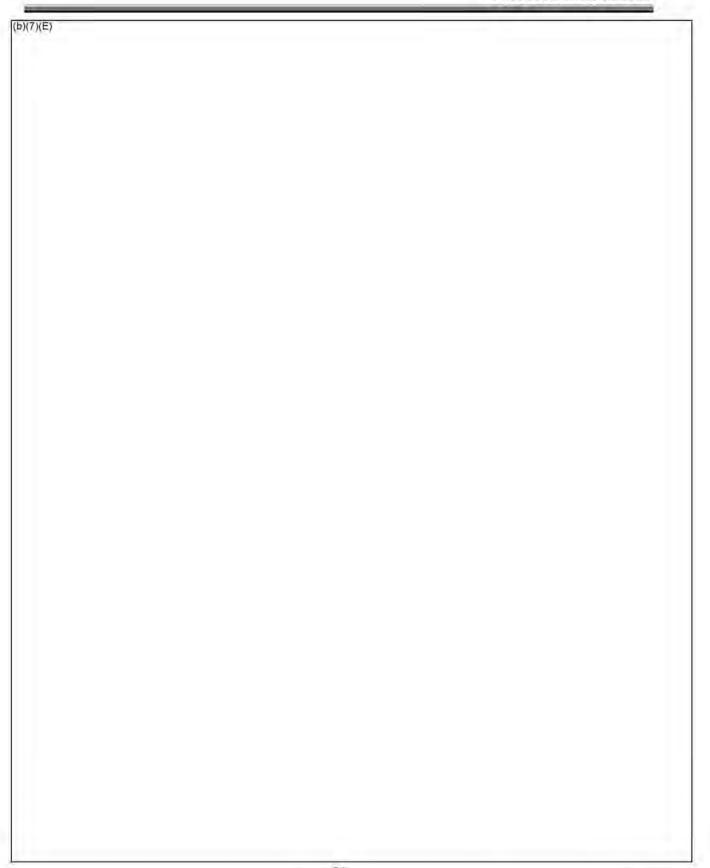


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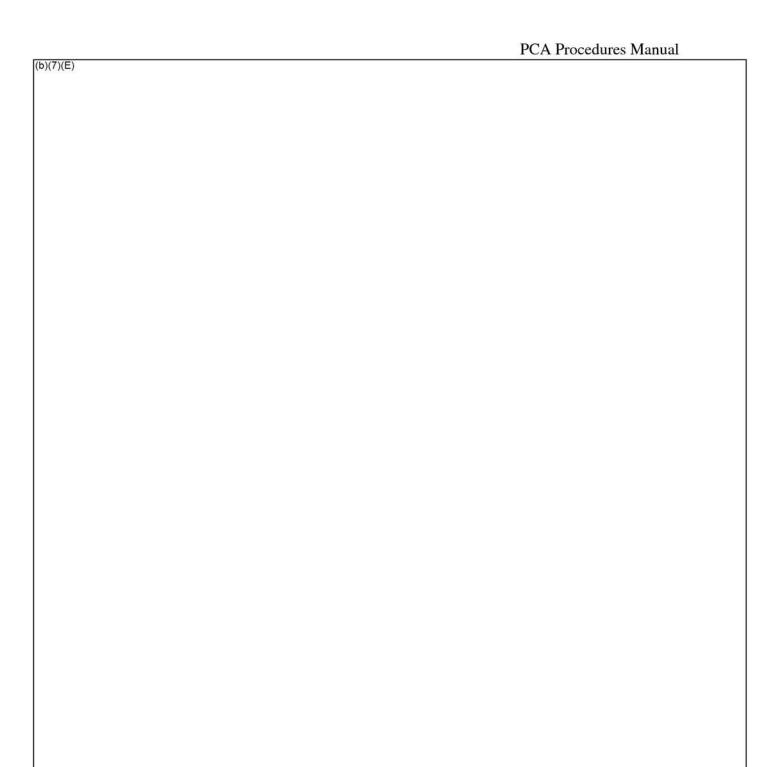




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# CHAPTER 8: TREASURY OFFSET PROGRAM (TOP)

## 1. OVERVIEW

Under the Treasury Offset Program (TOP), the Financial Management Service (FMS), Department of the Treasury (Treasury) offsets Federal and/or State payments owed to a borrower. While the most common type of Federal payment offset is Federal income tax refunds, several other types, including vendor and monthly social security benefit payments, are also eligible for full or partial offset.

In addition to defaulted debts held by ED, defaulted loans held by guaranty agencies (GAs) are also included in the process. ED acts as a "middle man" between the GAs and Treasury.

Other Federal and State agencies also certify debts for offset, but ED has historically been responsible for the largest volume of offsets. As a result, many tax professionals, and even the IRS, will automatically assume that an offset has been requested by ED when, in fact, it may have gone to some other Federal or State debt or to a student loan held by a GA.

TOP payments reduce the principal and interest owed on the account (and therefore the amount of collection costs the borrower owes), but PCAs do not receive a commission for TOP payments.

#### A. State Payments

may be offset in the TOP. (b)(7)(E)	vendor payments). In addition to Federal payments.	
Normally, a TOP 65-day notice is sent to el TOP and to currently certified borrowers w	ligible borrowers who are not currently certified in ho have a newly eligible debt.	
(b)(7)(E)		

In most i	respects, offsets of State payments will be just like offsets of Federal payments:
	state paying agencies will be just another paying agency into TOP (6)(7)(E)
(E	)(7)(E)
	Borrowers will be notified of the offset (and the paying agency) via an FMS, Treasury Offset Notice;
	As always, we will not be able to identify the offset source on any of the DMCS screens
	b)(7)(E)
	There will be a single Treasury offset fee for all offsets, whether from a State or Federal aying agency.
b)(7)(E)	
B. Pre-	Offset Process
day notic two inse	65 days prior to certifying an account for offset, ED must send the borrower a TOP 65-ce, which consists of a debt statement (b)(7)(E) and rts (Notice of Proposed Treasury Offset and a Request for Review form). This notice the borrower of his rights to:
	i ca la EDI II cal E
	nspect copies of the records that ED holds (including promissory notes)
	Enter into a voluntary repayment plan in order to avoid offset
• 1	Request an ED hearing/review to dispute the debt
	<ul> <li>If the borrower requests a review/hearing within 65 days of the notice, ED must conduct the review before certifying the account</li> </ul>
While Po	CAs should respond to any request for copies of records that ED holds, TOP regulations
	lly require that borrowers make this request in writing to a designated ED address in
order to	be protected from offset. (b)(7)(E)
(b)(7)(E)	For borrowers who opt to avoid offset by
establish	ing an approved payment plan, ED must receive their first voluntary payment within 65
days of I	ED's notice of intent to offset and must continue to make timely, consecutive monthly
payment	S.
	-day notices are currently mailed (b)(7)(E)
(b)(7)(E)	

## C. PCA Responsibilities during the Pre-Offset Process

<ul> <li>Written requests for Department of Education</li> </ul>			y by overnight service	e to the U.S.
	(b)(7)(E)	(a)		
Submissions should	he sent "separe	ately" with a cover	r letter/sheet indicating	TOP RFR.
Upon borrower requ	uest, promptly j	provide copies of p	promissory notes	
(b)(7)(E)				
D. Certification				
o)(7)(E)				
Important: Once ED certificaccount is resolved, or inac				fied until the
		(b)(7)(E)		
(b)(7)(E)				
		97		

87

### E. Notification of Offset

Treasury will notify the borrower in writing each time an offset is processed. The borrower may receive this notice (see end of chapter) one to two weeks before the offset posts onto the ED payment history (b)(7)(E)

The date on the notice is typically the effective date of the offset.

#### F. Inactivation

Once an account is satisfied will notify Treasury to inactivate the account. However, it a GA also certified an account in TOP, the borrower should be referred to the GA to resolve the GA account.

Important: There is about a three-week delay between when an account is inactivated on ED's database and when Treasury's system is updated. (b)(7)(E)
(b)(7)(E)

By calling FMS, borrowers can also find out whether a State agency or a Federal agency, other than ED, certified their account in TOP.
(b)(7)(E)

s may refer borro	wers to ED's Customer Call Center (800-621-3115)	
	(b)(7)(E)	
Hearing process:	I Office handles all TOP Hearings. Any questions or conshould be directed to the Chicago Office (312-730-147) use ask to speak to a TOP Hearing Official.	
Hearing process		
Hearing process and number, please	should be directed to the Chicago Office (312-730-147	
Hearing process and number, please	should be directed to the Chicago Office (312-730-147	
Hearing process and number, please	should be directed to the Chicago Office (312-730-147	
Hearing process and number, please	should be directed to the Chicago Office (312-730-147	
Hearing process and number, please	should be directed to the Chicago Office (312-730-147	

(b)(7)(E)	

### **B. Sample Treasury Notice of Offset**

### DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICE PO BOX 1686 BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA 35201-1686

#### THIS IS NOT A BILL - PLEASE RETAIN FOR YOUR RECORDS

07/03/08

JOE BORROWER 123 STREET CITYTOWN, ST 11111-2222

Dear JOE BORROWER:

As authorized by Federal law, we applied all or part of your Federal payment to a debt you owe. The government agency (or agencies) collecting your debt is listed below.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION C/O GREAT LAKES HIGHER ED GUAR CORP COLLECTION SUPPORT P.O. BOX 7859 MADISON, WI 53707-7859 (608) 246-1535 (800) 354-6980 PURPOSE: Non-Tax Federal Debt TIN Num: 999-99-9999
TOP Trace Num: P49899999
Acct Num: WI99999999
Amount This Creditor: \$146.40
Creditor: 05 Site: WI

The Agency has previously sent notice to you at the last address know to the Agency. That notice explained the amount and type of debt you owe, the rights available to you, and that the Agency intended to collect the debt by intercepting any Federal payments made to you, including tax refunds. If you believe your payment was reduced in error or if you have questions about this debt, you must contact the Agency at the address and telephone number shown above. The U.S. Department of the Treasury's Financial Management Service cannot resolve issues regarding debts with other agencies.

We will forward the money taken from your Federal payment to the Agency to be applied to your debt balance; however, the Agency may not receive the funds for several weeks after the payment date. If you intend to contact the Agency, please have this notice available. Please do not contact the Social Security Administration regarding this reduction made in your Federal payment.

U.S. Department of the Treasury Financial Management Service (800) 304-3107 TELECOMMUNICATIONS DEVICE FOR THE DEAF (TDD) (866) 297-0517

PAYMENT SUMMARY
PAYER NAME: JOE BORROWER
PAYMENT BEFORE REDUCTION: 5976,00
TOTAL AMOUNT OF THIS REDUCTION: 5146,40
PAYING FEDERAL AGENCY Social Security Administration CLAIM ACCT NUM: 00000000

PAYEE TIN, 000099900 PAYMENT DATE: 07/07/00 PAYMENT LYPE BUT BENEFICIARY TIN 000999900

OR OFFICIAL USE ONLY: 000000000000 ((E)	

# CHAPTER 9: REHABILITATION

Rehabilitation is an ED "payment" program whereby an eligible borrower can, through appropriate and timely monthly payments, "rehabilitate" their defaulted loan(s) into good standing. Through the borrower's efforts of making consistent payments on-time, the borrower is able to receive certain benefits based upon a showing of good faith and a commitment to pay off their debt. ((b)(7)(E)

This Chapter will discuss rehabilitations within Direct Loans, Federal Family Education Loans (FFEL) and the Federal Perkins Loan Program (formerly NDSL).

## 1. <u>DIRECT LOAN REHABILITATION</u>

Reference: 34 CFR 685.211(f)

#### A. Loan Eligibility

- ➤ Only Direct Loans are eligible for Direct Loan Rehabilitation

  (b)(7)(E)
- Consolidation toans are eligible
- Loans rehabilitated prior to August 14, 2008 are eligible

(b)(7)(E)

- ➤ While there is no fixed minimum balance eligible for rehabilitation, balances that are less than twice the borrower's monthly payment will not be rehabilitated.
- Direct Loans with judgments are not eligible for rehabilitation

### **B.** Oualifying Payments

Borrowers must make (9) nine full, timely, voluntary monthly payments of an approved amount in a (10) ten month period in order to qualify for Direct rehabilitation. Borrowers may miss one payment in a ten-month period and still qualify for Direct rehabilitation.

- "Full" payments
  - Defined as those meeting the (b)(7) billing amount.

93

O	The full amount of the (b)(7) billing amount must be received in the form of a voluntary payment within twenty days of the (b)(7)(E) illing due date—no more than twenty days early nor twenty days late
	<ul> <li>Involuntary payments (wage garnishments, offsets, DOJ payments, etc.) do not count toward this requirement.</li> </ul>
Billin	g amount
0	(b)(7)(E)
	" Payments
0	(b)(7)(E)
Time	ely" payments
O	Defined as those received at the payment center (i.e., have an effective date on the R103 screen) within twenty days of the L103 billing due date—no more than twenty days early nor twenty days late.
	<ul> <li>Nine full payments must be received within twenty days of a single due</li> </ul>
	date in order for the borrower to qualify.

#### Bounced Payments

 Payments reversed or stopped do not count toward the series of qualifying payments

#### Current Payments

- Borrower must be current with his payments as of the last day of the calendar month.
  - Borrower must have made a timely full payment for the most recently expired monthly due date (i.e., the last monthly due date that is at least 20 days earlier than the last day of the calendar month) or for a subsequent due date that has not yet expired.

	(b)(7)(E)
≽ ED's	Direct Debit Program (DDP) Payments
0	Count toward rehabilitation (b)(7)(E)
0	(b)(')(E)
renta de	
Acceptab	le Payment Amounts
> "Reas	sonable and Affordable Minimum Payment Percentage" Qualifying Payments
0	Must be based on the amount owed and on the borrower's "total financial
	circumstances."
0	(b)(7)(E)
0	
► "Done	sonable and Affordable Income Based Repayment" Qualifying Payments
O Reas	(b)(7)(E)
7	
0	IBR Calculator
O	http://studentaid.ed.gov/PORTALSWebApp/students/english/IBRCalc.jsp
0	(b)(7)(E)

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0	The PCA must collect either a copy	y of the previous year's tax return or a signed
		that documents the borrower's income for the
	previous(b) years. Either document	must be submitted to the DMCS Servicer so it
	can be scanned in with the borrowe	er's account information.

The PCA must collect and keep copies of the financial information that is taken over the phone for all R&A repayment amounts that are done using the IBR calculator. The information taken from the phone can be used to populate an ADOI form that the borrower can then sign. The PCA shall submit the documentation to the DMCS Servicer so it can be scanned in with the borrower's account information.

>	Obtaining a	completed	statement of	financial	status
-	Obtaining a	COMPLETE	Statement of	manciai	Statu

0	The	PCA	must	obtain	a statement	if	
( )	THE		must	omain	a statement	- 11	

(b)(7)(E)		

The R&A IBR plan is used

## Wage garnishment (or other monthly involuntary payment situation)

- Borrower may qualify for rehabilitation by making voluntary payments in addition to his/her garnishment payments.
- The voluntary payments must meet all requirements as stated in this document; the fact and amount of the garnishment (or other involuntary) payments do not affect the requirements for rehabilitation.

## > Accounts with loans from multiple programs

Since every loan program (Direct, FFEL & FISL, NDSL-Perkins) has its own rehabilitation program, a borrower's total monthly payment should be calculated as the aggregate of the minimum payments for each program's cohort of loans in the account.

b)(7)(E)			

		be split up at the time of rehab, and the ganew payment amount based only of holder	
○ (b)(7)(E			
O (b)(7)(E	≣)		
Monthly Trans	sfer Process		
ner final qualify	ect Loans are automatically cons	idered rehabilitated once the borrower and of each calendar month ED will ide the Direct Loan Servicer.	
ner final qualify bilitated Direct accounts that	ect Loans are automatically considing payment. Shortly after the electrons and transfer them back to were set up on billing on the	end of each calendar month ED will ide the Direct Loan Servicer.  as of close of business on ((b)(7)(E)	entify
ner final qualify bilitated Direct  accounts that  accounts that  posted (b)(7)(E)	ect Loans are automatically considering payment. Shortly after the electron Loans and transfer them back to were set up on billing on the lill be reviewed for transfer. The las (b)(7)(E)	as of close of business on (b)(7)(E)  both Direct Loan Servicer.  as of close of business on payment in order for the control of the control	entify must
ner final qualify bilitated Direct  accounts that  accounts that  posted (b)(7)(E)	ect Loans are automatically considering payment. Shortly after the electrons and transfer them back to were set up on billing on the (E) ill be reviewed for transfer.	as of close of business on (b)(7)(E)  both Direct Loan Servicer.  as of close of business on payment in order for the control of the control	entify must
ner final qualify bilitated Direct  accounts that  accounts that  posted (b)(7)(E)	ect Loans are automatically considering payment. Shortly after the electron Loans and transfer them back to were set up on billing on the lill be reviewed for transfer. The las (b)(7)(E)	as of close of business on (b)(7)(E)  both Direct Loan Servicer.  as of close of business on payment in order for the control of the control	entify must
ner final qualify bilitated Direct accounts that E) we posted (b)(7)(E) and to guarante	ect Loans are automatically considering payment. Shortly after the electron Loans and transfer them back to were set up on billing on the lill be reviewed for transfer. The las (b)(7)(E)	as of close of business on (b)(7)(E)  both Direct Loan Servicer.  as of close of business on payment in order for the control of the control	entify must
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## 2. NDSL-PERKINS LOAN REHABILITATION

Reference: 34 CFR 674.39

### A. Loan Eligibility

P	Only NDSL (National Direct and National Defense) and Perkins loans are eligib	ole for
	this type of rehabilitation.	(b)(7)(

o These are identifiable by the first letter in the debt identification number:

- Loans with judgments may be rehabilitated if the borrower signs a new promissory note. See subsection H (Judgment Loans) of this section for more information.
- > Previously rehabilitated loans are not eligible for rehabilitation
- There is no minimum payoff balance eligible for rehabilitation, but accounts where the balance is less than twice the borrower's monthly payment amount will not be rehabilitated.
- ➤ Borrowers must sign and return to the PCA a rehab agreement letter (see Chapter 4 for more letter information)

#### **B.** Oualifying Payments

Borrowers must make a full, timely, voluntary payment of an approved amount each month for 9 consecutive months in order to qualify for NDSL-Perkins rehabilitation.

O Defined as those	se meeting the (b)(7)(E) illing amount.	
Billing amount		
Billing amount  O (b)(7)(E)		

	y" payments  Defined as those received at the payment center (i.e., have an effective date on the within fifteen days of the (E) billing due date—no more than micen days carly nor fifteen days late.  Nine full consecutive payments must be received within fifteen days of a single due date in order for the borrower to qualify.
	Defined as those received at the payment center (i.e., have an effective date on the within fifteen days of the (b)(7)(E) within fifteen days of the (b)(7)(E) within fifteen days of the (c)(E) within fifteen days late.  Nine full consecutive payments must be received within fifteen days of a single due date in order for the borrower to qualify.
	Defined as those received at the payment center (i.e., have an effective date on the within fifteen days of the (b)(7)(E) within fifteen days of the (b)(7)(E) within fifteen days of the (c)(E) within fifteen days late.  Nine full consecutive payments must be received within fifteen days of a single due date in order for the borrower to qualify.
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o 1	d payments Payments that bounce, are reversed or are stopped do not count toward the series of qualifying payments.
0 (	irect Debit Program (DDP) Payments Count toward rehabilitation (7)(E)

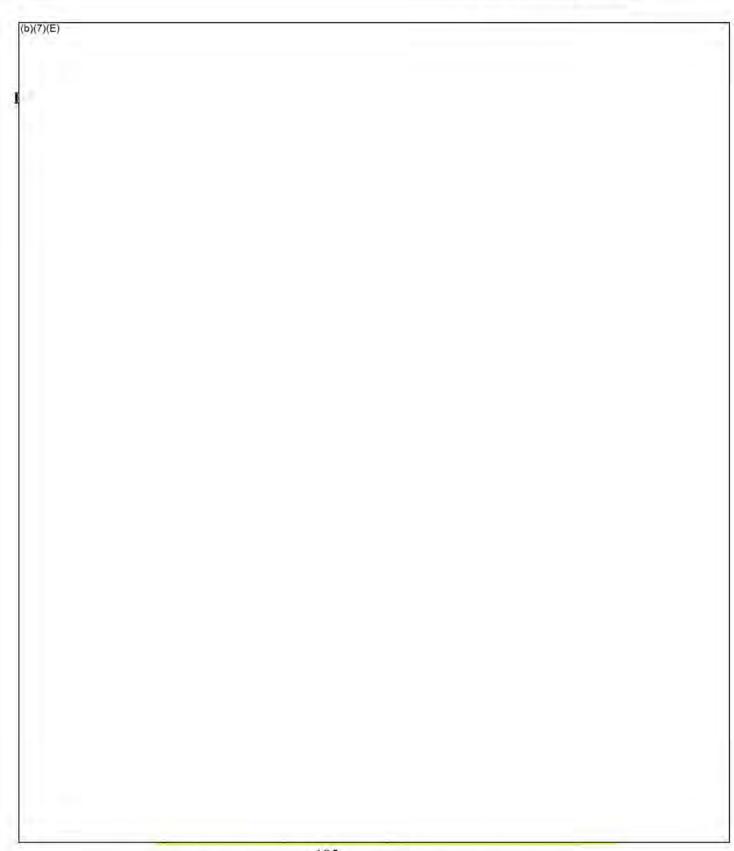
## C. Acceptable Payment Amounts

## "Reasonable and Affordable" qualifying payments

 Qualifying payments must be "reasonable and affordable" based on the amount owed and on the borrower's "total financial circumstances".

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> Obtai	ining a completed statement of financial status
O	The state of the s
	if (b)(7)(E)
> Wage	garnishment (or other monthly involuntary payment situation)
vvage	Borrower may qualify for rehabilitation by making voluntary payments in
	addition to his/her garnishment payments.
0	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE
	the fact and amount of the garnishment (or other involuntary) payments do not
	affect the requirements for rehabilitation.
Accol	unts with loans from multiple programs Since every loan program (Direct, FFEL & FISL, NDSL-Perkins) has its own
Q	rehabilitation program, a borrower's total monthly payment should be calculated
	as the aggregate of the minimum payments for each program's cohort of loans in
	the account.
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. Submissi	on Procedures
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## 3. <u>FFEL LOAN REHABILITATION</u>

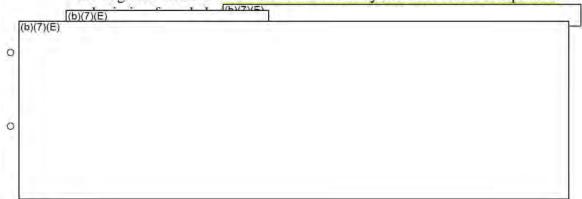
Reference: 34 CFR 682,405

#### A. Loan Eligibility

- Only GSL and FISL loans are eligible for FFEL Rehabilitation.
  - o These are identifiable by the FFEL or FISL debt tag (dFFEL or dFISL).
- ➤ The following GSL and FISL loans are not eligible:
  - Loans with judgments.

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- > Consolidation loans are eligible
- Loans rehabilitated prior to August 14, 2008 are eligible
- > Borrowers must sign and return to the PCA a rehab agreement letter.
  - Please see Chapter 4 for rehab agreement letters
- The following account conditions should be resolved before submitting the account for sale:
  - Mixed balances
    - If the account includes a mixture of negative and positive balance debts,
       the negative balance debt must be resolved by the CSB contractor prior to



#### **B.** Oualifying Payments

Borrowers must make 9 full, timely, voluntary monthly payments of an approved amount in a ten month period in order to qualify for FFEL rehabilitation.

#### "Full" payments

- Defined as those meeting the Payment Schedule billing amount.
- The full amount of the billing amount must be received in the form of a voluntary payment within twenty days of the Payment Schedule billing due date—no more than twenty days early nor twenty days late.
  - Involuntary payments (wage garnishments, offsets, DOJ payments, etc.) do not count toward this requirement.

B	illing amount
	(b)(7)(E)
(b)	)(7)(E)
	<ul> <li>Fimely" payments</li> <li>Defined as those received at the payment center (i.e., have an entered date on the Financial Transaction screen) within twenty days of the illing due date—no more than twenty days early nor twenty days late.</li> <li>Nine full payments must be received within twenty days of a single due date in order for the borrower to qualify.</li> </ul>
В	ounced payments  O Payments that bounce, are reversed or are stopped do not count toward the series of qualifying payments.
C	urrent Payments

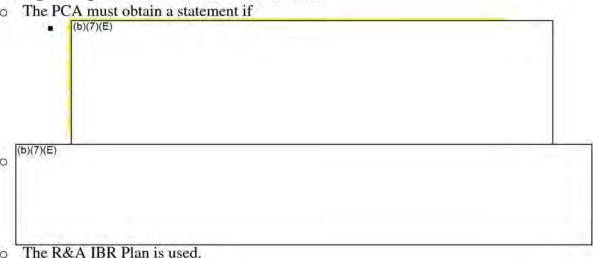
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- Borrowers may miss one payment in a ten month period and still qualify for FFEL rehabilitation.
- The borrower must be current with his payments as of the sale cutoff date.
  - This means that the borrower must have made a timely full payment for the most recently expired monthly due date (i.e., the last monthly due date that is at least 20 days earlier than the sale cutoff date) or for a subsequent due date that has not yet expired.

	Count toward rehabilitation.  (b)(7)(E)	
. <u>Accep</u>	able Payment Amounts	
> "F	easonable and Affordable" qualifying payments  O Qualifying payments must be "reasonable and affordable" based on the amount owed and on the borrower's "total financial circumstances."  O (b)(7)(E)	
	ō	
> "F	easonable and Affordable Income Based Repayment" Qualifying Payments    (b)(7)(E)	
	<ul> <li>IBR Calculator http://studentaid.ed.gov/PORTALSWebApp/students/english/IBRCalc.jsp</li> </ul>	
	O (b)(7)(E)	

- O The PCA must collect either a copy of the previous year's tax return or a signed ADOI, form OMB No. 1845-0102, that documents the borrower's income for the previous (b) rears. Either document must be submitted to the DMCS Servicer so it can be submitted in with the borrower's account information.
- The PCA must collect and keep copies of the financial information that is taken over the phone for all R&A repayment amounts that are done using the IBR calculator. The information taken from the phone can be used to populate an ADOI form that the borrower can then sign. The PCA shall submit the documentation to the DMCS Servicer so it can be scanned in with the borrower's account information.

#### Obtaining a completed statement of financial status



# Wage garnishment (or other monthly involuntary payment situation)

- Borrower may qualify for rehabilitation by making voluntary payments in addition to his/her garnishment payments.
- The voluntary payments must meet all requirements as stated in this document; the fact and amount of the garnishment (or other involuntary) payments do not affect the requirements for rehabilitation.

# Accounts with loans from multiple programs

Since every loan program (Direct, FFEL & FISL, NDSL-Perkins) has its own rehabilitation program, a borrower's total monthly payment should be calculated as the aggregate of the minimum payments for each program's cohort of loans in the account.

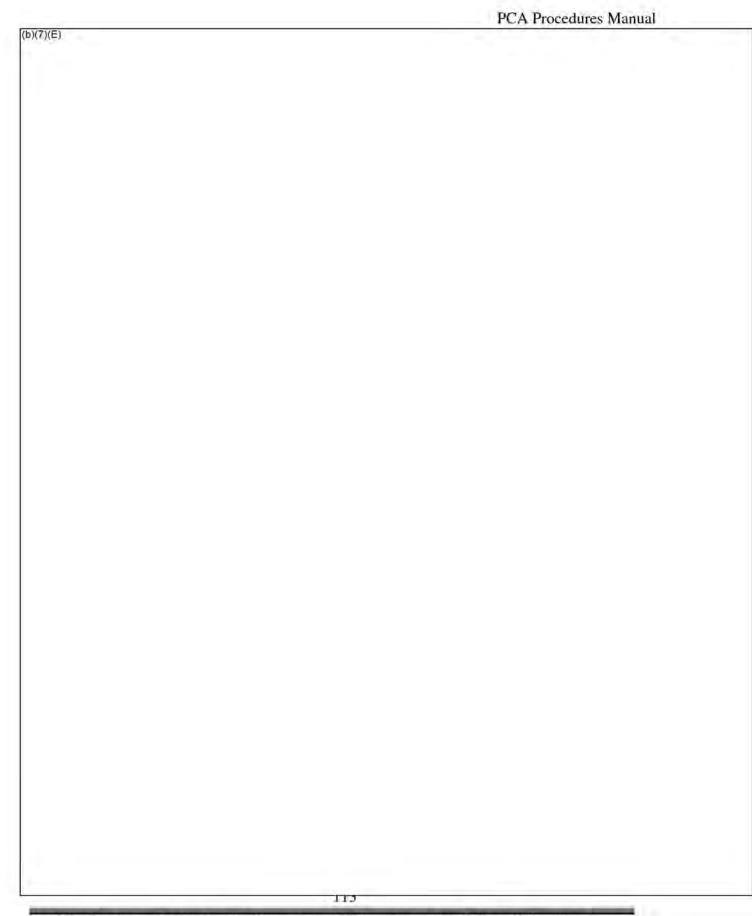
F. Submission Procedures		(b)(7)(E)
D. Balance Sensitive Rehabilitations (BSR)    To general, borrowers in the BSR program consolidate their loans immediately after rehabilitation in order to take advantage of the longer-term repayment plans that are available on FFEL consolidation loans.		
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D. Balance Sensitive Rehabilitations (BSR)    Description   Description	> Addit	ional considerations
D. Balance Sensitive Rehabilitations (BSR)  In general, borrowers in the BSR program consolidate their loans immediately after rehabilitation in order to take advantage of the longer-term repayment plans that are available on FFEL consolidation loans.  (b)(7)(E)  The PCA must complete a Fast-Track consolidation package for every BSR borrower, regardless of the types of loans being rehabbed.  E. Bi-Weekly Transfer Process  Rehabilitation sales will be processed bi-weekly. (b)(7)(E)  F. Submission Procedures	0	(b)(7)(E)
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In general, borrowers in the BSR program consolidate their loans immediately after rehabilitation in order to take advantage of the longer-term repayment plans that are available on FFEL consolidation loans.    (b)(7)(E)	(b)(7)(E)	
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rehabilitation in order to take advantage of the longer-term repayment plans that are available on FFEL consolidation loans.    (b)(7)(E)		
available on FFEL consolidation loans.    (b)(7)(E)     The PCA must complete a Fast-Track consolidation package for every BSR borrower, regardless of the types of loans being rehabbed.    E. Bi-Weekly Transfer Process		
The PCA must complete a Fast-Track consolidation package for every BSR borrower, regardless of the types of loans being rehabbed.  E. Bi-Weekly Transfer Process  Rehabilitation sales will be processed bi-weekly.  (b)(7)(E)  F. Submission Procedures  (b)(7)(E)		ble on FFEL consolidation loans.
The PCA must complete a Fast-Track consolidation package for every BSR borrower, regardless of the types of loans being rehabbed.  E. Bi-Weekly Transfer Process  Rehabilitation sales will be processed bi-weekly.  (b)(7)(E)  F. Submission Procedures  (b)(7)(E)		
regardless of the types of loans being rehabbed.  E. Bi-Weekly Transfer Process  Rehabilitation sales will be processed bi-weekly.  (b)(7)(E)  F. Submission Procedures  (b)(7)(E)	> (b)(7)(E)	
E. Bi-Weekly Transfer Process  Rehabilitation sales will be processed bi-weekly.  (b)(7)(E)  F. Submission Procedures  (b)(7)(E)		
Rehabilitation sales will be processed bi-weekly.  (b)(7)(E)  F. Submission Procedures (b)(7)(E)	regard	less of the types of loans being rehabbed.
(b)(7)(E)  F. Submission Procedures (b)(7)(E)	E. Bi-Weekly	Transfer Process
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(b)(7)(E)	F. Submission	on Procedures
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#### > BSR accounts

- o PCAs should ship, via overnight delivery, the consolidation application package to the rehabilitation lender on the date ED creates the files described above.
- The lender will reject from sale any accounts for which the required documents are not received.

	Submit	rehab	agreement	letter
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	<ul> <li>Complete an IMF</li> </ul>	form with the comment	s "Scan to file only, no	response
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<b>PCA</b>	Procedures	Manual
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	PCA Procedures Manual
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	CHAPTER 10: CONSOLIDATION	
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# GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Reference:
Direct Loans - 34 CFR 685.220
FFEL - 34 CFR 682.201(c) et seq.

#### A. Eligible Loans

1.

>	The fo	ollowing loans/debts are NOT eligible for consolidation:	
	0	Program overpayment (POVR) debts	
	0	Consolination rouns	
		(b)(7)(E)	
	0	Loans with judgments	
	0	"Stand alone" Perkins/NDSL loans are not eligible for consolidation.	

Borrowers for whom a wage garnishment payment has been received within the

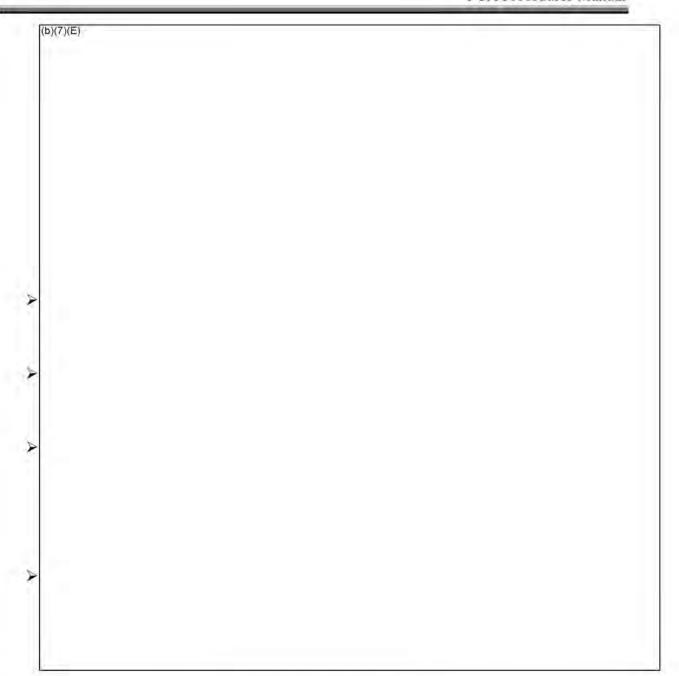
## **B.** Oualifying Payments

preceding 90 days are not eligible for consolidation

ll, ti	for Forced-ICRP consolidations (see section 2 of this Chapter), borrowers must make a nely, voluntary payment of an approved amount each month for (5) consecutive months in qualify for consolidation.
	by the time the ertifies the account for consolidation. It is not required that borrowers be set up on billing
*	<ul> <li>"Full" payments</li> <li>Defined as those meeting the amount (b)(7)(E)</li> <li>The full amount must be received in the form of a voluntary payment within fifteen days of a single monthly due—no more than fifteen days early nor fifteen days late.</li> <li>Involuntary payments (wage garnishments, offsets, DOJ payments, etc.) do not count toward this requirement.</li> </ul>
A	"Timely" payments  O Defined as those received at the payment center (b)(7)(E)
	(b)(7)(E)
*	(b)(7)(E)
> Ac	Bounced payments  Payments that bounce, are reversed or are stopped do not count toward the series
	Bounced payments  O Payments that bounce, are reversed or are stopped do not count toward the series of qualifying payments.
	Bounced payments  Payments that bounce, are reversed or are stopped do not count toward the series of qualifying payments.  Peptable Payment Amounts  "Reasonable and Affordable"  Qualifying payments must be "reasonable and affordable" based on the amount owed and on the borrower's "total financial circumstances."

	<ul> <li>The PCA must document acceptance of the statement of financial status form (b)(7)(E)</li> <li>The PCA must retain the completed statement of financial status form, and all accompanying documentation, through the end of the contract, and must be able to produce it for ED inspection within a reasonable</li> </ul>
	(b)(7)(E)
2.	FORCED-ICRP CONSOLIDATIONS
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A. Pro	ocessing Steps
>	The PCA must obtain from the borrower either a <b>copy of his most recent Federal tax return</b> or, if the borrower did not file in the most recent tax year or his financial circumstances have substantially changed, <b>documentation of the borrower's taxable income.</b>
>	The PCA must complete the ICR payment calculator  (b)(3):44 USC § 3541,(b)(7)(E)  and retain copies of the borrower's income documentation and printouts of the data entry and results page of the calculator through the end of the contract, and must be able to produce them for ED inspection within a reasonable timeframe upon request.
>	The PCA must obtain a completed "Alternative Documentation of Income [ADOI]  form from the borrower  The income stated on this form should only be taxable income.  FSA will not make determinations about whether a borrower's income is taxable prior to submission. Borrowers should seek advice from the IRS

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# 3. <u>BORROWER COUNSELING</u>

Before promoting consolidation as a resolution option, PCAs must truthfully and fully counsel borrowers about its advantages, disadvantages and ramifications. PCAs must ensure that borrowers understand that a consolidation loan is a loan that they must repay, and must convey to borrowers the importance of continuing to make monthly payments, as required, on the new consolidation loan.

Prior to certifying an account for consolidation, the PCA must have sent the borrower a letter, approved by ED, which explains the ramifications and responsibilities of consolidation (See Chapter 4).

#### A. Capitalization of Interest and Collection Costs

- The principal balance on the new consolidation loan will be the sum of all outstanding principal, interest and collection costs owed on the underlying loans at the time the consolidation payoff is received.
- Interest will accrue on a higher balance after consolidation than before.

#### **B. Fixed Interest Rates**

- Consolidation loans have a fixed interest rate, which is the weighted average of the interest rates of the underlying loans, rounded up to the nearest eighth of a percent, subject to an interest rate cap.
- In most instances, unless the weighted average exceeds the cap (which is rare), the borrower's new interest rate will be slightly higher than before consolidation.
- The interest rate on underlying loans with a variable interest rate becomes fixed in the consolidation loan
- Over the life of the loan, the borrower's interest rate may be lower or higher than if s/he did not consolidate
   |(b)(7)(E)

#### C. Defenses against Underlying Loans

- > PCAs must NOT promote consolidation to borrowers who dispute the amount of or their obligation to pay the underlying loans, unless/until that dispute has been resolved.
- > This includes, but is not limited to:
  - o Borrowers claiming total and permanent disability
  - Borrowers raising objections based on bankruptcy, closed school, ability to benefit, unpaid tuition refund, and unauthorized signature issues.
- ED reserves the right to reverse any commission paid if the borrower's consolidation loan is discharged based on conditions that existed before consolidation.

#### D. Right to Consolidate

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PCAs may NOT tell a borrower that s/he is ineligible for consolidation unless s/he does not meet the regulatory requirements for eligibility.

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	reau Reporting
The unc	derlying loans (the defaulted loans being paid in full by the proceeds of the dation loan) will be reported to credit bureaus as "paid in full" (b)(7)(E)
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Title IV El	igibility
no long aid (inc	derlying defaulted loans, once paid by the proceeds of the consolidation loan, will ser affect the borrower's eligibility to receive additional Title IV student financial luding Federal loans and Pell Grants)  Except to the extent that they count against the borrower's loan limit.
	CERTIFICATION
	the process through which a borrower's payoff information is provided to the asolidation lender.
	tive convenience, ED may delegate to its collection agencies the authority to er Verification Certificates (LVCs) from FFEL consolidation lenders and from
. LVC Signi	ng Authority

> ED will routinely review these LVCs to ensure that they are being completed accurately.

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ED reserves the right to revoke, either temporarily or permanently, any agency's authority to complete or sign LVCs, if ED detects a significant lack of quality control or any evidence of fraud or abuse.

#### C. DMCS Updates

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# 5. APPENDICES

#### <u>APPENDIX A</u> - ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF CERTIFICATION RESPONSIBILITIES

#### Acknowledgment of Certification Responsibilities

I certify that I understand all of the statutory and regulatory requirements governing the eligibility of borrowers for consolidation in both the Federal Family Education Loan Program and the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan Program. I further certify that I understand all of the contractual requirements governing the eligibility of borrowers in the portfolio of the Department of Education's Student Financial Assistance Programs Students Channel Collections. I confirm that I have a thorough knowledge of the Debt Management and Collection System and can discern whether or not borrowers have met the eligibility requirements for consolidation. Prior to certifying any borrower as eligible for consolidation, I will review all pertinent screens in the Debt Management and Collection System and, as necessary, in my company's collection system. I understand that, by signing any Loan Verification Certificate, or otherwise certifying that a borrower is eligible for consolidation, I am affirming that, to the best of my knowledge, that borrower meets all regulatory, statutory and contractual requirements. I also understand that any false statement on my part may result in criminal or civil sanctions against my company both or me.

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	Signature of Authorized Official		=	
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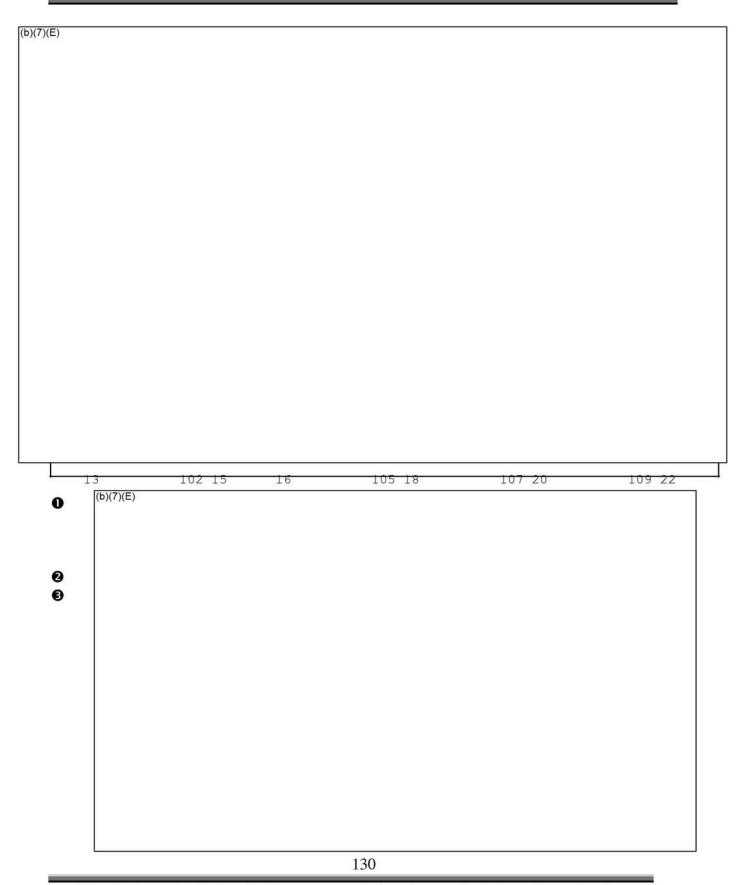
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# Counseling Borrowers on the Advantages, Responsibilities and Ramifications of Consolidation

The collection agency should fully counsel borrowers on consolidation. The Direct Loans publication "Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities", which must be sent to every Fast-Track borrower, is an excellent summary of topics to discuss with borrowers. Borrowers must understand that:

- A consolidation loan is a new loan
- The defaulted loans paid off by the consolidation will be reported to credit bureaus as paid in full and will typically display as "paid collection accounts"
- Upon consolidation, the loans consolidated will no longer prevent the borrower from receiving additional Title IV financial aid
- Direct Loans offers several different repayment plans to accommodate differing financial circumstances
- Borrowers who experience a change in financial circumstances can change plans or can secure a variety of deferments and forbearances to avoid delinquency
- By consolidating, all interest, as well as collection costs equal to 11.1% (eventually 8.1%) of combined principal and interest, will become the principal balance of their new loan--thus, interest accruals on their consolidation loan may be higher than on their defaulted loans
- If the consolidation loan defaults, it will not be eligible for consolidation

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#### Required Forms

Each agency will be provided .pdf versions of all Direct Loan application documents. The agency will be required to print copies of these documents at their own expense. Before printing such documents, the agency should:

Ensure that their Fast-Track identification number is also printed in the upper right corner of
each document. Unless otherwise stated, this will be each agency's "AG" number, and will
allow Direct Loans to identify stray documents as Fast-Track and to return incomplete
documents to the correct collection agency.

What follows is a table listing the forms that must be sent to borrowers. Note that borrowers who choose the ICR plan require additional forms.

Forme	That	Muct	he Cont	to D	orrowers
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Politis That Must be Sent to Bollowers	
Form	No. Pages
Approved "Consolidation Responsibilities" letter (before package sent to borrower)	1
Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities	2
Application Form/Promissory Note	4
Repayment Plan Selection Form	-1-
Consent to Disclosure of Tax Information	1
Alternative Documentation of Income (ADOI)	1

#### **Edit Requirements**

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Inaccurate applications require more handling at Direct Loans and thus reduce the overall efficiency of Fast-Track. Therefore, agencies with persistently high rejection rates are subject to exclusion from Fast-Track. Many agencies consistently achieve a 100% accuracy rate--because they have invested in the technology needed to generate accurate and complete application materials, and because they have established effective quality control processes. The document

"Fast-Track Edi	t Requirements" (Appendix F) details the exact edit requirements for every field
on every form.	Inevitably, questions will arise; when this happens, the agency may call the
Fast-Track unit	

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The Application Form	n /Promissory Note	
(E)		

Program	Loan Type	DMCS Abbreviation	Direct Loan Code
FISL	Federally Insured Student Loan <sup>8</sup>	FISL	C
NDSL	National Direct Student Loan		M
	National Defense Student Loan	E	N
	Perkins Loan	P	F
GSL	Stafford	STAF	A
	Consolidation	CONS	0
	Supplemental Loan for Students	SLS	H
	Auxiliary Loan to Assist Students	ALAS	P
	Parental Loans for Undergraduate Students	PLUS	T
Direct	Subsidized Stafford <sup>9</sup>	STAF	D

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O	nce the PCA has reviewed the applically complete a Direct Consolidation	ation materials for accuracy an	d completeness, the
CA shou	ald complete a Direct Consolidation	LVC. (b)(7)(E)	
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weekly limit.	Any applications received beyond the cap amount will be returned to the
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## Forms to be Submitted

What follows is a summary of the forms that constitute a complete Fast-Track application package.

Forms Which Must be Submitted to LCC

Form	No. Pages	All Borrower	ICR Borrowers
Application Form	4	X	X
Repayment Plan Selection Form	1		X
Loan Verification Certificate	1	X	X
Consent to Disclosure of Tax Information	T.		X
Alternative Documentation of Income (ADOI)	1		X

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Errors on Application Materials (7)(E)	
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Direct Direct Loan Loan Packet Type Code	C Subsidized	M Subsidized	N Subsidized	F Subsidized	A Subsidized	H Unsubsidized	P Unsubsidized	O Subsidized	T PLUS	D Subsidized	L Unsubsidized	U PLUS	* D	ж *	*
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DMCS Abbreviat ion	FISL	I	Ε	Ь	STAF	STS	ALAS	CONS	PLUS	STAF	STAF	PLUS	STAF	STAF	PLUS
Loan Type	Federally Insured Student Loan 10	National Direct Student Loan	National Defense Student Loan	Perkins Loan	Stafford	Supplemental Loan for Students	Auxiliary Loan to Assist Students	Consolidation	Parental Loan for Undergraduate Students	Subsidized Stafford	Unsubsidized Stafford	PLUS	Subsidized Consolidation <sup>12</sup>	Unsubsidized Consolidation	PLUS Consolidation
Program	Federally Insured Student Loans	Campus-Based Student Loans			Guaranteed Student Loans					Direct Loans					
First Letter of Debt ID	(p)(/)(e)														

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contractors only. Other requests shall be referred to the Federal Student Aid Acquisitions Group.

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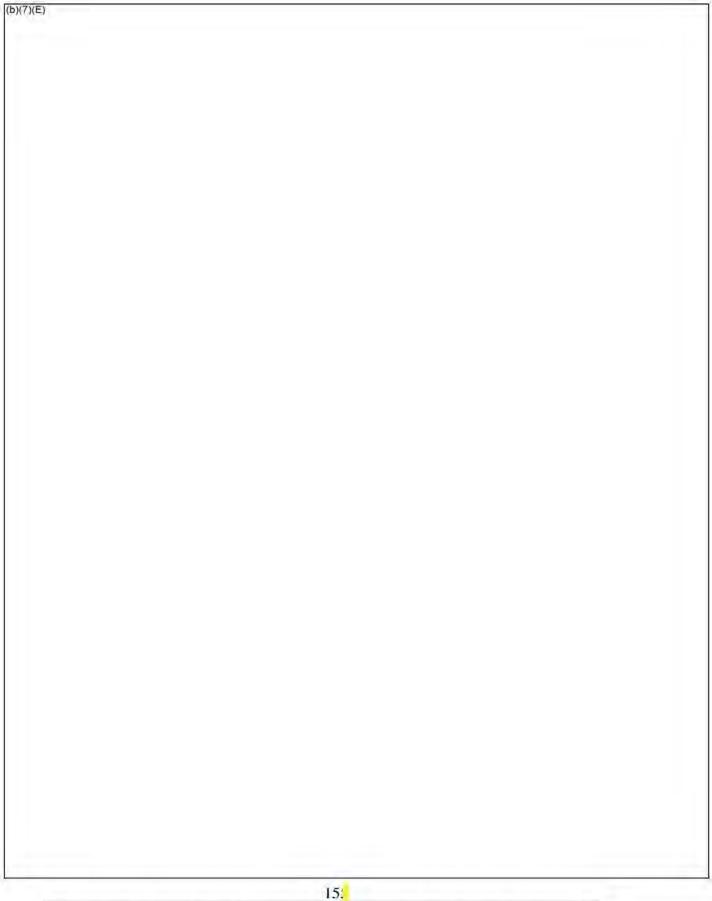
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## <u>APPENDIX G</u> - DIRECT CONSOLIDATION LOAN VERIFICATION CERTIFICATE (EXCEL VERSION)

## 1. Software Requirements:

This application was created in Microsoft Excel 2000. Because it relies heavily on formats, it should be run only on Excel 2000 or higher. The formats may not transfer correctly to other spreadsheet applications such as Lotus; the user should test carefully the outputs of any attempt to run this application to ensure compatibility with individual printers, networks and computers.

## 2. Using the Program:

- The program is a workbook comprised of two worksheets. The user enters data only into the worksheet called "DataInput". Once all data has been entered, the user should print the worksheet called "Certificate". The program will not allow the user to directly enter data into the second worksheet, and the first worksheet cannot be printed and submitted in place of a regular certificate.
- ➤ Loan holder and payoff address information need only be entered once by the user. It is suggested that you enter this data immediately and save the file with your information to avoid the need for duplicative effort. The fields for entering this information are Located at the bottom of the "DataInput" worksheet.
- The program is hard-coded to fill the VC's Field 4 ("Today's Date") and the signature date with the date on which you print the form. The LCC will assume that interest reported on the VC reflects accruals through this date. Thus, you should print the form on the same day that you pull data from the DMCS. Do not project interest into the future; the LCC will compute the interest that accrues after certification using the per diem value on the VC.

A	Most of the actual data input fields are self-explanatory and correlate to actual fields on the VC. It is strongly recommended that you test the program before implementing it on a wide scale. The worksheet "Certificate", when printed, should look almost exactly like a regular verification certificate; if it appears to be different, contact the LCC. It is recommended that you submit a test version to LCC to ensure that your input conventions are correct and that the integrity of the program has not been affected by software or hardware differences (b)(7)(E)

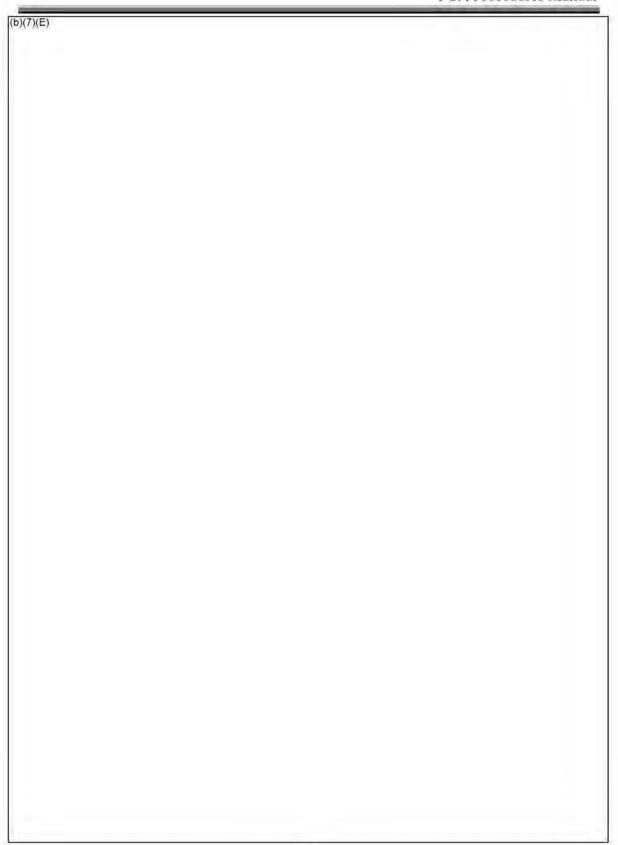
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## CHAPTER 11: LOCATING PROMISSORY NOTES

Promissory notes can be a very important tool, often enabling a PCA to reach account resolution. Notes may aid in dispute resolution, payment negotiations, borrower location, and/or borrower research.

The following information is designed to assist PCAs to determine how, when and with

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1. b)(7)(E)	PROGRAM DETERMINATION	

2.	DIRECT LOANS	
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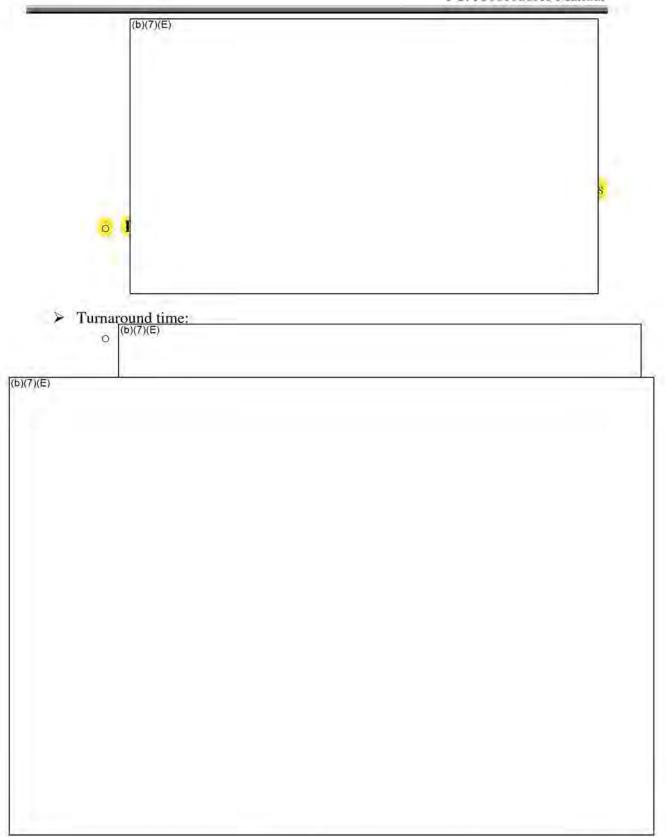
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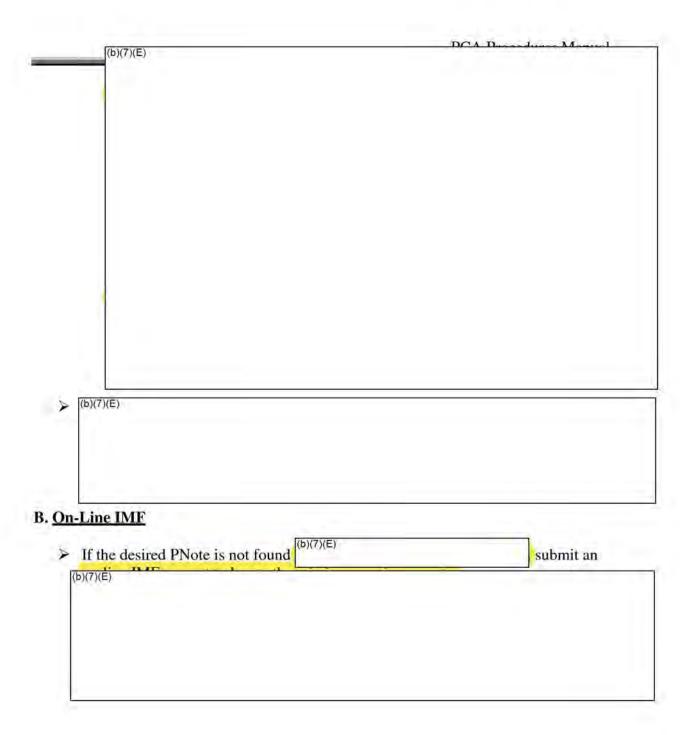
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7	original request (b)(7)(E) b)(7)(E)
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	If the debt was loaded less than six months ago, the collateral may have been received at Greenville but not yet imaged.
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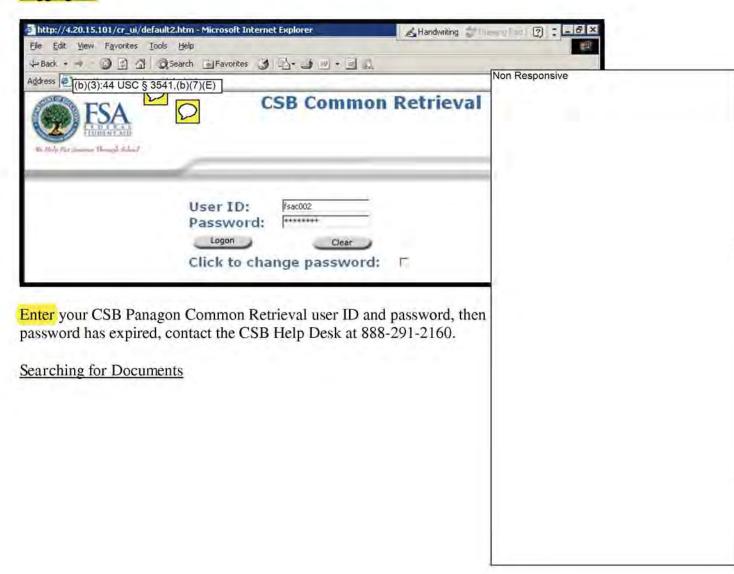
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## 8. APPENDICES

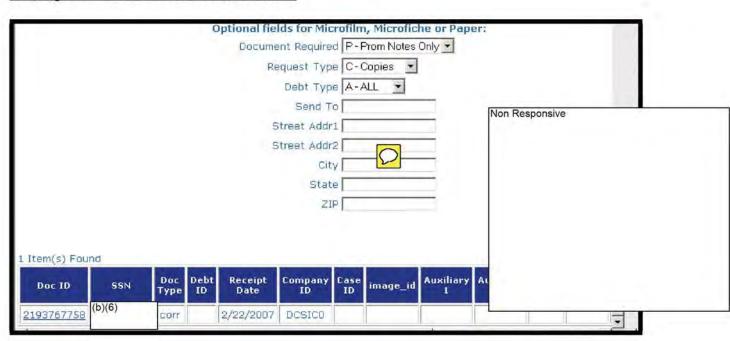
#### Appendix A - Panagon Common Retrieval Navigation

#### Logging On



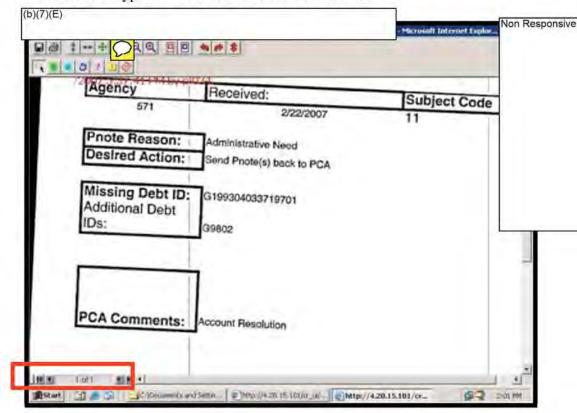
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#### Viewing Documents Listed in Search Results



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The available imaged documents for the account will display at the bottom of the page. Click on the "Doc ID" hyperlink for each document to view it.



The document viewer will open in a separate window. Note the page navigation buttons at the bottom of the document viewer—review every page of the document, since the desired document(s) may be buried anywhere.

Close the document viewer by clicking on the close (X) button in the upper right corner of the viewer window.

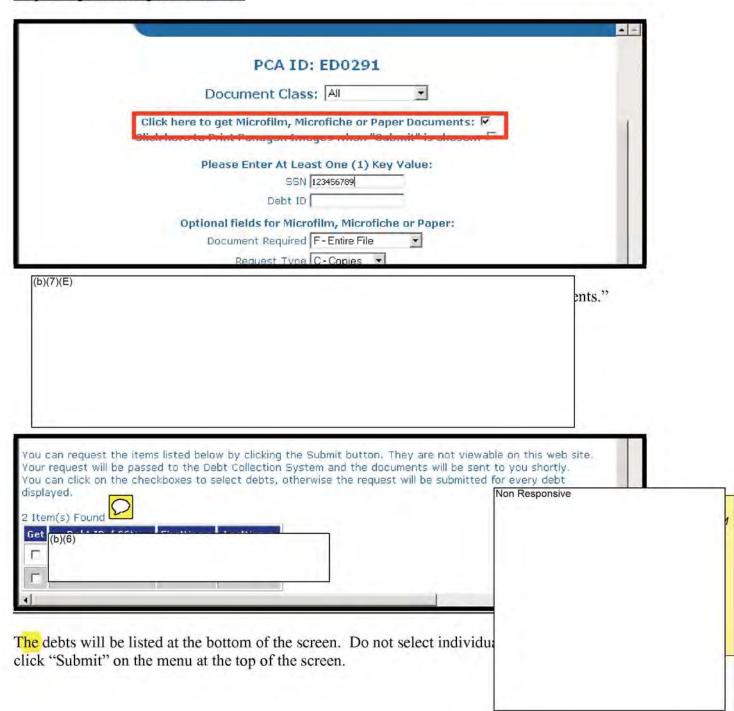
#### Logging Out of CSB Panagon Common Retrieval

Click "Close" from the menu at the top of the screen.



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#### Requesting Non-Imaged Documents





### Appendix B - Program Overpayment (POVR) Debt Standard Language

Program overpayment (POVR) debts are grant overpayments, not loans. These types of
debts do not have promissory notes. These debts are incurred either because the student
failed to satisfactorily complete the course(s) for which the grant was issued (i.e., the student
withdrew or failed the course), or because the school initially miscalculated the grant amount
for which the student was eligible. The PCA should send the POVR assignment form (if
available in the Panagon Common Retrieval System) along with a cover letter explaining
how grant overpayments occur (see standard language below). (b)(7)(E)
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#### Standard Language for Explaining POVRs:

"Overpayment" is a term used when the amount of a grant awarded to a student is greater than the amount the student is entitled to receive. An overpayment can occur for a variety of reasons. These can include:

- corrections or updates to applicant information which may result in a lower award after a grant payment is disbursed;
- a student becomes ineligible after a payment is disbursed (for example, he or she is determined not to be making satisfactory academic progress or never attends any classes); and
- at term based schools, a student does not begin or continue the program of study after a payment is disbursed.

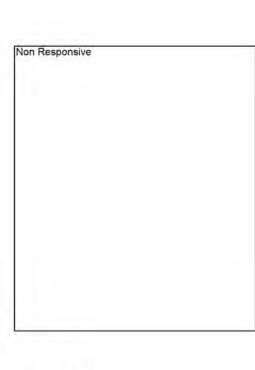
The student must repay these overpayments. If a school cannot collect an overpayment, the school may refer the debt to the Department of Education for collection.

## Appendix C - On-Line IMFs for Missing Promissory Note Searches

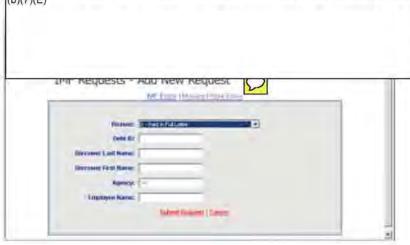


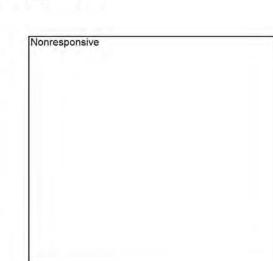
Logging In

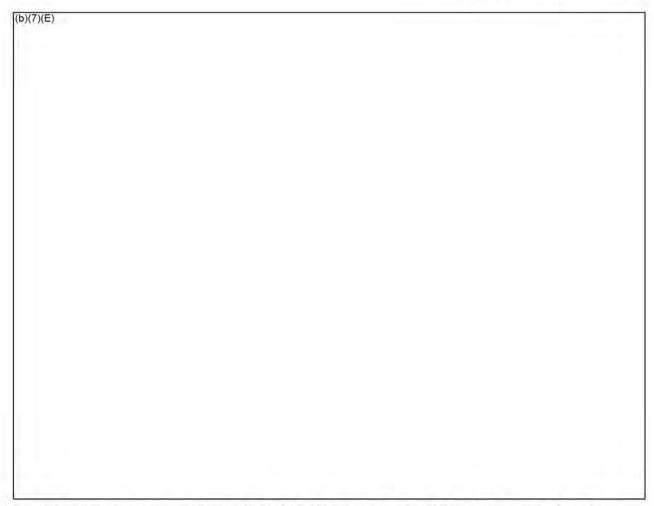




Enter your "AG" number and password (this will be the standard password used for protecting sensitive information transmitted to ED). Then click the "Login" button.

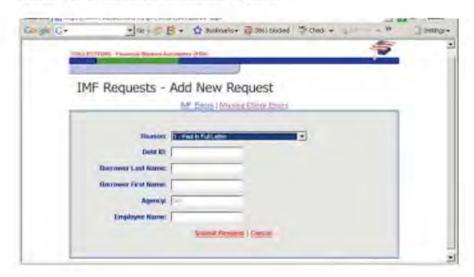






Once all fields have been populated, click "Submit Request" hyperlink at the bottom of the form.

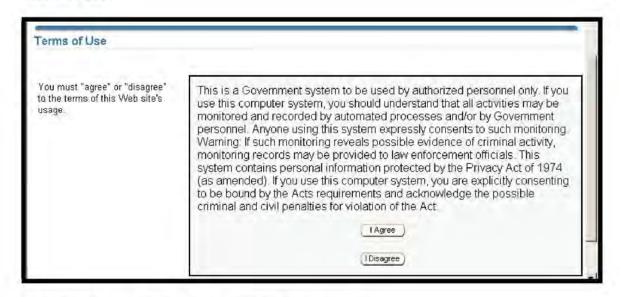
#### Viewing Erroneous Prom Note Requests



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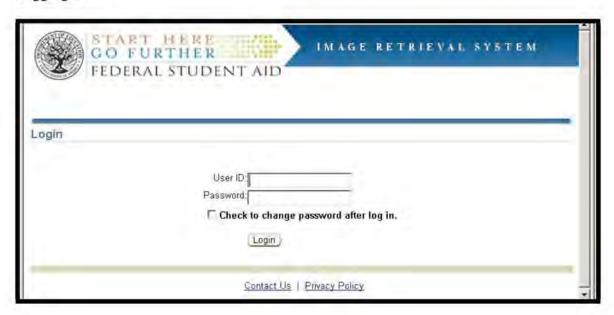
Annendix D : Direct I	oan Image Retrieval Website
This web	ins images of most Direct
Loan promissory notes not found in Panagon	For access to this site, contact FSA Security
(Gregory Plenty).	

#### Terms of Use



Click the "I agree" button to advance to the logon page.

#### Logging On:



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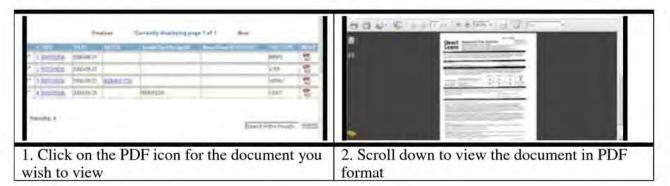




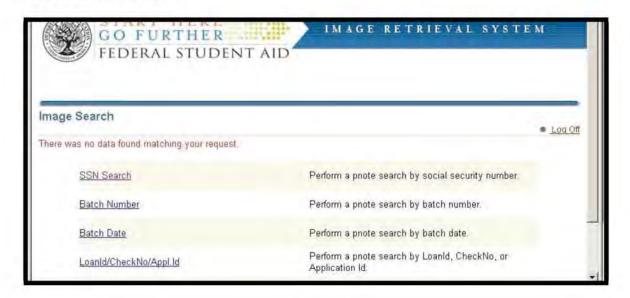
1. Click on "SSN Search"

2. Enter the SSN, then click "Submit"

## Select and View Images



#### No Documents Found



If there are no images on file for the SSN, the error message "there was no data found matching your request" will display,

## CHAPTER 12: Account Returns & Administrative Resolutions

EFT (Electronic File Transfer) processing Administrative Resolutions. (b)(7)(E)	* *		
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	Reference: SOW 3.4
1,	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
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A. SSU/Manifest	
(SSU) form or an ele	ired supporting documentation, PCAs will submit a Single Sheet Update extronic manifest generated by the PCA's system for all account returns esolutions except INA/UNL returns
<ul> <li>The SSU form Security Num</li> </ul>	n/manifest must contain for each account, the borrower's name, Social aber and one debt ID number
	NOT required for INA/UNL accounts will only submit a transmittal form with the number and type of onts
	ntation for Administrative Resolutions become part of a borrower's file to the Single Sheet Update Form (SSU)
	on must be securely clipped or bound separately with each individual
<ul> <li>Same Debt II</li> </ul>	number for individual accounts must be written in the top right hand h page of documents
If the SSU contains of accounts by category	different types of accounts (death, incarcerations, etc.), please group
> (b)(7)(E)	PCAs must also include the current account balances.

- > SSU form must include:
  - o ED Office submitted to
  - Name & Phone number of PCA Contact Person
  - Agency Number-PCA Location Code
  - ED System User ID of PCA Contact
  - Date Submission being sent to ED
- SSU form located in Section 8, Appendix A of this Chapter

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•	Along with an SSU form and any supporting documentation, PCAs will also submit an EFT transmittal form for formal approval/rejection of EFT records  o (b)(7)(E)
	The EFT Transmittal form is used to identify the number and type of records approved by ED that are being transmitted electronically to the DMCS for resolution
	Accounts to be returned may be grouped on a transmittal form within the following categories:
	Limit number of accounts per EFT Transmittal form to 30 Accounts
	(b)(7)(E)
•	A signed and approved EFT Transmittal Form must be submitted for each EFT file.  o The electronic file must NOT be submitted UNTIL the corresponding signed/approved EFT Transmittal Form is faxed to ACS.  o Once the signed transmittal form is recieved, the PCA should electronically transmit the EFT file and fax the signed EFT Transmittal form to:  [(b)(7)(E)

> The number of accounts approved on the EFT Transmittal form must correspond to number of accounts included in the EFT return file transmission.

	the file is transmitted must be put in the "File Transmission Date" on the transmittal form prior to faxing
0	ACS (DMCS Contractor) must be able to match the file and the EFT Transmittal
Co scences	form
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o In addition, to facilitate matching of EFT files and EFT Transmittal forms, the date

- > EFT Transmittal Form must include the following:
  - o File Transmission Date (filled in when file transmitted)
  - o File Creation Date
  - o Agency Number
  - Type and Number of Accounts being returned
  - o Signature & Date of ED Monitor indicating Approval
  - o PCA Contact Information: name, phone number & fax number
- Transmittal Form located in Section 8, Appendix B of this Chapter

C. ED Monitor Review		
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	ACCOUNT RETURNS	

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## 3. DEATH ACCOUNTS

#### A. Required Documentation

Borrower's death must be documented by:

- An original or certified copy of a death certificate OR
- An accurate and complete photocopy of an original or certified copy of the death certificate.
  - o Any photocopies must be legible
  - o Any documents that appear altered will be rejected

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References: 34 CFR 674.61(a); 34 CFR

682.402(b); 34 CFR 685.212(a)

#### B. PLUS Loans

PLUS Loans are loans taken out by parents on behalf of their children. If the holder of a PLUS dies (parent), then the loan can be discharged under normal death discharge procedures.

However, in addition to the loan holder, if the student, for whom the parent received a PLUS loan dies, the obligation of the borrower (and any endorser) to make further payments on the loan is discharged. In these situations the PCA must:

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. Processing Death A	ccounts		
CAs should conduct th	ne following steps when revi	iewing possible death accounts	\$
	ate death documentation.		
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E. ED Death Letters	
The following letters are provided to aid the PCAs in obt In no case may the PCA use photocopied letters with the should the name of any ED staff member be typed on the	signature of an ED staff member, nor
Standard Prime Contractor Request	
T. W	
To Whom It May Concern:	
(Collection Agency Name) has been retained by the U.S. Department obligations held by the Department. Pursuant to the Higher Education regulations 34 CFR 682.402(b), 674.61 and 685.212 in order to Federal student loan obligations, the Department of Education requirement of the death certificate, or an accurate and complete photocopy certificate.	on Act (HEA) of 1965, as amended, and Federa verify an individual's death and discharge any res the original death certificate, a certified copy
With regards to these requirements, the Department of Education request and obtain information regarding the individual listed below	
Name of Deceased:	
Social Security number: (Last four digits acceptable) Date of Birth (if known):	
Please send the death certificate to:	
This information is needed for official U.S. government business. U.S. Department of Education and its representatives use the inforgovernment purposes.	

Distribution authorized to the Department of Education and its Private Collection Agency contractors only. Other requests shall be referred to the Federal Student Aid Acquisitions Group.

Your assistance with the death verification process is greatly appreciated.
Sincerely,
U.S. Department of Education Federal Student Aid, Business Operations
STATE OF GEORGIA
On this, 2XXX, personally appeared, satisfactorily identified as the person stating that this document is his official act and deed with the full understanding of the penalty of law applicable.  Notary Public  My Commission Expires:
61 Forsyth St., Rm 19T89 Atlanta, GA 30303 www.FederalStudentAid.ed.gov 1-800-4-FED-AID
FEDERAL STUDENT AID -START HERE, GO FURTHER.
➤ Request with Prime and Subcontractor relationship
(DATE)
202

To Whom It May Concern:

(Collection Agency Name) has been retained by the U.S. Department of Education to resolve Federal student loan obligations held by the Department. Pursuant to the Higher Education Act (HEA) of 1965, as amended, and Federal regulations 34 CFR 682.402(b), 674.61 and 685.212 in order to verify an individual's death and discharge any Federal student loan obligations, the Department of Education requires the original death certificate, a certified copy of the death certificate, or an accurate and complete photocopy of an original or certified copy of the death certificate.

(Collection Agency Name) has authorized (Subcontractor Name), acting on behalf of (Collection Agency Name), to obtain information regarding the individual named below, who has been reported as deceased.

Name of Deceased:
Social Security number: (Last four digits acceptable)
Date of Birth (if known):
Please send the death certificate to: (may insert subcontractor address and phone number)
(In addition, may want to insert Collection Agency contact information in case of further questions)
This information is needed for official U.S. government business. Federal statutes and regulations require that the U.S. Department of Education and its representatives use the information you provide only for official authorized government purposes. Your assistance with the death verification process is greatly appreciated.
Sincerely,
U.S. Department of Education
Federal Student Aid, Business Operations
STATE OF GEORGIA
On this day of, 2XXX, personally appeared, satisfactorily identified as the person stating that this document is his official act and deed with the full understanding of the penalty of law if
applicable.
Notary Public Pu
My Commission Expires:
61 Esperals St. Den (PTSD)
61 Forsyth St., Rm 19T89 Atlanta, GA 30303
www.FederalStudentAid.ed.gov

FEDERAL STUDENT AID START HERE GO FURTHER.

1-800-4-FED-AID

## 4. BANKRUPTCIES

Bankruptcy is a court procedure established by Federal statute to help borrowers who are unable to meet their financial obligations as they become due. The goal is to give the borrower a "fresh start". There are two basic types of bankruptcies:

- Liquidation: distributes all of the borrower's assets, if any, among the creditors with the understanding that this partial payment closes the book on the debts.
  - Chapter 7 Bankruptcy (BK7) is a liquidation bankruptcy. It is sometimes called a "personal bankruptcy" and usually takes 4 to 6 months to complete.
  - The BK7s received by ED are usually BK7s with no assets for distribution.
- Reorganization: sets up a new extended payment schedule, within the borrower's means, under which the borrower pays all or only a portion of the debt. It gives the borrower a fresh start by allowing extra time to pay the debt from earnings or wages rather than from liquidating the borrower's estate.
  - Chapter 13 Bankruptcy (BK13) is a reorganization bankruptcy. It is sometimes called a "wage earner bankruptcy" and usually takes 3 to 5 years to complete.
  - Chapter 11 Bankruptcy (BK11), sometimes called a "business bankruptcy" and Chapter 12 Bankruptcy (BK12), sometimes called a "farmer's bankruptcy" are also reorganization bankruptcies, but ED rarely sees these bankruptcies for student loan borrowers.

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#### B. Bankruptcy Terminology

(b)(7)(E)			

#### Date Petition Filed

The date that the borrower files a bankruptcy petition in U.S. Bankruptcy Court.

#### Date of Filing

 Date last document/report was filed with the court; does not impact earlier dates of discharge, dismissal, etc.

#### Dismissal

 An action taken by the bankruptcy court to reject a petition for relief in bankruptcy. After a petition is dismissed, the debts listed in that bankruptcy's schedule are treated as if the bankruptcy never existed. These debts are then due and payable.

#### General (or Final) Discharge Order

- This is sometimes called an Order for Discharge or Discharge of Borrower. The
  order entered by the bankruptcy court giving the borrower relief in bankruptcy.
  By this order, those debts that are dischargeable are discharged. It does not
  necessarily discharge all scheduled (listed) debts, particularly student loans.
- A discharge order does not in most cases relieve the borrower of personal liability for non-dischargeable student loan debts even if those debts were listed in the bankruptcy schedule.

#### List of Creditors

This is sometimes called a Schedule A-3 or Schedule of Debts. This list is composed by the borrower and filed with the bankruptcy court. The list itemizes all of the creditors and debts that the borrower seeks to have discharged in the bankruptcy.

#### Non-Dischargeable in Bankruptcy

A student loan that does not meet the requirements for discharge under 11 U.S.C. 523(a)(8)(A) when a general discharge order is entered in the bankruptcy by the court. Collection of the student loan debt may then resume.

#### ➤ Notice of First Meeting of Creditors

 The Notice sent by the bankruptcy court to listed creditors advising that a bankruptcy has been filed. Along with other bankruptcy information, it contains the name and SSN of the borrower(s), the location of the court, the bankruptcy case number, and the date the bankruptcy petition was filed.

#### Proof of Claim (POC)

 A document prepared by a creditor and filed in the court in an asset or wage earner bankruptcy. Its purpose is to state the amount of the outstanding debt and the basis for the debt owed to the creditor as of the bankruptcy date.

#### Summons and Complaint to Determine Dischargeability

 A document indicating that the borrower has filed an adversary action in court petitioning the bankruptcy judge to grant a special order specifically discharging the borrower's student loans. The receipt of such a document is to be considered a priority requiring expedited transfer to ED Litigation Branch:

> U.S. Department of Education Borrower Services Chief, Litigation Support 50 Beale St #8629 San Francisco, CA 94105

#### > Terminated

Bankruptcy closed

#### C. Bankruptcy Documentation

The following documents may be received from the borrower or the Bankruptcy Court or from a web service such as PACER:

#### New BKs

- 1. Order for First Meeting of Creditors, stapled to the
- 2. List of Creditors or to a Bankruptcy Court Envelope.
- If you receive an Order for First Meeting document directly from the bankruptcy court in a court envelope, it means that the addressee is already listed with the Court as a creditor. In that case, additional List of Creditors information will not be necessary.

#### Old BKs

3. <u>Discharge of Borrower</u> (in addition to 1 and 2 above)

Currently, ED is also accepting bankruptcy documentation obtained from Banko, Pacer and Lexis/Nexis. This documentation must specifically list the borrowers name and at least the last four digits of the SSN as a petitioner.

If using PACER, PCAs should review the "Case Summary" screen/page within PACER to find termination, discharge and dismissal dates. No values in these date fields indicate that the bankruptcy is still open.

## D. Bankruptcy Notification

Immediately upon becoming aware of a bankruptcy of	case, the PCA will:
(b)(7)(E)	
<ul> <li>➤ Take the appropriate steps as outlined below bankruptcies</li> <li>E. ALL Bankruptcies filed before October 8, 199</li> <li>If the court has issued a Final Discharge AND a det made and entered on the (E) screen by a Department</li> </ul>	<u>8:</u>
PCA should:  (b)(7)(E)	
)(7)(E)	

## F. Chapter 7 Bankruptcies filed after October 8, 1998

Title IV student loans and grants are not dischargeable in bankruptcy if the petition is filed on or after October 8, 1998 without the debtor filing an adversary proceeding and an express finding of hardship by the court.

Immediately upon becoming aware of the BK7 case, the PCA will:

(b)(7)(E)	
7)(E)	

Immediately upon becoming aware of an active BK13 case (or BK11, BK12), the PCA	will:
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# H. <u>BK13 Cases Filed on or after October 8, 1998 for which the Court has issued an Order of Discharge or a Dismissal Order</u>

Title IV student loans and grants are not dischargeable in bankruptcy if the petition is filed on or after October 8, 1998 without the debtor filing an adversary proceeding and an express finding of hardship by the court. When a BK13 is dismissed by the USBC, the debts become due and payable.

Upon receipt of the Bankruptcy Discharge or Dismissal document, the PCA should (assuming they still have the account):

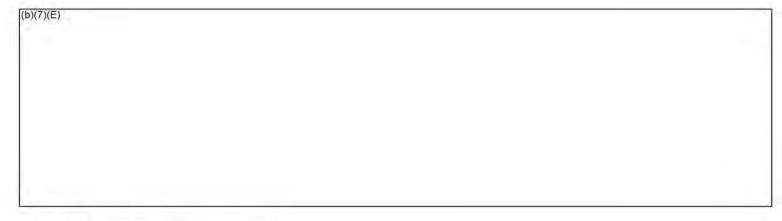
	nd the appropriate letter and resume collection notate the 顷双瓜	activity.
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	o "BK13 filed (filing date), Case #.	, USBC, (District in which case is
	<u>filed</u> ), discharged (discharge date) {dismi resume collection, (1 <sup>st</sup> initial, last name)"	
	express the result of the female contract of the female.	
documenta	y time, you are unsure about a bankruptcy ation on an IMF to the Atlanta Regional Off	determination, submit all
	y time, you are unsure about a bankruptcy ation on an IMF to the Atlanta Regional Off	determination, submit all

## 5. <u>INCARCERATIONS</u>

If the PCA determines that a borrower is incarcerated, the PCA shall obtain verification from a prison official of the borrower's earliest possible release date. Incarcerations are treated as an administrative resolution and are submitted to the Atlanta Regional Office as an EFT by the PCA.

Incarcerations are divided into two categories based on the length of the borrower's sentencing.

INC o	(b)(7)(E)	
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INW o	(b)(7)(E)	
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#### A. Verification Documentation

Verification documentation must contain at least the following information:

- ➤ Borrower's full name
- Full DOB.
- Earliest release date (parole date)
  - o This date may be classified under different terms such as a parole hearing date. As long as the date is the earliest possible indication of when the prisoner may be released and uses verbiage that supports release date information, the date should be acceptable
  - In the event that the earliest release date has passed and the only other date is the maximum sentence date, the PCA needs to obtain more clarifying/concrete information.
    - This should indicate if there is a new updated early release date or confirm that the earliest release date is now the maximum sentence date.
- Prison facility/institution address

The SSN is encouraged but not required, since most official websites will not provide the SSN.

Acceptable incarcerated documentation from the PCA must be in one of the following three forms:

1) The printed page of verification information from an official prison/state Website.

Must indicate the borrower the full name and full DOR
 (b)(7)(E)

- Possible websites are listed in subsection E of this Section
- 2) Written verification from a prison on the institution's letterhead or the ED incarceration verification letter completed by a prison official (See subsection D of this Section for a copy of the letter)
  - The ED Incarceration Letter only needs to be sent in for ED signature if required by the prison/state; unsigned letters with the appropriate information may accepted by some institutions

original signature must be obtained on each letter    b    (b)(7)(E)     c  (b)(7)(E)     c  (c)(7)(E)     c
O Copy of an email from the prison official verifying the borrower's incarceration status  O Identifying information must include the borrower's name and complete DOB.  Computer printouts from a state/prison database. Some PCAs (10)(7)(E)  are able to obtain incarceration data directly from a state or prison data system. However, since the format or information may be unknown or not easily identifiable, are following statement must be provided on the computer printout or attached:  In the above information was obtained from the INSERT STATE AND/OR PRISON SYSTEM database provided to INSERT SUBCONTRACTOR or CONTRACTOR NAME for verification purposes. The information provided is, to the best of our knowledge, true and accurate to the individual's current incarceration status."  If using a subcontractor, below this statement there must be two signature blocks, one for the subcontractor and one for the PCA.  O If no subcontractor, then just the PCA certification is necessary  The PCA must also notarize the statement.  The subcontractor is not required to notarize  If unable to notarize two signatures, the PCA may notarize the statement on a separate copy  The minimum identifying information that must appear as part of the verification record includes the borrower's full name (at least first and last name) and the borrower's full date of birth
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month/day/year). (b)(7)(E) 7)(E)
•
The agency obtains the verification from nonline source and the identifying information is not present or complete on the verification, but the agency used personal identifying information to access the incarceration record (i.e. notered borrower SSN), then the agency needs to write on the online record the process used to be be bearing the record. However, if no personal identifying information is used to obtain the record not the online record is incomplete (i.e. no DOB only borrower age), then the agency must be be bearing the process and the online record is incomplete (i.e. no DOB only borrower age).
f identifying factors are incomplete or inconclusive, the monitor may reject the account or equest additional supporting information from the PCAs.
(7)(E)

B. <u>DMCS Documentatio</u>	n
-----------------------------	---

(E)				
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> The PCA must also update th			(b)(7)(E)	

- Prison address must include the following format:
  - Prison Name
  - Prison Street/PO BOX Address Inmate#
  - City, State Zip Code
- o If inmate numbers are not used, the PCA must document this fact on the (b)(7)(E)
- PCA does NOT need to provide supporting documentation for actual prison address as long as updated properly on L103
- o Exception: if borrower gave (b)(7)(E)
  - Notation to this effect

## C. Processing Incarcerations

PCAs should conduct the following steps when reviewing possible incarceration accounts:

- Obtain appropriate incarceration documentation.
- Verify borrower's incarceration by matching at least date of birth (DOB), and full name
- Document DMCS appropriately
- Submit complete incarceration EFT package to the Atlanta Regional Office for review and approval

## D. ED Incarceration Verification Letters

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Standard Prime Contractor Request
(Date)
The U.S. Department of Education has retained (Collection Agency Name) to provide services in connection with a personal business matter regarding an individual we believe is currently incarcerated at your facility. The information you provide is needed for official U.S. Government business. Pursuant to the Privacy Act, the Department and its representatives, including (Collection Agency Name) and any employees who receive this information, may use the information you provide only for official government purposes authorized under the Privacy Act and Department regulations.
Please complete the information listed below and fax back to: ()
If you do not have access to a fax you can mail this form to: (May include phone number)
Your prompt response is appreciated. Thank you for your assistance in this manner.
Name of incarcerated individual: Social Security Number: (last four digits acceptable) Birth Date: Inmate number:
Release date or parole eligibility date (whichever is earlier):
Name, title, and phone number (if available) of individual verifying this information:
Signature of verifying official:
Sincerely,
U.S. Department of Education
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#### Federal Student Aid/Business Operations

61 Forsyth St., Rm 19T89 Atlanta, GA 30303 www.FederalStudentAid.ed.gov 1-800-4-FED-AID

#### FEDERAL STUDENT AID START HERE GO FURTHER.

Request with Prime and Subcontractor relationship

(Date)	

The U.S. Department of Education has retained (Collection Agency Name) to provide services in connection with a personal business matter regarding an individual thought to be incarcerated at your facility. (Collection Agency Name) has authorized (Subcontractor Name), acting on behalf of (Collection Agency Name), to obtain the information listed below to determine the individual's incarceration status.

The information you provide is needed for official U.S. Government business. Pursuant to the Privacy Act, the Department and its representatives, including (Collection Agency Name, Subcontractor Name) and any employees who receive this information, may use the information you provide only for official government purposes authorized under the Privacy Act and Department regulations.

lease complete the information listed below and tax to: ()
f you do not have access to a fax you can mail this form to: (may insert subcontractor address/phone number)

(In addition, may want to insert Collection Agency contact information in case of further questions)

Your prompt response is appreciated. Thank you for your assistance in this manner.

Name of incarcerated individual:

Social Security Number: (last four digits acceptable)

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Birth Date:	
Inmate number:	
Release date or parole eligibility date (wh	hichever is earlier):
Name, title, and phone number (if availal	ble) of individual verifying this information:
Signature of verifying official:	
	Sincerely,
	U.S. Department of Education Federal Student Aid/Business Operations

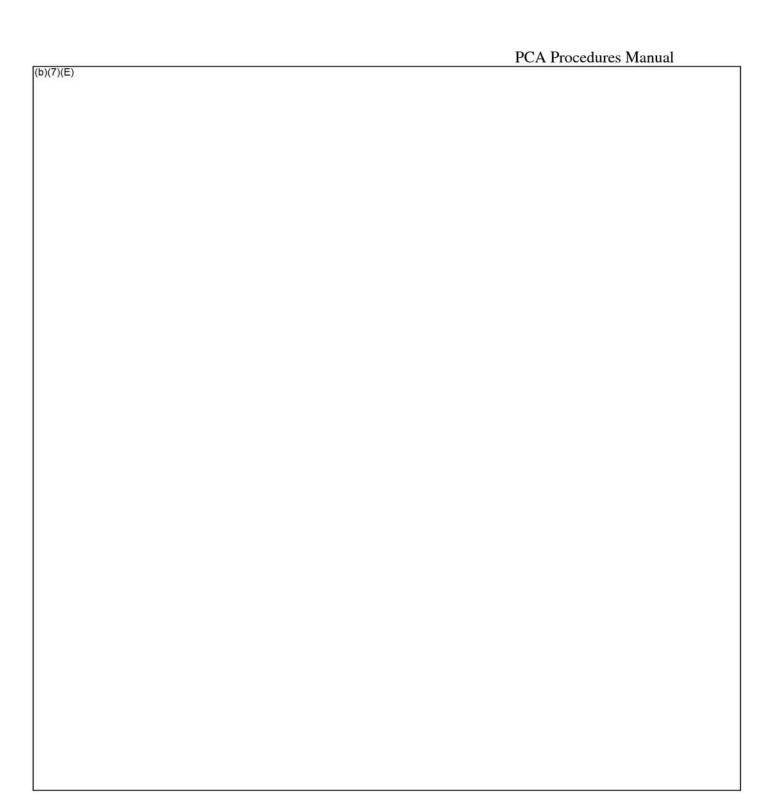
61 Forsyth St., Rm 19T89 Atlanta, GA 30303 www.FederalStudentAid.ed.gov 1-800-4-FED-AID

#### FEDERAL STUDENT AID START HERE. GO FURTHER.

## E. Possible Incarceration Websites

State	Website	
FEDERAL	www.bop.gov	
Alabama www.doc.state.al.us/inmate_search.htm		
Arizona www.adc.state.az.us/Isearch.htm		
Arkansas	www.arkansas.gov/doc/inmate_info	
California	www.corr.ca.gov/CDC/Inmate_Locator.asp	
Colorado https://www.cbirecordscheck.com/Index.asp		
Connecticut www.ctinmateinfo.state.ct.us		
Florida	lorida www.dc.state.fl.us/activeinmates	
Georgia	www.dcor.state.ga.us	
Idaho	www.accessidaho.org/public/corr/offender/search.html	
Illinois	http://www.idoc.state.il.us	
Iowa	www.doc.state.ia.us/OffenderInfo.asp	
Kansas	http://docnet.dc.state.ks.us	
Kentucky	www.corrections.ky.gov/kool/ioffdisclaimer.htm	
Maine www.state.me.us/corrections/VictimServices/default.htm		
Maryland	www.dpscs.state.md.us/inmate	
Massachusetts	www.vinelink.com	

Michigan	http://mi-mall.michigan.gov/ichat		
Minnesota	http://info.doc.state.mn.us/publicviewer/main.asp		
Mississippi	www.mdoc.state.ms.us		
Montana http://app.discoveringmontana.com/conweb/index.htm			
Nebraska www.corrections.state.ne.us			
Nevada	www.doc.nv.gov/ncis/search.php		
New Jersey	www.state.nj.us/corrections/index.shtml		
New Mexico	http://corrections.state.nm.us/offenders/search.php		
New York	http://nysdocslookup.docs.state.ny.us/kinqw00		
North Carolina	www.doc.state.nc.us/offenders		
Ohio www.drc.state.oh.us/search2.htm			
Oklahoma www.doc.state.ok.us/docs/offender_info.htm			
Oregon www.vinelink.com			
Pennsylvania	www.cor.state.pa.us/docapps/locator.asp		
Rhode Island	www.vinelink.com		
South Carolina	http://sword.doc.state.sc.us		
South Dakota	www.state.sd.us/corrections/adult_corrections.htm		
Tennessee	www.tennesseeanytime.org/foil/search.jsp		
Texas	www.tdcj.state.tx.us/offender_information.htm		
Utah www.cr.ex.state.ut.us/community/victimservices/vine.htm			
Vermont <u>www.doc.state.vt.us/offender</u>			
Virginia www.vadoc.state.va.us/offenders/default.htm			
Washington	https://watch.wsp.wa.gov		
Wisconsin	www.wi-doc.com		



#### 7. TOTAL AND PERMANENT DISABILITIES

Total and permanent disability is defined as a situation where a person is unable to work and earn money because of an injury or illness that is expected to continue indefinitely or result in death or a person that has been determined by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs to be unemployable due to a service-connected condition.

Eligible borrowers may have their Federal Family Education Loans, Federal Perkins Loans, Federal Direct Loans, or Teacher Education Assistance Grants (converted to loans) discharged.

**PLEASE NOTE:** Pell and SEOG Grant overpayments (POVR) are not eligible for disability discharges (Please see Subsection F)

#### References:

- > SOW 3.4 B
- ➤ Public Law 110-315 (HEOA)
- > 34 CFR 682.402; 674.61; 685.213

#### A. Required Documentation for NON-Veterans\*

\*veterans that do NOT meet the conditions listed in Subsection E, will follow the procedures for regular borrowers listed below.

#### > 1845 Form

0	If a borrower claims to be disabled, the PCA will advise the borrower that a
	"Discharge Application: Total and Permanent Disability" (OMB No. 1845), must
	be completed by a doctor of medicine or a doctor of osteopathy legally authorized
	to practice in a "state"
	(b)(7)(E)

 PCAs will review the application and corresponding documentation to determine the borrower's eligibility for discharge

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Distribution authorized to the Department of Education and its Private Collection Agency contractors only. Other requests shall be referred to the Federal Student Aid Acquisitions Group.

Credit Bur	reau Report (CBR)		
o (b)(7)(E	) ==		
► Medical Li	icense Verification		
(b)(7)(E)	cense vernication		
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(illegi	ble/missing info	rmation in Secti	on 4 questions)	should be apper	nded by the

ED Origina	L Documents Ver	ification/Eynl	anation Form	i.e	
(b)(7)(E)					
Veteran's A	dministration M *For veterans that	ledical Letters t do not meet the s	* special requireme	ents listed in Subse	ction E
/bV7VEV					
(b)(7)(E)					
(b)(7)(E)					

- The physician must also state in the attachment that he believes the borrower's condition prevents the borrower from being able to work in any capacity and that they anticipate the condition to continue indefinitely.
- Please write on the application, "see attached."

#### **B.** 1845 Review

After the 1845 is returned, the PCA will review the form to determine the borrower's eligibility for discharge.

- > Section 1 (Applicant Identification)
  - o Borrower and/or PCA may fill in this section (dark ink)
  - o If no phone number is available, write NONE or N/A
  - o Information may be written, typed, or stamped (stamps on the left-hand side)
  - Pseudo SSN may not be used
  - Name on application must match name in DMCS
- > Section 2 (Instructions for completing the form)
  - o Key points include:

(b)(7)(E)

- Type or print in dark ink
- PCAs should list their address and phone number at the bottom of page one to indicate where to send the completed form and the number to call with questions

- Section 3 (Borrower certification)
  - o The borrower (or Representative) signature must be an original signature
    - If the form does not contain an original borrower signature it must be certified as a true and exact copy of the original
    - A borrower may print their name in the signature block if that is the borrower's method for his/her signature
      - PCAs need to provide clear documentation supporting this signature method
  - o For representatives, all the applicable line items must be filled in (address, printed name, borrower relationship)

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#### C. Disability Submission Process for NON-Veterans\*

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\*veterans that do NOT meet the conditions listed in Subsection E, will follow the procedures for regular borrowers listed below.

Once the PCA has gathered all the required documentation noted above, verified its completeness, and determined initial eligibility, the PCA may proceed with the disability submission process:

eligibility requirements and important notices

Submission documentation includes at a minimum:

- o SSU Sheet
- o Disability Cover sheet\*
- o Disability Application\*
- Medical License Verification\*
- Credit Bureau Report\*

\*for each individual borrower

Additional documentation may include:

- Medical or 1845 clarification documentation
- o ED Original Documents Verification/Explanation Form
- Veteran's Administration Medical Letter

Once the required documents have been assembled the agency will:

Update the DMCS  (b)(7)(E)			
The following info	mation must	oe notated	
(b)(7)(E)			

- o Borrower Date of Birth
  - The borrower's date of birth is necessary for the Conditional Disability Discharge unit to load the borrower's account to their system. If the borrower's date of birth is not present on the DMCS, PCAs must obtain the borrower's date of birth for any disability packages that they submit.
  - Requests to have the date of birth entered on our system should be sent to Atlanta via IMF (See Chapter 5).
  - Documentation to enter a DOB includes:
    - valid state driver's license or other state-issued identification that
    - shows date of birth
    - · birth certificate
    - passport (if date of birth is shown)
    - military orders or documents that list the borrower's date of birth

o Coll	lector Number			
	(b)(7)(E)			
	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR			

#### Submission Package

- Organize all required documentation by individual borrower and place in order according to the accounts listed on the SSU sheet
- All documents corresponding to a particular borrower must be bound securely (stapled, etc.)
- The entire package must also be bound securely

#### Mailing

0	All disability packages must be sent to the Atlanta Regional Office (see Chapter
	20 for address information)
0	(b)(7)(E)

#### D. ED Review Process

Once the Atlanta Regional Office receives the PCA disability submission, ED staff will review account submissions for completeness, accuracy, and proper DMCS documentation.

#### > Accounts Approved:

o If approved, the monitor will update the ED notepad with:

(b)(7)(E)			

o The account will be recalled from the PCA and an administrative fee paid

#### > Accounts Rejected:

0	If rejected, the monitor will undate the ED notepad with:	
	0	If rejected, the monitor will undate the ED notenad with:

- A copy of the SSU form will be faxed back to the PCA with the rejected accounts crossed off
- The original 1845 form and all accompanying documents will be returned to the PCA

#### E. Veteran Review Process

#### **Eligibility**

Legislation was enacted in 2008 that allows ED to discharge the student loans of veterans if the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) has determined the veteran to be unemployable due to a service-connected condition.

These provisions became effective August 14, 2008 for the FFEL and Direct Loan programs, and July 1, 2008 for the Perkins Loan Program.

)	listed in Subsections	 	

- Accounts eligible for discharge under this new standard will be processed separately (b)(7)(E) 0 0
- PCAs must notate their agency number (AGXXX) at the top of the 1845 in RED
- Accounts Forwarded to the Atlanta Regional Office in a separate envelope to the attention of the "VA Disability Discharge Unit".

)(E)	O notepad must be documented as follows depending on the VA determination:
To a	
o El	igible applications should be sent to Atlanta on a daily basis
ED Revie	ew Process:
■ If app	roved:
- n app	Accounts will be recalled from the PCAs
0	PCAs paid an administrative fee
0	ED notepad updated with:
(b)(7)(E)	
1	
■ If reje	cted; The monitor will undate the ED notenad with:
-	The modifor will lindate the ELI notebad with:
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)(7)(E)	

PCA

#### F. Additional Guidance

#### ■ Accounts with POVRs (grants)

- o If an account has loan(s) AND a POVR and meets all the requirements for disability, submit through the disability process
- o If the borrower only has a POVR(s), do NOT submit

#### Accounts No Longer with a PCA

If a disability application comes in after the account has already been recalled or returned to ED, PCAs will forward the application to the Atlanta Regional Office. (See Chapter 20 for contact information)

- G. Disability Letters and Forms
- > Disability Cover Sheet

#### Your letterhead

# The attached 1845, "Discharge Application: Total and Permanent Disability" was received on\*:

(PCAs can write the date in, just make sure that it is large, clearly legible and in black ink)

\*Date is the initial date application is received by EITHER ED/Vangent or the PCA. The ED/Vangent date would be the date notated on the ED notepad indicating an original 1845 had been received by ED.

## THE PHYSICIAN CERTIFIED THE BORROWER'S TOTAL AND PERMANENT DISABILITY ON:

(PCAs can write the date in, just make sure that it is large, clearly legible and in black ink)

## > Original Documents Verification/Explanation Form

## Original Documents Verification/Explanation Form

Account #	
We certify that at the time of processing the encludes discharge request, a component of the U.S. Department of the use o	ment of Education
Attached L102 notepad documents orig received by ED	inal 1845
Agency Representative Printed Name of Representative	_(Signature)
PCA Name/Agency Code	
Appendix (FORMS)	

A. Single Sheet Update (SSU) Form

8.

## SINGLE SHEET UPDATE (SSU)

FFEL OPTICAL IMAGING DATABASE SLPC, GREENVILLE, TEXAS

		ORIGINATION I	NFO:	
RE	GIONAL OFFICE:	NAME/P	HONE #:	
US	ER I.D.:	AGENCY #:	DATE: _	-
Cor	ntents of this package separaged and <b>DESTROYED</b>	nted by Borrower/Debt ID/	SSN - all document	s included will be
	NAME	DEBT I.D. #		SSN
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				

#### DO NOT ALTER OR REVISE THIS FORM

## B. Transmittal Form

## **EFT TRANSMITTAL FORM**

	File Transmissio	n Date:
TO:	EFT PROCESSING AREA U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION FAX: (903) 454-5398	
CRE	EATION DATE:	
	PE NUMBER OF VOLSER DULD EQUAL INTERNAL LABEL:	
DAT	ΓΑ SET NAME: GSL CARRET <b>AGENCY NO:</b>	_
TYPI	PE OF RECORDS ON EFT: (Circle type of EFT Submitted)  BAN BNK CAN DEA INC INW INA/UNL C	PR/PIF/CER
#		
SIGN	NATURE & DATE OF ED REGIONAL CONTRACT MONITO	DR:
	EFT APPROVED: EFT REJECTED:	
# OF	F RECORDS:	
STA	NDARD LABEL:	
LREG	ECL:	
BLO	OCK SIZE:	
BPI:		
RETU	TURN EFT TO:	
CON	NTACT	PERSON:
TELE	EPHONE	NUMBER:
FAX	Δ:	
	232	

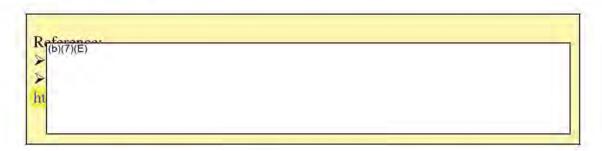
Distribution authorized to the Department of Education and its Private Collection Agency contractors only. Other requests shall be referred to the Federal Student Aid Acquisitions Group.

#### DO NOT ALTER OR REVISE THIS FORM

## CHAPTER 13: Involuntary Payment Programs (AWG & Litigation)

Unfortunately, borrowers do not always voluntarily repay their Education debt. Aside from Treasury Offset Payments (See Chapter 8) that are ED initiated, there are two involuntary payment programs initiated by PCAs. The two programs are Administrative Wage Garnishment (AWG) and Litigation. Both programs are seen as last resort efforts and should not be taken lightly by PCAs.

Both sections in this Chapter only provide a brief overview and only discuss basic initiation procedures within AWG and Litigation. For more detailed information, please review the specific program training manuals.



## 1. ADMINISTRATIVE WAGE GARNISHMENT

#### A. Authority

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ED implemented Administrative Wage Garnishment on a pilot basis in 1992-1993 for in-house accounts which was later expanded as a pilot with the PCAs in 1994. Due to the success of these pilots, AWG has become an important part of our collection program.

#### **B.** AWG Initiation

AWG should be considered one of the final dispositions for an account; however, accounts should be evaluated for AWG prior to litigation.

The PCAs identify accounts to be moved into the AWG process. If during your contact with the borrower, you determine that the borrower has the ability to but no intention of paying, the borrower may be a candidate for AWG.

Minimum Account Requirements p)(7)(E)	
W/V.	

## D. Verification Requirements

Pri	or to initiating AWG, the PCA must:
A	(b)(7)(E)
<b>A</b>	
4	

>	te
. DMC	S Process
The P	PCA will use the (b)(7)(E) the ED-DMCS to move an unt into the AWG program.
0	TIL VENUES
O	
	entering the information $(b)(7)(E)$ the $(b)(7)(E)$ am will look at the account and, if the account passes all $(b)(7)(E)$ G edits, will create
	OTICE OF PROPOSED WAGE GARNISHMENT (T12) with enclosure
"REC	QUEST FOR HEARING" form to be mailed to the borrower
(b	Borrower status changed to (b)(7)(E)
The	existen then sets a follow-up date for (b)(7)(E) and if no new status code is input on
(b)(7)(E)	The first and the second and the first and t
(b)(7)(E)	rogram win automatically move the account into a
(b)(7)(E)	
(=/(-/(=/	The Atlanta Regional Office will review the account and approve or reject the validation order.  If approved, the FINAL NOTICE OF WAGE GARNISHMENT FOR DEBT
0	The Atlanta Regional Office will review the account and approve or reject the validation order.  If approved, the FINAL NOTICE OF WAGE GARNISHMENT FOR DEBT OWED TO U.S. GOVERNMENT ((E)) is sent to the borrower and the ORDER
0	The Atlanta Regional Office will review the account and approve or reject the validation order.  If approved, the FINAL NOTICE OF WAGE GARNISHMENT FOR DEBT OWED TO U.S. GOVERNMENT ((E)) is sent to the borrower and the ORDER FOR WITHHOLDING OF EMPLOTEE WAGES FOR DEBT OWED TO U.S.
0	The Atlanta Regional Office will review the account and approve or reject the validation order.  If approved, the FINAL NOTICE OF WAGE GARNISHMENT FOR DEBT OWED TO U.S. GOVERNMENT (E) is sent to the borrower and the ORDER FOR WITHHOLDING OF EMPLOTED WAGES FOR DEBT OWED TO U.S. GOVERNMENT (b)(7)(E) sent to the employer and sets follow-up for (b)(7)(E)
0	The Atlanta Regional Office will review the account and approve or reject the validation order.  If approved, the FINAL NOTICE OF WAGE GARNISHMENT FOR DEBT OWED TO U.S. GOVERNMENT ((E)) is sent to the borrower and the ORDER FOR WITHHOLDING OF EMPLOTED WAGES FOR DEBT OWED TO U.S. GOVERNMENT ((b)(7)(E)) sent to the employer and sets follow-up for ((b)(7)(E))  If there is no response from the employer, the GDAWG program automatically moves the account and approve or reject the validation order.
0	The Atlanta Regional Office will review the account and approve or reject the validation order.  If approved, the FINAL NOTICE OF WAGE GARNISHMENT FOR DEBT OWED TO U.S. GOVERNMENT (E) is sent to the borrower and the ORDER FOR WITHHOLDING OF EMPLOTED WAGES FOR DEBT OWED TO U.S. GOVERNMENT (b)(7)(E) sent to the employer and sets follow-up for (b)(7)(E)

## F. AWG Voluntary Payments

Chapter for more information

the date of the letter to contact the PCA and set up repayment. (b)(7)(E)	has (b)(7)(E) from
(b)(7)(E)	
¥:	
41	
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G. AWG Hearing Process	
G. ANG Marine Trocks	
All borrowers subjected to AWG, have the opportunity to challenge the AWG or	
registerent payments stopped or reduced through a formal AWG hearing proce	ss.
If the borrower had a hearing resulting in a voluntary reduced payment plan	the
PCA is required to follow up at 6 months by requesting a (b)(7) Notice. If the	ms reserved in a
6-month suspension (status HR2), the PCA is required to follow up with a live IN	lotice at the end
of the 6-month period. These notices ((b)(/)(E) must be requested	2 1
The Chicago Regional Office (Region 5) handles all AWG Hearing requests. As	ny questions or
The Chicago Regional Office (Region 5) handles all AWG Hearing requests. An concerns about the AWG Hearing process should be directed to the (b)(7)(E)	Ty questions of
(b)(7)(E) When calling the main number, please ask to speak to an AWG Hearing	
(b)(7)(E)	
H. New Debts	
An account can have subsequently assigned debts subjected to wage garnishmen	
However, the entire wage garnishment notification and hearing process must be	repeated for
each new debt assigned to the account.	
	ne icenad tha
If an account was previously identified as an AWG account and a(E) Votice was	as issued, the
(b)(7)	v debt letter

#### I. Non-Compliant Employers

Employers are not as familiar with an AWG order as compared to a judicial order, and as a result, they frequently ask the same or similar questions. The cooperation from employers has contributed and will continue to contribute to the significant results in this program. ED has created a Website for employers to address their frequently asked questions and developed an employer procedures guide for complying with the order for withholding.

(b)(3):44 USC § 3541,(b)(7)(E) ED will assist employers in understanding now to comply with procedural aspects of the AWG order, and provide limited guidance on legal matters. As a final compliance effort, the branch also reviews and approves referral of the non-compliant employer to the Department of Justice (DOJ) for compliance enforcement. (b)(7)(E)

## 2. <u>LITIGATION</u>

### A. Overview

If the PCA is unable to recover funds through available collection tools, debts may be referred for litigation.

The following is an overview of the requirements and restrictions for litigation submissions — more detailed instructions and sample forms are provided in the Litigation Package Manual.

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)	
Requ	irements for Litigation Packages
- Fall	awing documentation will be approved by the DCA and submitted in the litigation
	owing documentation will be prepared by the PCA and submitted in the litigation forwarded to the San Francisco Litigation Branch:
ckage	forwarded to the San Francisco Engation Branch.
> (	One complete litigation file.
	Two copies of Litigation Package Cover Sheet.
	Completed Claims Collection Litigation Report (CCLR).
> (	Completed Certificate of Indebtedness (COI).
> (	CBR within 30 days,
> (	Computer printouts of account collection records within 30 days.
> (b)	)(7)(E)
>	
P	

Prior to submission of the case by the PCA, the following items (at a minimum) should be reviewed for completeness and accuracy:

- Review Certificates of Indebtedness. All COI(s) must be error free. All dates must reflect data as contained in the printouts provided. COI(s) must be original. Use interest formula to determine daily accrual. Different interest rates and lenders require separate COI(s) and a CCLR page 1.
- Review the CCLR for accuracy.
- > Review CBR for open bankruptcy.
- Review cover sheet to determine if DOJ location code is correct.
- Review ED's database to assure payments have not posted within 60 days and the account is not paid in full.

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Litigations approved by Region 9 will be counted as an administrative resolution in CPCS and PCAs will be paid the appropriate administrative fee per the SOW.

Please Note: San Francisco litigation staff will reject all packages with errors and if packages have the same error more than twice, the entire batch will be returned to the PCA for further quality control. It is very important that PCAs do thorough quality control of ALL cases prior to submission in order not to delay the approval of their cases.

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## CHAPTER 14: PAYMENT PROCESSING

Processing borrower payments is one of the most crucial functions within debt collection. The main goal with any debt collection is to hopefully negotiate a successful account resolution and obtain payments from the borrower.

Borrowers are able to make payments in a variety of ways (sometimes with restrictions) in an effort to satisfy debts quickly, timely and efficiently. Borrowers may pay by personal check, cashier's check, credit card, Western Union, or through ED's direct debit program (DDP).

Please note: Foreign borrowers can send in personal checks from foreign banks (b)(7)(E)

The checks do NOT have to be in US funds. Though paying in US funds will make the posting process simpler and quicker.

#### 1. NATIONAL PAYMENT CENTER (NPC)

The National Payment Center processes all borrower payments (except Credit Cards) and creates files to post all payments into the DMCS. In most cases all payments received at NPC prior to 10:30am Central Time will be posted the same day. Payment processing is handled by the Treasury Department's contractor, Bank of America.

To aid payment processing efficiency, whenever possible borrowers should include payment coupons with their payments.

#### A. Payment Address

Borrowers should be directed to make their payment payable to the U.S. Department of Education, note their Social Security number on the face of the instrument, and mail it to:

U.S. Department of Education National Payment Center P.O. Box 105028 Atlanta, GA 30348-5028

Because payments received at the contractor's street address are processed as exceptions, they strongly discourage the use of overnight mail services.

## 2. SPECIFIC PAYMENT TYPES

#### A. Americorp and Department of Defense Loan Reimbursement Loan Program

Upon receipt of an Americorp payment application form, the PCA will forward the document to Vangent for completion. The agency will not receive commission for these payments.

### B. PCA generated checks and Speedpay

PCAs have the ability to generate checks for the borrower or use Speedpay processes to assist borrowers with making consistent, timely payments.

With the PCA generated checks, the PCA is able to print checks on-site from the borrower checking accounts, bundle groups of checks and mail to NPC for posting. All such checks shall be kept in a locked and secure area with limited access to the staff.

With Speedpay, PCAs are able to transmit borrower checking information through Speedpay. Speedpay is in the process of establishing an ACH process through Pay.gov to process their payments.

The borrower's banking information, whether on paper or electronic format should only be accessible to authorized personal. This information should not be stored in common areas (i.e., on the collector notepad or in an open, unlocked area) The PCA is responsible for all penalties incurred by the borrower due to any errors made by the PCA staff in processing of these payments i.e. duplicate posting of payments, early processing of payments, etc.

With regards to these payments, the following issues should be noted:

The costs of these services may NOT be passed on to the borrower.

These payments are <u>personal checks</u> and (b)(7)	(Y)(E)
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(b)(7)(E)	
0	

#### C. Western Union

The purpose of Western Union is to allow borrowers the ability to make payments via Western Union Quick Collect.

To participate in the program, the PCA should:

- Call Client Services @ 1/800/238-5772 to establish their code city identification.
- When the code city identification is established, the PCA should notify the Assistant COR and provide the ID.

When assisting borrowers, the PCA may indicate the following:

- If the borrower wishes to make a payment via Western Union Quick Collect, the PCA can direct the borrower to 1/800/525-6313 or to Western Union's website www.westernunion.com to obtain the most conveniently located Western Union office.
- The PCA should also provide the borrower with their code city ID for payment transmittal.
- > PCA should explain that Western Union assesses a fee and the fee cannot be deducted from the borrower's payments.
- ➤ It is the borrower's responsibility to research any missing Western Union payment.

Western Union Quick Collect payments post on ED's Payment History Screen, R103, as a PY.

#### D. Conditionally Endorsed Payments

PCAs should remind borrowers not to write conditional statements on their payment instruments (i.e. account paid in full) because it may cause the payment to be rejected by NPC.

#### E. Debt Specific Payments

Directed payments are payments received with specific instructions on how to apply the payment.

There may be situations where a borrower wants to pay off a specific debt first. For example, Pell Grant Overpayments cannot be included in Loan Rehabilitations and no debt can be consolidated with a judgment. For these reasons, a borrower may want to pay off a specific debt in order to gain access to other programs.

If a borrower wants to direct a payment, they should indicate this by writing the debt ID number directly on the payment instrument.

Borrowers will occasionally request that their payments be applied in a specific manner, such as "apply only to principal" or "not to be applied to fees or charges." These instructions will be ignored and the payment will be processed as a regular payment as if no special instruction was indicated.

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## 3. <u>CREDIT CARD PROCESSING</u>

#### A. Pav.gov Website

PCAs may process credit card payments for ED borrowers through the Pay.gov government wide payment services program. Contractors may not process credit or debit card payments through any other means. Basic requirements include:

- The Pay.gov site accepts Visa, MasterCard, Discover and American Express credit cards, and debit cards displaying the Visa or MasterCard logos.
- Any contractor that processes credit cards/debit cards for accounts shall abide by all credit card securities and requirements as outlined by ED and contained in the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS).
  - The Contractor is responsible for the security of any cardholder data it maintains or possesses.
- > PCA must process any payments a borrower wishes to make by credit/debit card.
  - o At this time, ED does not allow borrowers to enter payments directly to Pay.gov.
  - If the contractor allows borrowers to enter credit/debit card information for payments to the Contractor's own website, the Contractor must submit their procedures to ED's Atlanta Regional Office for review prior to use.
- ➤ Payments may be entered individually, or the Contractor may participate in the Open Collections Interface (OCI), which allows the contractor to submit requests to receive and process collections electronically "on-line.
  - OCI information is basically transmitted to the PCAs upon request due to the fact that each PCA that wishes to obtain the OCI authority has to be processed via Pay.gov and the processing is performed via scheduled appointments.

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#### Reference:

- SOW, Section 2.7.1 Credit Cards
- Payment Card Industry (PCI) Data Security Standards https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/
- ➤ Pay.gov site https://www.pay.gov/paygov/

#### B. Credit Card Processing Team

ED currently has three staff working on Credit card processes.

Thomas Crowley, 404-562-6054 or email Thomas.Crowley@ed.gov; Phyllis Marks, 404-562-6096 or email Phyllis.Marks@ed.gov; Ezora Sweet-Grundy, 404-562-6080 or email Ezora.Sweet-Grundy@ed.gov.

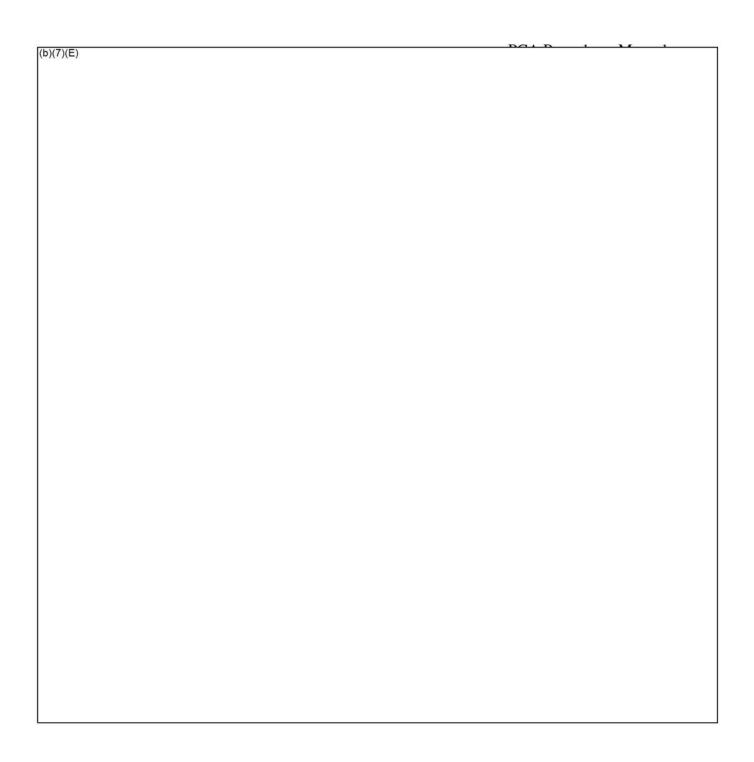
#### C. Registering New Users to Pav.gov

In order to use this system all 'End Users' must be registered via the Pay.gov Information System Security Officer. In accordance with the requirement of registration, the PCA must:

> (b)(7)(E)		

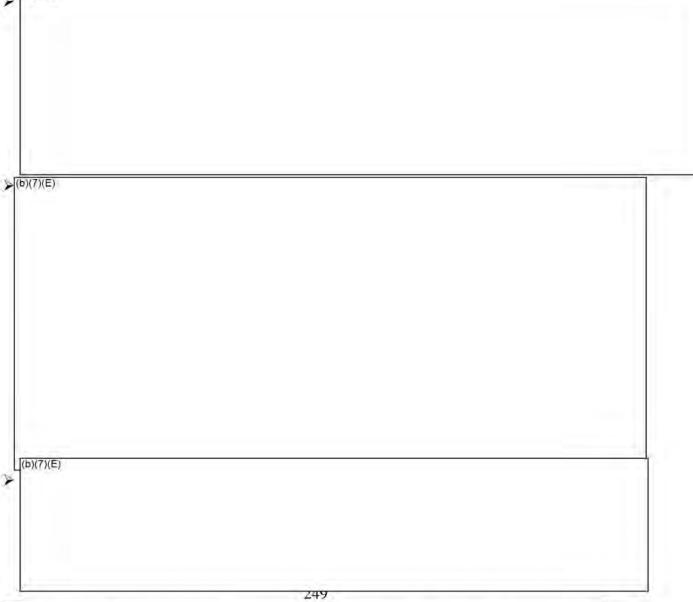
#### D. Password Change or Forgotten Password

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(b)(7)(E)					
E. <u>Credit Car</u>	d Payment Process	sing Instructions	i		
Inputting Credi Pay.gov Inforn	it Card Transaction nation Security only	- This function is	s be performed by	persons registered	via
(b)(7)(E)					

(b)(7)(E)				
ecurring Credit	Card Payments			
	A may agree that recurri identified three accepte			
mageous. ED nas	racinifica unec accepa	options for suc	en recurring payme	ants.
three accepted opt	ions are as follows, and	l may be used sin	gularly or in comb	ination:
(7)(E)				



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Under all options, agencies must use extreme caution when obtaining and securing borrower credit/debit card information. Agencies must ensure they are in compliance with the PCI Data Security Standards.

#### G. Chargebacks (Refunds of credit card payments)

Chargebacks are refunds of part or all of a credit card payment. Chargebacks may be initiated by:

- The Contractor (such as when an error has been made),
- > By the cardholder through his card issuer, or
- By ED if an account is overpaid.

Chargebacks initiated by the borrower:

- Come through their credit card issuer and are sent directly from Cash Link/Fifth Third Bank to ED,
- Generally processed within three days of posting on the Cash Link Voucher Summary Report.
- These refunds are usually generated as a result of borrower dispute of payment with their respective card issuer (bank to bank disputes).

If the Contractor requests the chargeback:

- The Contractor is responsible for providing the information necessary to process the chargeback
- The chargeback request should be directed to the ED credit card processing team.
  - O Chargebacks (refunds) must be in writing on a "Credit Card Charge Back Information Request Form" with a copy of the original processing form and any other Pay gov generated support documentation available

other Pav gov generated support documenta (b)(7)(E)

(b)(7)(E)	
Н. <u>Vo</u>	iding Credit Card Transactions
	Contractor recognizes that they have made an input error, they can request that the ction be cancelled, or voided.
(b)(7)(E)	
	ntractor Responsibilities
1000	ontractor must:
(b)(7)(E)	Ensure all information input on credit card system is correct
>	Inform ED the day of input when borrower is requesting debt level posting of payments.  O Debt level posting requests must be clearly identified to the National Payment Center (NPC) and certain system requirements have to be in place before the payment can be properly posted at the debt level.
>	Record contact information such as the payer's mailing address on the Credit Card Processing Form and the Pay.gov system for all transactions.
	<ul> <li>A telephone number should also be provided on the credit card processing forms for all third party payments.</li> </ul>
>	Abide by all credit card securities and requirements as outlined by ED and contained in the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS

## UNIDENTIFIED PAYMENTS

4.

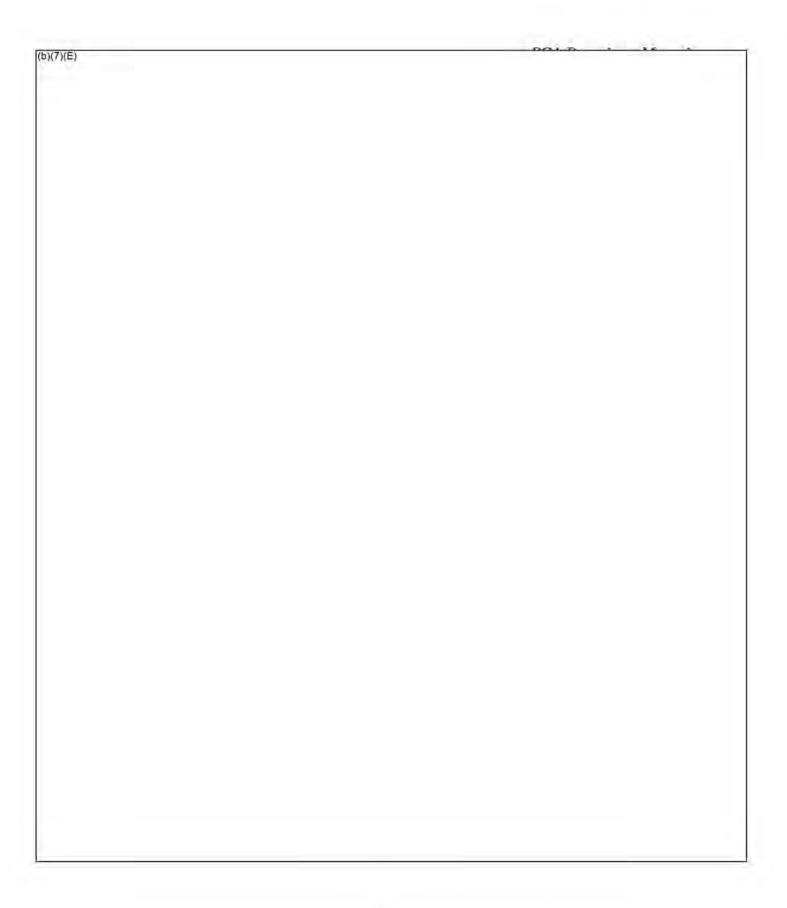
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	uspense Report will be posted monthly USC § 3541,(b)(7)(E)	E)
month	ly suspense file is available for download on tencies that have multiple contracts there is or	
	the PCA is notified by a borrower that a payr  Direct the borrower to send in a copy of the  o If the missing payment is a money of  If the canceled check is unavailable, inform	e front and back of the payment instrument. order, advise the borrower to have it traced.
(b)(7)	emount ate is required. (E)	

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A Andread Fra			
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_	~ -	_	
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b)(7)(€)	
If the PCA notes fees that should be removed from the account, the IMF.	Contractor should submit an
C. Administrative Fees Added By ED	
D. Requesting Removal of Fees (7)(E)	



7)(E)	

SOW, Section 2.7 Repayments

ED staff (table of ED staff members responsible for reports)

# **CHAPTER 15:** INVOICE PROCESSING

**OVERVIEW** 

This section will describe how the PCAs will bill ED for services rendered.

Each month, ED DMCS will produce reports reflect (consolidation, rehabilitation, and regular) as well a	
litigations.	
b)(7)(E)	

- If the youcher is acceptable, the PCA will sign and submit the voucher electronically to ED's Chief Financial Office - Budget Division.
  - o Any discrepancies will be reported to Atlanta and Atlanta will prepare a new voucher as appropriate.

## **Downloading Reports**

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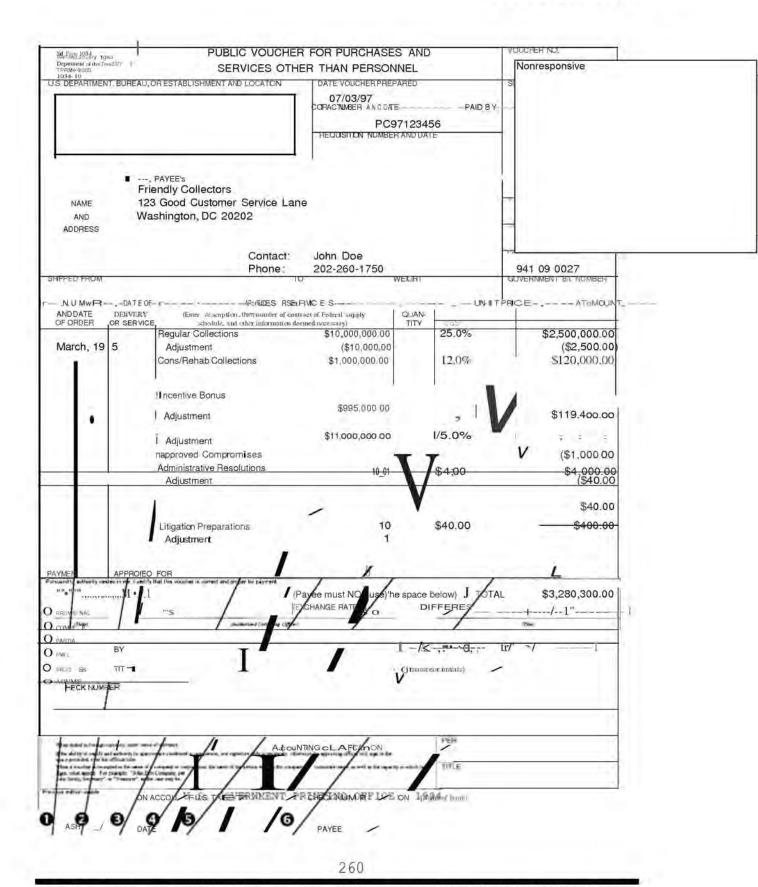
(b)(7)(E)

- 2. On the file of detail data, payments are grouped by type (as on the hard copy reports) and each section begins with a single-line header record (e.g., "regular," "rehabilitation," and "consolidation"). Similarly, the admin and lit sections begin with a single-line header record.
- 3. Agencies with more than one contract will find all of their reports under their most recent contract file name. Section header records within the file will identify the "AG" number associated with the following records.
- 4. Any month's data will only be available for about a month. At the beginning of each month, we will overwrite the files with a new month's data.

## 2. <u>VOUCHER</u>

The invoice voucher (OMB Form # 1034) is the PCA's signed statement billing ED for services rendered. By signing this document, the signer avers that the services for which ED is being billed have been performed in compliance with the contract and with all applicable laws and regulations.

What follows is a facsimile of a voucher, with key items numbered. These items are described in detail below.



1	
3.	DMCS REPORTS
(7)(E)	ENTES ILLY SKIE
A. Collections De	tail Report
generated based or	es every payment posted during the month. Individual detail reports will be n the various commission rates in effect, i.e. separate detail reports will be
7)(E)	lar payments and for consolidation and rehabilitation payments.
	261

A	associated wit	of Receipt: In the transaction	on on the sys	tem R103 sc	reen. No		ate" ystems has thre
	Commission N	Month: The mo	onth in which	the collection		This corre	lates
>	Collection Tyl	pe: This correl	ates to the trai	nsaction type	(b)(7)(E)		
>	Check Number	er: The paymer	nt instrument's	s serial numb	er.		
В. 9	Collections Su	ımmary Repor	1				
Thi	s report gives	the aggregate a	mounts from t	he various d	etail com	nission repo	orts.
C,	Administrativ	ve Resolution I	Detail Report				
Thi reso	s report item	izes every acc	count returne	d as an adı			on, and lists the
Thi	s report item	izes every acc	count returne	d as an adı			
Thi	s report item	izes every acc	count returne	d as an adı			

D. Administrative Resolution Summary Report	
This report summarizes the resolutions, by day and by type, and provides totals for the day and	
(b)(7)(E)	-

- Day: The day of the month identified in the report header on which the resolved accounts were returned.
- Number of Accounts: The number of accounts returned on that day for that type of resolution.
- Current Balance: The total account balance, for the accounts returned on that day for that type of resolution.
- > Fees: The total fees due, for the accounts returned on that day for that type of resolution.
- > Totals by Resolution Type: The total number of accounts, total account balances, and total fees for the month for that type of resolution.
- Grand Totals: Totals all activity for that day. The column totals in the report footer represent the gross activity for the month.

#### E. <u>Litigation Preparation Detail Report</u>

This report itemizes each account for which a litigation preparation package has been submitted.

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	reparation Summary Report  marizes the litigation preparations by day and totals	it for the month.
,		

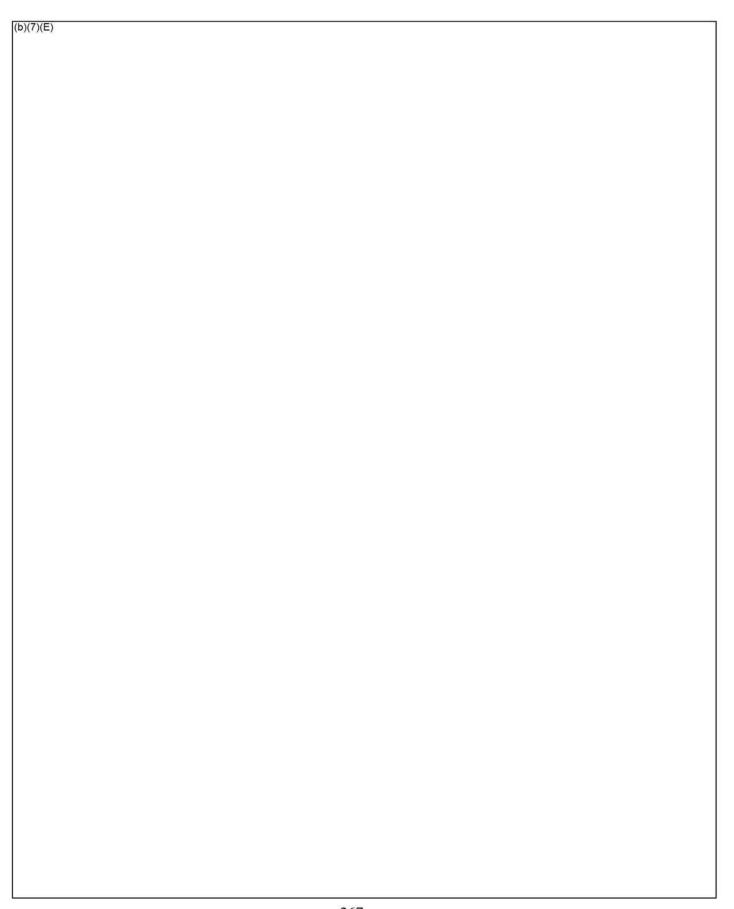
## A. When the Voucher is Received

The voucher will be submitted electronically to the PCA for review after the end of the month, and will be accompanied by an Excel workbook containing any Adjustments Memorandum (if necessary). The ED DMCS commission reports will be available for the PCA to download. Upon receipt, the PCA should:

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>	Carefully review the vouche are correct, and that any adj				
	reflected.		(b)(7)(E)	z approved mare	-
	<ul> <li>Report any discrepa</li> </ul>				
P	Sign and date the voucher		0-86-1 (0.0 2-2)	en de la comp	
A	Submit the voucher electron (b)(7)(E)	ically to ED's Ch	ief Financial Off	ice – Budget Div	ision <mark>at</mark>
ne Pi	rompt Payment Act requires t	- hat the Governme	ent reimburse its	vendors within 30	days of
	ceipt of a valid voucher.				
(E)					
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 Collection Type: Commission adjustments are also identified by collection type that identifies which contract and what rate to associate with the transaction. Current collection types are as follows:

Collection Type	Meaning
CN1	1997 Contract Rate Consolidation
CN2	2004 Contract Rate Consolidation
CND	2000 Contract Rate Direct Consolidation
CNF	2000 Contract Rate FFEL Consolidation
FO1	2004 Contract Rate TOP Alias Pilot
RG1	1997 Contract Rate Regular Collections
RG2	2000 Contract Rate Regular Collections
RG3	2004 Contract Rate Regular Collections
RH1	1997 Contract Rate Rehab
RH2	2000 Contract Rate Rehab
RHD	2004 Contract Rate Direct Rehab
RHF	2004 Contract Rate FFEL Rehab

5.	INVOICE SUBMISS	SION
(b)(7)(E)		ED will also send detailed
documentation su	pporting the amounts on the invoice.	

#### A. Sending Invoices

The PCA shall review the invoice and supporting documents and return the invoice via e-mail in order to be paid for products and/or services rendered under this Task Order. (The PCA should only e-mail the primary invoice, NOT the supporting detail, which is already collected and maintained by the COR.)

The parties agree that the e-mail message returning the invoice to ED will constitute as an electronic signature indicating the Contractor's approval of the invoice.

If the Contract	or does not agree with any part of the invoice. the nta Regional Office. (b)(7)(E)	ne Contractor shall immediately
(b)(7)(E)		

Federal Student Aid's "designated billing office" is:

US Department of Education Union Center Plaza Federal Student Aid Administration 830 First Street, N.E. Suite 54B1 Washington, D.C. 20202-0001 E-mail: InvoiceAdmin@ed.gov

The PCA shall e-mail the invoice to InvoiceAdmin@ed.gov, with "cc" copies to the Contract Specialist, the COR, and Assistant COR.

#### B. Proper Invoices

The PCA is responsible for ensuring that the invoice meets the requirements for a	
"proper" invoice." (b)(7)(E)	
(b)(7)(E) The PCA is responsible for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the	
information	

At a minimum the following items must be addressed in order for the invoice to be considered "proper" for payment:

- (1) Name and address of the Contractor.
- (2) Invoice or voucher number. The Invoice or voucher number must be in the format AG###-YEAR-MO, where:
  - i. "AG###" is the agency number (e.g., AG555) that FSA has assigned to the Contractor for this Task Order.
  - ii. "YEAR" is the four-digit year (e.g., "2010" for the invoice covering services provided in September 2010)
  - iii. "MO" is the one or two-digit code for the month covered by the invoice (e.g., "9" for the invoice covering services provided in September).
- (3) Invoice Date.
- (4) The Task Order number must be included on the invoice and be correct.
- (5) Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price, and extended price of the item delivered must agree with the contract or order.
- (6) Terms of any prompt payment discount offered.
- (7) Name, title, and phone number of persons to be notified in event of defective invoice.
- (8) The period of time covered by the invoice.

	Reference: RFQ, Section B.7	
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	PCA Procedures Manual
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)(7)(E)	PCA Procedures Manual
8.	REQUESTING ADJUSTMENTS
entitle	ive PCAs will occasionally detect posting problems or other instances in which they feel d to a commission that was not paid. Such situations should be promptly reported to the a Regional Office.
	CA must submit an IMF to Atlanta requesting commission for any payment or istrative resolution or litigation fees not listed on the monthly commission report.
	justments involving payments, the IMF must include:
	The borrower's name
	Account number
	Payment effective date
	Payment amount
	Reason the PCA believes they are owed commission for the payment in question
	justments involving administrative or litigation fees, the IMF must include:
	The borrower's name
	Account number
>	Reason PCA believes they are owed an administrative resolution or litigation fee
The Po	CA must attach any supporting documentation.
monito	inual adjustments will be made for items that will appear on next month's reports. The or will respond to the IMF informing the PCA of the decision and the status of the ission adjustment requests.
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# A. Current Contract

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# CHAPTER 16: TRAINING

Training is a crucial part of any business process, especially debt collection. Aside from specific company training endeavors to improve workforce outcomes and retain highly productive staff, the Education Collections Contract has specific requirements and guidance around PCA training.

Reference: SOW 2.2; 5.1; 5.2; 6.2.6

# 1. MANUALS

The PCA is required to develop a comprehensive Collection Training Manual. The manual should outline such items as:

- > Training procedures
  - o Main office, satellite offices, subcontractors
- Any specific time frames
- Training approaches
- > Targeted staff
- > Training topics
  - o Both ED and PCA
- Record maintenance
- > Any special processes related to specific training

Though the above list is not all inclusive, the PCA Manual should provide enough information and detail so that an outside party will have a clear understanding of the PCA's training protocol.

In addition to a Training Manual, PCAs are also required to develop a Standard Operating Procedures Manual and a Quality Control Plan that should support and compliment training initiatives.

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## 2. ED TRAINING

ED will provide training on appropriate ED Procedures to the Contractor's Training Staff. Specific training will be provided at contract start-up to assist PCAs and their staff in gaining a

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clear understanding of specific ED requirements, guidelines and regulations surrounding the Education Collections Contract. Training will focus on key elements such as security, DMCS access, payment programs, complaints, AWG, administrative resolutions, etc.

Though initial training will be comprehensive and encompass all key areas of the contract, ED will continue to provide training opportunities throughout the entire contract period. ED often hosts PCA meetings several times a year during which ED staff often provide update, refresher or new topical training.

## 3. <u>PCA TRAINING</u>

#### A. ED Information

The PCA is required to train all ED contractor employees and conduct regular training sessions for its employees and any subcontractor employees to ensure adherence to applicable laws, regulations and ED policies. Any ED training or key information shared during meetings, conferences, etc. must be shared with all appropriate PCA staff. The PCA shall conduct additional training to inform its employees and any subcontractor employees of all changes in operational procedures, laws or regulations as they are modified or updated. (b)(7)(E)

## **B. Industry Training**

The PCA must also provide State and locality debt collection-related training to the employees, including the successful completion by Contractor and subcontractor employees of any Statemandated exams.

#### C. Privacy Act Training

Each employee and subcontractor employee assigned to THIS 2009 Task Order must receive training relevant to the Privacy Act of 1974, and shall certify, in writing, that they have received this training before they begin any collection activity on ED accounts. Please note: ALL employees must receive training and provide signed certifications regardless of whether or not they have provided certifications on past Education contracts. A sample certification form can be found in Section 6 of this Chapter.

	(b)(7)(E)
Signed certifications must be forwarded to the Atlanta Regional Office within after completion of training.	

Attention: Privacy Act Certification Team
(b)(7)(E)
274

(b)(7)(E)	

Each employee must re-take the Privacy Act Training on an annual basis to be completed each year by July 15. All Privacy Act training must be documented and recorded in the Security Awareness and Privacy Act Training Report (Chapter 17).

#### D. Security Awareness Training

Each employee and subcontractor employee assigned to ask Order must receive training relevant to Security Awareness, and shall certify, in writing, that they have received this training before they begin any collection activity on ED accounts. Please note: ALL employees must receive training and provide signed certifications regardless of whether or not they have provided certifications on past Education contracts. A sample certification form can be found in Section 6 of this Chapter.

Signed certifications must be forwarded to the Atlanta Regional Office within five (5) calendar days after completion of training.

Security training shall incorporate physical, data, personnel, document and equipment security, along with specific information regarding proper incident response and handling procedures. PCAs shall follow the Department's training policy, IT Security Awareness and Training Guide, and modify training in accordance with any updates, policies, or initiatives as directed by ED. Security Awareness training must also **provide and document incident response and handling procedures.** 

All new hires will complete security training within (b)(7)(E) of ED contract employment. All employees must receive annual refresher security training by July 15 of the following year (or any other date as specified by ED) for as long as the employees are on the ED contract. All security awareness training must be documented and recorded in the Security Awareness and Privacy Act Training Report (Chapter 17).

## 4. TRAINING DOCUMENTATION

The PCA shall measure the effectiveness of the training by administering post-training tests. The COR/Assistant COR may review the results to ascertain the need for additional training/testing.

A certification form for ALL training provided in support of this task order must be signed by each PCA and subcontractor employee and maintained on file by the PCA.

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Along with certifications, the PCA must record (electronic spreadsheets, tracking forms, etc.) all training provided to PCA employees or subcontractors by individual names, training topics, and dates of training. The PCA shall make certifications and all training records available for ED review at the request of the CO, COR, assistant COR or ED Monitors.

Specific training information (updates, dates of training, training topics) is mandated within certain monthly PCA reports, including the PCAs' Management and Fiscal Report and the Security Awareness Training Report. (See Chapter 17 for more information)

#### 5. <u>TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE/TRAINING VISITS</u>

The PCA may request site visits for technical assistance and/or training. The PCA will be responsible for travel costs incurred for requested technical assistance and/or training site visits. Proposed costs must be consistent with the most current Government per diem rates for lodging and meals.

On-site technical assistance visits are very rare due to workload and time constraints.

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(b)(7)(E) In addition, PCA staff may travel to ED Office locations for one-on-one or small group training initiated by the PCA or ED.

#### TRAINING CERTIFICATION FORMS

#### A. Privacy Act

6.



# Certification of Privacy Act Training U.S. Department of Education – 2009 Collections Contract

I **certify** that I have completed training relevant to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 522a) and its application to collection activity.

I **understand** the conditions of authorized disclosure as described in subsection 3(b)3 of the Privacy Act and have **read and understand** the pertinent parts of the Act and the OMB Privacy Act Guidelines, including subsection 3(a), Definitions; 3(b), Conditions of Disclosure; and 3(i), Criminal penalties.

I have also **read and understand** the pertinent parts of ED's Privacy Act Regulation, including Section 5b.1, Definitions; 5b.9, Disclosure of Records; and Appendix A, Employee Standards of Conduct.

I understand that I cannot begin any collection activity on ED accounts until I have completed the training and must complete annual Security Awareness training by July 15 of each subsequent year.

I will consult with a supervisor or, when appropriate, an ED Monitor, if in doubt on a specific disclosure question. If others ask me to make an unauthorized disclosure, I will decline and report the incident to my Supervisor or Project Manager immediately.

Employee (TYPE name)	Social Security Number (TYPE)
Signature of Employee	Date Training Completed
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Supervisor's Name (TYPE name)	Date Certification sent to ED			
Signature of Supervisor	Agency Name/Agency #			
Date Received by Education:				

#### **B. Security Awareness**



# **Certification of Security Awareness Training** U.S. Department of Education – 2009 Collections Contract

I **certify** that I have completed Security Awareness training as required by the U.S. Department of Education (ED's Information Assurance Security Policy, OCIO-01; SOW 2.2, 6.2.6)

I **certify** that the Security Awareness training discussed and incorporated security protocols related to physical, system, personnel, equipment and data (electronic and hardcopy) elements. The training also specifically addressed incident response and handling procedures.

I have been **informed and understand** security violations must be reported to the Department of Education within 1 hour of identification.

I understand that I am required to take Security Awareness training within 10 business days of ED contract employment and cannot begin any collection activity on ED accounts until I have completed the training.

I also understand that I must complete annual Security Awareness training by July 15 of each subsequent year.

I will consult with a supervisor or, when appropriate, an ED Monitor, if in doubt on a specific security issue. If others ask me to violate security protocols, I will decline and report the incident to my Supervisor or Project Manager immediately.

Employee (TYPE name)	Social Security Number (TYPE)
Signature of Employee	Date Training Completed
Supervisor's Name (TYPE name)	Date Certification sent to ED
Signature of Supervisor	Agency Name/Agency #
Date Received by Education:	
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# CHAPTER 17: PCA MONTHLY REPORTS

PCAs are required to provide periodic reports outlining a variety of information necessary in portfolio maintenance, oversight and compliance, and internal reporting.

#### GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Current reports include:

- Quality Control Report;
- Management and Fiscal Reports;
- Project Staff Report
- > Correspondence Report

(b)(7)(E)

1.

Security Awareness Training Report

The PCA shall prepare and furnish one "electronic" copy of the required reports to the COR, Assistant COR and appropriate ED Monitor in the Atlanta Regional Office. All reports are due by the fifteenth (15th) day of the following month (by next business day if the 15<sup>th</sup> falls on a weekend/holiday).

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Reports are based in Excel and must contain all required data in the exact order and format requested by ED.

**Please Note:** ED reserves the right to modify or adjust all required reports, add additional reports and/or alter time frames as necessary. PCAs shall provide adhoc reports as requested by ED.



# 2. QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

Each PCA will have established Quality Control measures to review contractual requirements. For each electronic Quality Control Report, the PCA shall incorporate Quality Control categories

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that include the size of the sample, the numbers and types of problems found, and all corrective actions taken.

Quality Control Categories must include:

- > Monitoring of collector/customer service calls
- Correspondence for proper handling/response
- Administrative Wage Garnishment (AWG)
- Account balances on PCA's computer system vs. ED-System
- Administrative Resolutions (both submissions to ED for review and approval and electronic file transfer data to the ED computer Contractor)
- ➤ Loan Consolidation Verification Certifications (LVC)
- All Electronic File Transfer information prior to mailing/transmission (Account Updates (name, address, phone numbers, employment), Letter History Updates, Billing, Account Return, etc.)
- > Training: Date of Training, Topic, Attendees, and Results of Test Given. This data should be available during agency reviews. Specific training includes:
  - Privacy Act (including Privacy Act Statement completed and mailed to ED)
  - o FDCPA (including fact that employees took test and passed)
- ED Policies, Procedures and new initiatives (including fact that employees took test and passed.)

# 3. MANAGEMENT AND FISCAL REPORT

The Management and Fiscal report is designed to monitor Task Order performance. This report must be considered a part of the PCA's measuring system for its quality control plan.

At a minimum, this report must contain the following items:

- Information on dollars collected (current month and year-to-date).
- Number of "accelerated" rehabs processed each month, along with a break down of the number of days between the first and last payments for accounts in specific numerical groupings as defined by ED.
- Monthly rehabilitation queue totals (number of accounts and P&I total of accounts where the borrower has completed at least the first 5 payments towards rehabilitation to include an overall total, as well as, Direct and non-Direct totals)
- ➤ Information (including corrective actions) on any problems incurred by the PCA during the month and a status update on any outstanding problems from previous months.
- > The number of complaints received each month;

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- For each complaint, the PCA must provide: a brief summary of the complaint issues, whether the complaint was determined to be valid or invalid, the date received and the name of the collector involved.
- Discuss the work performed over the month just completed
  - Including manpower requirements, administrative resolution, litigation, collections, AWG, etc. and report on projected activity for upcoming month(s).
- A schedule of all update training conducted during the month and a brief synopsis of the subject matter covered in each training session.
- Pertinent information that needs to be brought to the attention of the Contracting Officer
  - Example late EFTs, information regarding outstanding issues awaiting an ED response, etc.

#### 4. PROJECT STAFF ROSTER REPORT

An electronic project staff roster must detail:

- All individuals employed,
- ➤ ED contract hire date
- Security level status requested
- > E-Quip (security clearance website) release date
- > Individuals no longer employed, including separation date.
- ➤ Employee SSNs when requested by ED (ED may require SSNs to be submitted in a separate format and at different intervals)

## 5. CORRESPONDENCE REPORT

An electronic Correspondence Report must contain the following:

- A list of all correspondence received for a given month broken down by:
  - o The borrower's account number,
  - Type of correspondence by code (financial statement, general inquiries, powers of attorney, returned disability applications, etc.), and
  - An optional comments section.
- Current correspondence categories and codes to be utilized include:
  - 1. AWG All correspondence pertaining to the AWG process (hearings, pay stubs for VPY, fin statements, etc.)

- 2. AR Admin resolution documentation (BNK/DIS/INCAR/DEA applications, letters, certificates, etc.)
- 3. CPL Complaints
- 4. ER Employer verification documentation
- 5. CD Cease and desist/do not contact
- 6. MP Misdirected payments
- 7. DV Dispute/Verification (validity request/pnote request/payment history/incorrect balance/wrong party); also include cancellations - closed school, ATB, false certifications, etc.
- 8. DP Disclosure permission (POA, auth to speak to third parties/attorney, etc.)
- 9. PC Program Correspondence (all docs associated with rehab/consolidation process agreement letters/LVCs/financial documents, etc.)
- AC All Attorney correspondence
- 11. RPY All correspondence related to non-program/AWG repayments financial docs, W-2s, compromises, repay requests, etc.
- TOP TOP related inquires/issues
- 13. TPR Third party requests, inquires from outside agencies
- 14. BL Borrower letters (NOT listed in other categories requests for info, questions, Title IV letters, SIF, BIF, refusal to pay, etc.)
- 15. MIS Miscellaneous (any correspondence not falling in categories listed above)

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## 7. SECURITY AWARENESS AND PRIVACY ACT TRAINING REPORT

An electronic Security Awareness and Privacy Act Training Report must contain the following:

Employee name

- > Email address,
- Company name
- Job title
- > Training course identification
- > Date of last security awareness and privacy act training

# CHAPTER 18: INFORMATION SECURITY

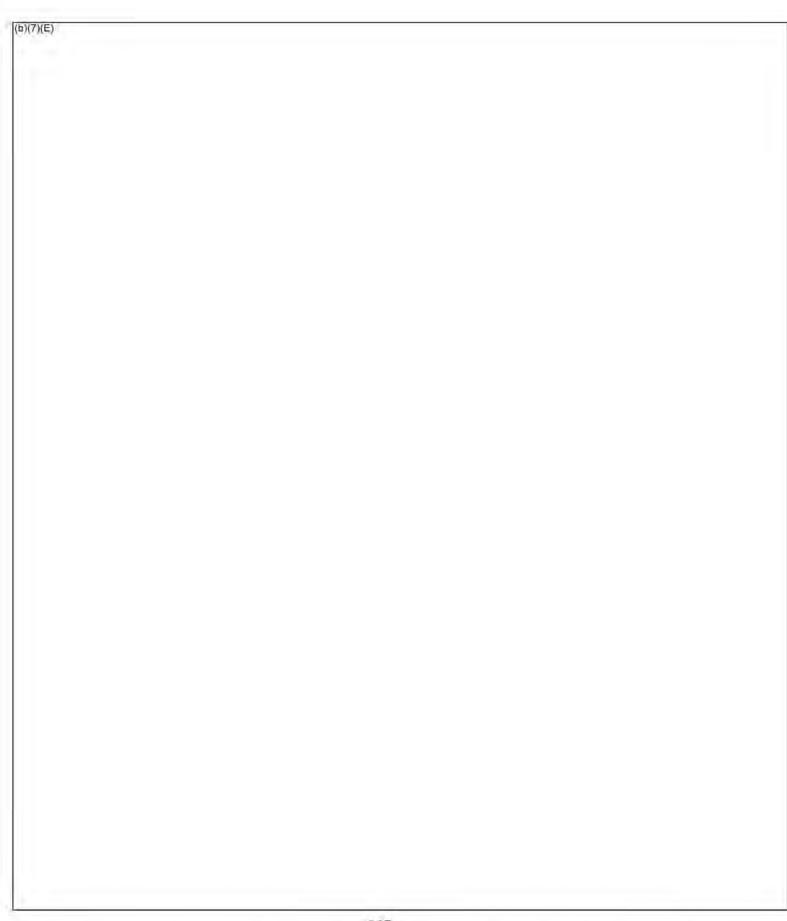
The purpose of this Chapter is to provide an overview of the Department's security procedures. These procedures basically cover the information security controls and policies that we are required to comply with, as we must ensure adequate protection of our Information Technology resources. Also, these procedures serve as a way to ensure that all PCAs know their security responsibilities and know what actions they may have to take to meet the Department's security requirements.

Additionally, PCAs must meet and maintain all FISMA requirements in order to maintain certification and accreditation (C & A) to access and work with ED systems. Please see Chapter 19 and the SOW 6.2 for more information.

Section 3 also lists additional documents (as listed in the SOW) that provide the detail, structure and support necessary to ensure that PCAs adhere to proper security protocols.

### 1. <u>BASIC SECURITY REQUIREMENTS</u>

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	Reference: SOW 6.2.4 Physical Security
	Reference. 50 w 0.2.4 Physical Security
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#### Reference:

- SOW 6.2.8.1 Identification and Authentication
- SOW 6.2.8.2 Access Control
- SOW 6.2.8.3 Auditing
- ➤ SOW 6.2.8.4 Flaw Remediation
- SOW 4.4; 6.2.8.5 Closeout/Disposal

### 3. REFERENCES

ED computer systems must adhere to the Federal security requirements detailed in the publications listed below. The following laws, regulations or policies establish minimum requirements for system security:

#### A. Federal Laws and Regulations

- FIPS 46-3 DES
- > FIPS 46-3 Triple DES
- ➤ FIPS 140-2 Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules
- > FIPS 185 Escrowed Encryption Standard
- FIPS 186-2, Digital Signature Standard (DSS)
- FIPS 197 AES
- FIPS 199 Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems
- Electronic Communications Privacy Act of 1986, Public Law 99-08, 100 Stat. 1848
- ➤ E-Government Act of 2002
- Freedom of Information Act, 5 United States Code 552, Public Law 93-502
- Privacy Act of 1974, 5 United States Code 552a, Public Law 99-08
- Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA)
- OMB Circulars A-130 Appendix III
- ➤ HSPD #7 Critical Infrastructure Protection

#### B. NIST Special Publications

➤ NIST 800-12 (An Introduction to Computer Security: The NIST Handbook)

- NIST 800-14 (Generally Accepted Principles and Practices for Securing Information Technology Systems)
- ➤ NIST 800-16 (Information Technology Security Training Requirements: A Role and Performance-Based Model)
- NIST 800-18 (Guide for Developing Security Plans for Information Technology Systems)
- ➤ NIST SP 800-21 (Guideline for Implementing Cryptography in the Federal Government)
- ➤ NIST 800-26 (Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems)
- NIST 800-30 (Risk Management Guide)
- ➤ NIST 800-34 (Contingency Planning)
- ➤ NIST 800-37 (Guidelines for the Security Certification and Accreditation of Federal Information Technology Systems)
- NIST 800-47 (Security Guide for Interconnecting Information Technology Systems)
- ➤ NIST 800-53 and 800-53A (Recommended Security Controls for Federal Systems)
- ➤ NIST 800-60 (Guide for Mapping Information Systems)
- ➤ NIST 800-61 (Computer Security Incident Handling Guide)

#### C. Departmental of Education Policies and Procedures

- ➤ U.S. Department of Education Information Technology Security Policy
- ➤ U.S. Department of Education Information Assurance Security Policy
- U.S. Department of Education, Information Technology Security Manual, Handbook Number 6
- Federal Student Aid Immediate Action Memorandum: Sensitive Data Protection on Portable Devices
- U.S. Department of Education, Personnel Security-Suitability Program, Handbook Number 11
- U.S. Department of Education, Incident Handling Guide
- > U.S. Department of Education Risk Assessment Procedures
- U.S. Department of Education IT Security Configuration Management Procedures Handbook
- ➤ U.S. Department of Education Contingency Planning Procedures
- Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS)

Reference: SOW 6.2.1 Rules and Regulations

# CHAPTER 19: PRIVATE COLLECTION AGENCY COMPLIANCE (INSPECTIONS)

The Department of Education has the ultimate responsibility to ensure that the Department of Education's private collection agencies (PCAs) adhere to and follow all applicable laws, contractual requirements, and ED policies and procedures as provided within the collection contract, ED policy manuals/notices, regulations and training materials. Due to the large number of borrowers, the immense dollar value of the ED default portfolio, the sizable agency payments, and the great importance to sustain existing federal student loan programs, PCA oversight and compliance is a crucial necessity needed to maintain Congressional and taxpayer confidences.

With many different agencies (both small and large), diverse work functions, and multiple ED offices, proper oversight is achieved through a myriad of approaches. Through normal day-to-day interaction, various ED offices become aware of PCA issues that may be handled directly with the office in question, or may get routed to the PCA compliance office and/or COR's office for resolution. Some of the most obvious compliance opportunities include, but are not limited to: agency reviews, remote call monitoring, and independent audits.

## I. <u>AGENCY REVIEWS</u>

ED will periodically conduct agency reviews to monitor, assess and correct (if necessary) agency compliance with regards to contractual, regulatory and procedural requirements.

Some common agency review elements include:

- > Type
  - o off-site or on-site
- Notification
  - Announced or unannounced
- Location
  - Main office, satellite office, subcontractor
- Review items
  - Most reviews incorporate several topical areas
  - Some areas are follow-up items from previous reviews
- Review reports/formats
- Corrective actions/responses

findings or deficie )(7)(E)				
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	FISMA CEDTIFICATIONS

### A. Authority to Operate

All PCAs must have an Authority to Operate (ATO) from the FSA CIO Office by 9/30/09 to work on the 2009 ED Collections contract. In order to receive this designation, PCAs must have:

- ➤ Completed a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA)
- System Security Plan Approval

	0	Completed a Security Authorization Boundary Document	
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		Developed a System Security Plan (SSP)	
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> 5	ecuri	rity Assessment Plan Approval [(b)(3):44 USC § 3541,(b)(7)(E)	
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> S	Securi	rity Authorization Package Approval	
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### B. Certified and Accredited

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<u>Reference</u>: SOW 6.2.1; NIST Pub 800-47 (interconnection agreements); NIST 800-53A (Security Controls for Federal Systems); Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA); FSA CIO FISMA

### 4. <u>CHECKS & BALANCES</u>

All agencies should be aware that all processing, communication and interactions with the PCAs are subject to review and analysis. All work products, reports and documentation/data provided by or based upon PCA work may be scrutinized by ED for compliance purposes within all ED offices. Review items, follow-up reviews and/or ad hoc reviews are never stagnant and will constantly shift depending upon potential concerns, risk assessments and/or compliance schedules.

Above all, agencies should be conducting their own monitoring and quality control reviews to improve and prevent problems from arising. As always, any concerns discovered by an agency should be noted in the appropriate monthly reports and promptly provided to the appropriate ED official. For monthly report information, please see Chapter 17.

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# CHAPTER 20: CONTACT & RESOURCE INFORMATION

The following information is provided to assist agencies in identifying where or to whom to direct questions pertaining to a variety issues under the ED collection contract.

\*Please note: if unsure whom to speak with or where to go for help, PCAs are encouraged to contact their main Point-of-Contact in the Atlanta Regional Office for assistance.

1.

## **PCA WEBSITE**



The PCA website is the primary resource for information related to ED's of The website contains a myriad of pertinent data including:

- Current & Past Performance Statistics
- Contract Administrator Notices (policy guidance)
- On Line IMFs to Vangent
- Manuals, training materials, worksheets/forms
- > Statement of Work and RFQ

Website Address: http://www.fsacollections.ed.gov/contractors

#### 2.

## REGIONAL OFFICES

Atlanta Regional Office (Region 4)
U.S. Department of Education
Federal Student Aid
61 Forsyth Street, SW, Room 19T89
Atlanta, GA 30303
Phone – 404-562-6012
Fax – 404-562-6059

#### Functions include:

- Main Contact for PCAs
- ➤ Technical Assistance
- Voucher Preparation
- > PCA Letters & Forms approval
- On Site & Off Site Reviews
- Administrative Resolutions approval
- Borrower Account maintenance (IMFs)

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#### Administrative Wage Garnishment validation and compliance

Chicago Regional Office (Region 5)

U.S. Department of Education

Federal Student Aid

500 W. Madison Street, Suite 1520

Chicago, Ill 60661

Phone - 312-730-1477

Fax - 312-730-1457



### Functions include:

- Treasury Offset Program Hearings
- ➤ Administrative Wage Garnishment Hearings
- Escalated Issues

San Francisco Regional Office (Region 9)

U.S. Department of Education

Federal Student Aid

50 Beale Street, Room 8601

San Francisco, CA 94105

Phone - 415-486-5633

Fax - 415-486-5669

#### Functions include:

- Litigation review
- U.S. Attorneys Liaison
- Closed School Requests
- ➤ Ability to Benefit Requests
- Unauthorized Signature Requests
- Oversee ECMC Bankruptcy issues

#### 3.

### WASHINGTON D.C.

U.S. Department of Education Federal Student Aid 830 First Street, NE Washington, DC 20202

Contracting Officer for Unrestricted Pool – John Ramsey (john.ramsey@ed.gov)

Contracting Officer for Small Business Pool – Christina Douglas (christina.douglas@ed.gov)Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) – David Bush (david.bush@ed.gov)

and Lawannah Howell (<u>Lawannah.Howell@ed.gov</u>)
Security Officer – Greg Plenty (<u>Gregory.Plenty@ed.gov</u>)

### 4. CUSTOMER SERVICE HELP DESKS

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Custom	er Call Center for Borrowers (Vangent): 1-800-621-3115  Handle in-house accounts	T
	Assist with dispute resolution	
The cust	omer call center number is for borrower use only and must not be	e
5.	PAYMENT AND CORRESPONDENCE ADD	H

Regular Borrower Payments:

National Payment Center U.S. Department of Education P.O. Box 105028 Atlanta, GA 30348-5028

Address for borrowers to send payments by Overnight Services:

Bank of America C/O Dept, of ED-105028 1075 Loop Road Atlanta, GA 30337

Wage Garnishment Payments - Garnishment Payments from Employers:

National Payment Center U.S. Department of Education P.O. Box 105081 Atlanta, GA 30348-5081

Documents for Panagon System that Require Response from Vangent:

CSB – Panagon System U.S. Department of Education 6201 Interstate 30 Highway Greenville, TX 75402

\*\*\*Should Not Contain Payments

Documents that ONLY need to be imaged into the borrower's file

CSB – SSU U.S. Department of Education 6201 Interstate 30 Highway Greenville, TX 75402

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SSU sheet must also be included

\*\*PCAs should designate limited number of staff, (key personnel, managers) to communicate with Department of Education staff.

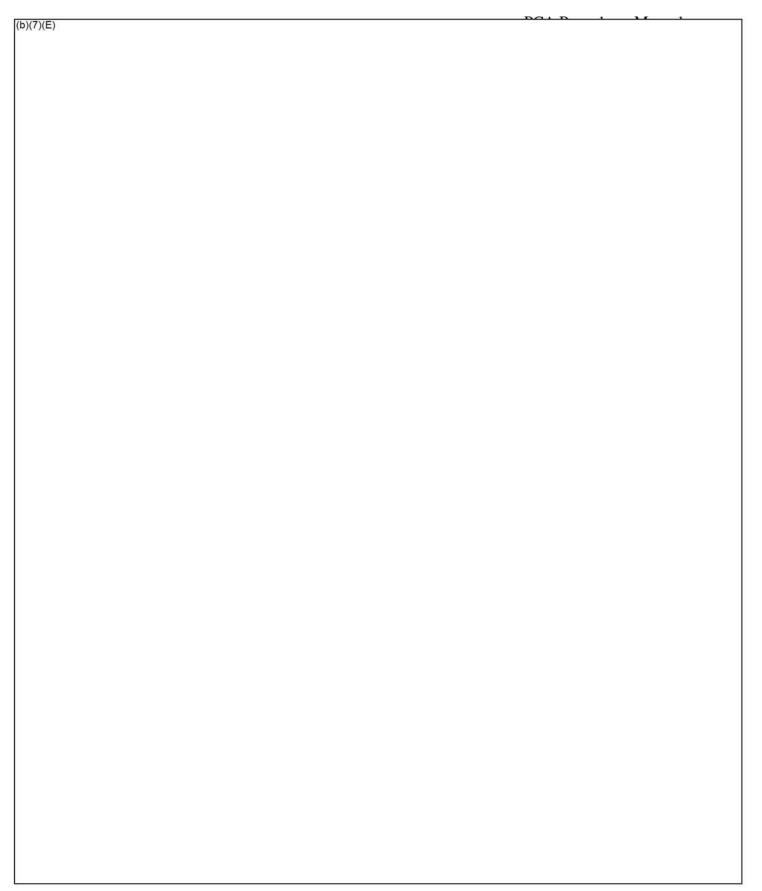
# CHAPTER 21: AD HOC FILES FOR PCAS

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	In an effort to streamline the handling of AWG hardship and VPY accounts, we are
	implementing a new system to monitor these accounts. Please implement the following
	procedural changes immediately:
	1) Hardships will require review and renewal every six months unless there is
	documented evidence that the borrower's hardship will last longer than six months. For
	example, if the borrower provides evidence that a child support order that is creating
	hardship will remain in force for 12 months, the hardship status will expire at the time the
	support order expires (12 months). However, in no instance will an account be allowed
	to remain in a hardship status for more than 2 years without review and renewal. The FD
	hearings official (not the PCA) will indicate the hardship expiration date as follows on
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	agreements will require review and renewal every 12 count is projected to be paid in full less than 12 months from the
scheduled review da	te. (b)(7)(E)
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3) At the point a har	dship or (b)(7) eview is needed, the new system will automatically
7)(E)	to the borrower, unless either of the following is true:
n either instance wh	nere a (b) is not sent, the account will be written to a TSO worklist
see #5 below) so the	e PCA can take appropriate action.
If/when the borro	wer responds to the (E) by providing current financial information,
	ew the financial information and take appropriate action. If the PCA
letermines that the c	current hardship or (E) status is still valid, the PCA must annotate
he (b)(7) as follows:	
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A Principal	
	ssuance, the PCA has not confirmed that the status is valid
and has not changed	d une starts), the account will be written to a TSO worklist so the
OA toles	priate action.
PCA can take appropriate	

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## **COMMENTS**

Any comments, corrections, suggestions should be sent to:

Lawannah Howell lawannah.howell@ed.gov 404-562-6004

U.S. Department of Education 61 Forsyth St., SW Room 19T89 Atlanta, GA 30303

